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VOL. CVIII. NEW SERIES—NO. 14,167. LOUISVILLE, TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 15, 1907.—10 PAGES. PRICE {THREE CENTS. ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.

The Weather.

Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday: Kentucky—Fair and slightly warmer Tuesday and Wednesday.

Indiana—Fair in south portions; in north portion Tuesday, warmer; Wednesday partly cloudy, fresh southwest winds.

Tennessee—Fair and slightly warmer Tuesday and Wednesday.

THE LATEST.

Testifying at the Federal hearing in New York yesterday, Hampton G. Westcott, vice president of the Standard Oil Company of Kentucky, said that each month the main office of the company at Covington sent him a statement of business done by the Standard's competitors. These statements gave the name of the consignor, consignee, the amount of oil and the car numbers. Mr. Westcott said these statements were turned over to a statistical department in the Standard's office in New York.

Judge Ball, of the Superior Court in Chicago, yesterday issued an injunction, upon an application of Stuyvesant Fish, restraining the Union Pacific Railroad Company, the Railroad Securities Company and the Mutual Life Insurance Company, of New York, from voting at least 286,731 shares of stock at the meeting of the stockholders of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, to be held in Chicago Wednesday.

The striking telegraph operators in New York City at a meeting yesterday adopted resolutions calling on President Small to resign. Small has not indicated what action he will take regarding his suspension from office by three members of the Executive Committee of the Telegraphers' Union. The telegraph companies declare the strike is "past history."

There is assembling in the North sea and the English channel for maneuvers, under the command of Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, a fleet of British warships representing an aggregation of naval power surpassing all the immediate available resources of any two other countries of Europe.

Signs of bears are more numerous around President Roosevelt's new camp at Bear lake, and the members of the party are hopeful of better fortune than heretofore has attended the hunt. The President's outing will come to an end next Sunday.

The Hon. Charles Carroll, in an address at Carrollton yesterday, replied to a recent speech of ex-Gov. Bradley in Greensburg, in which Mr. Bradley discussed alleged printing graft during the administration of Gov. Beckham.

John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, yesterday underwent an operation for appendicitis at LaSalle, Ill. Last night he was resting easily, though his condition was considered serious.

Three persons were instantly killed and two others perhaps fatally injured when an automobile was struck by an express train on the Philadelphia and Reading railroad at Pottstown, Pa., yesterday.

Fifteen or more persons were injured, several of them seriously, when a Metropolitan elevated train crashed into the rear of a South Side elevated train at State and Van Buren streets, Chicago.

The will of Nelson Morris was offered for probate yesterday in Chicago. The estate is estimated not to exceed $20,000,000, and of this amount more than $18,000,000 is in personal property.

The condition of Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria was improved last night. His physicians believe the danger has passed, unless there should be unlooked-for complications.

Frank Pierce, a prominent Salt Lake lawyer, has accepted the position of First Assistant Secretary of the Interior, made vacant by the retirement of Thomas Ryan.

The laboring men of Turin voted yesterday that the general strike should terminate to-day. The manufacturers have retaliated for the strike by declaring a lockout.

William Marconi expects to open his wireless station at North Glace Bay, N. S., next Thursday for the transmission of press dispatches between America and Europe.

King Charles signed a decree yesterday postponing the municipal elections throughout Portugal until after the application of the new reform administrative code.

A Spokane special to a Portland, Ore., newspaper says Jack Simpkins was seen and recognized on the streets of Spokane last week.

The old Board of Governors of the Jamestown Exposition will from this time on act in an advisory capacity to the Director General.

The battleship Mississippi, built at Cramps shipyard, left yesterday for the official trial off the Delaware capes.

Twenty-five persons were more or less seriously injured at Erie, Pa., last night in a trolley car collision.

Nelson A. Randall, editor of the Western Horseman, died yesterday in Indianapolis.

FISH SECURES AN INJUNCTION

To Restrain Voting of 286,731 Shares of Stock.

Charges "Unlawful Scheme To Control Commerce."

Claims Union Pacific Has Violated Charter.

TRYING TO CONTROL THE I. C.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Stuyvesant Fish, through his attorneys, H. W. Lelan and Frank H. Culver, of Chicago, and Edgar H. Farrar, of New Orleans, to-day secured a temporary injunction which will be made permanent, to restrain the voting, at the Illinois Central meeting on Wednesday of 286,731 shares of stock of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, which would otherwise be voted in the interests of E. H. Harriman.

The writ is directed against the Union Pacific Railroad Company, the Railroad Securities Company, of New Jersey, and the Mutual Life Insurance Company, of New York, which, combined, hold the above shares of stock.

Mr. Fish, accompanied by his attorneys, entered the court room of Judge Bell, of the Superior Court, at 2 o'clock, but it was not until two hours after that time that they were able to secure the attention of the court and ask for the issuance of the injunction.

* * *

The Petitioners.

The petition was filed by ex-Senator George F. Edmunds, of Vermont; John Kasson, of Iowa; Stuyevsant Fish, of New York, and William Emrich, of Chicago, as stockholders of the Illinois Central railroad against that corporation, its directors and stockholders, the Union Pacific Railroad Company, the Railroad Securities Company, the Mutual Life Insurance Company and a large number of individuals in whose names, it is claimed, the Union Pacific Railroad Company has placed all the stock which it holds in the Illinois Central and in whose names the Railroad Securities Company has placed 15,000 shares of its stock in the Illinois Central.

In addition to the temporary injunction sought, a final decree was asked declaring that the Union Pacific Railroad Company and the Railroad Securities Company have no power, under the laws of Illinois, to own stock in the Illinois Central. It was also asked that these companies be directed to sell their stock in the Illinois Central within a reasonable time.

* * *

"An Unlawful Scheme."

The petition charges an unlawful scheme of the Union Pacific Railroad Company to control the commerce of the United States by buying large blocks of stock in the principal transportation companies. It also sets forth the facts stated in a recent report of the Interstate Commerce Commission in regard to the transactions of the Union Pacific Railroad Company and E. H. Harriman.

It sets forth the names of corporations whose stock, it is claimed, the Union Pacific has bought, among them the Chicago and Alton, Illinois Central, Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul and the Chicago and Northwestern. It charges that these four companies own and operate parallel and competing lines, both in and outside of the State of Illinois, and that it is unlawful for the Union Pacific Company to own and vote stock in such parallel and competing lines.

It is also charged that the acquisition of the stock of the Illinois Central by the Union Pacific, which took place in July, 1906, was concealed from the public and the stockholders of the Illinois Central, and was first brought to light by the investigations of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

* * *

Stock In Clerks' Names.

It is alleged in this connection that up to this day not one share of the Illinois Central stock has been registered in the name of the Union Pacific, but still stands in the names of the clerks and brokers of Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

It is further charged that in the effort to get as large a percentage of the stock of the Illinois Central as possible, the Union Pacific violated its charter in buying the stock of the Railroad Securities Company of New Jersey, which held as its only asset 95,000 shares of the Illinois Central stock.

The charge is made that 15,000 shares of Illinois Central stock belonging to the Railroad Securities Company was transferred a few days before the Illinois Central books closed by a sham transaction to E. H. Harriman and eighteen officials of the Union Pacific and Illinois Central, who are under the control of Mr. Harriman.

* * *

A Directors' Combine.

The bill declares that Directors Peabody, Auchincloss and Vanderbilt, of the Illinois Central, are trustees of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York and have combined with E. H. Harriman and the Union Pacific Railroad Company to aid the Union Pacific in getting control of the Illinois Central and to that end it is declared they proposed to vote the 5,500 shares of stock owned by the insurance company at the coming election. It is claimed that the insurance company, under the laws of Illinois, cannot vote stock in the Illinois Central.

The bill declares that Directors Harriman, Peabody and Goelet, of the Illinois Central, are also directors of the Union Pacific, and alleges that E. H. Harriman dominates all the Union Pacific and all of the Illinois Central directors, except Messrs. Fish, Cutting and Beach.

It is claimed that Harriman deposed Fish as president of the Illinois Central because he defeated last year the election of one De Forest, a Union Pacific man, as director of the Illinois Central, and because he refused to let the Illinois Central be controlled in the interests of the Union Pacific.

* * *

To Perpetuate Control.

It is set forth in the petition that the object and purpose of the Union Pacific is to perfect and perpetuate its control of the directory of the Illinois Central, in which by law all the corporate powers of the Illinois Central are vested, so as to have the Illinois Central operated to its irreparable injury and damage as a mere feeder to the Union Pacific through its connections at Council Bluffs, Iowa, and at New Orleans, by means of the Southern Pacific Company, which, the petition declares, the Union Pacific controls absolutely.

It is claimed that under the laws and public policy of Illinois, neither the Union Pacific nor the Railroad Securities Company nor the Mutual Life Insurance Company nor the Mutual Life Insurance Company can own and vote stock in the Illinois Central.

The amount of stock of the Illinois Central to which the application for the injunction is directed, is made up of 186,231 shares bought by the Union Pacific from E. H. Harriman, H. H. Rogers, James Stillman, Kuhn, Loeb & Company in July, 1906; 95,000 shares belonging to the Railroad Securities Company, all of which stock, the petition declares, is owned by the Union Pacific and 5,500 shares owned by the Mutual Life Insurance Company, the whole aggregating 286,731 shares out of a total of 950,400 outstanding shares in the Illinois Central, or a little over 30 per cent. of the stock.

It is believed that the attorneys for Mr. Harriman will to-morrow seek the dissolution of the injunction, and it is not possible to state at the present time whether the arguments will be completed in time to allow Judge Ball to make a decision before the day of the annual meeting.

* * *

Mr. Fish's Statement.

Mr. Fish said to-day after the granting of the temporary injunction:

"I have all along been satisfied with the manner in which things were moving. I have never been obliged to seek proxies by claiming a majority and I shall not do so now. No one can foretell the issue of a contest which is still in the future. The stockholders at home, and in Europe are fully alive to the issue and are sending in their proxies by the hundreds.

"I have every confidence in the issue of the proceedings relating to the injunction, but that is a matter that is now in the hands of the court, and I cannot discuss it."

"I am making this fight solely to maintain the integrity of the Illinois Central Railroad Company as an independent corporation, and to prevent its domination by the Union Pacific. The effect of this injunction is to leave the control of the Illinois Central entirely in the hands of those who are vitally interested in the corporation, and it is not too late for the stockholders to rally to the rescue of the company from Union Pacific hands. The determination of who is entitled to participate in the meeting may require several days, even if the other side does not succeed in forcing an adjournment of the meeting. I am determined to keep up the fight as long as necessary, and I will see that any stockholder who desires to vote against the Harriman methods and policies is given a chance to do so if he will, but acquaint me with his wishes."

INSECT FLEW INTO BOY'S OPEN WINDPIPE

THOUGH PHYSICIAN WAS PRESENT EFFECTS WERE BOTH RAPID AND FATAL.

Owensboro, Ky., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Death almost instant from swallowing a candle moth is the fate that befell ten-year-old Jesse Moore, son of George Moore, of the Whitesville section. The moth passed into the boy's windpipe, and although a physician was in the house at the time, the effects were so rapid and fatal that he could do nothing to save the child's life.

A large moth was fluttering around the lamp, which sat on a table near the boy. Suddenly the moth flew into the boy's open mouth. The father saw it and supposed that the boy would be awakened, but was alarmed when, instead, he became black in the face and was apparently thrown into convulsions.

In an adjoining room a smaller child of the Moores was ill. Dr. McDonald, of Whitesville, had called to attend it, and he and Mrs. Moore were at the bedside at the time. Mr. Moore hurriedly called Dr. McDonald. The doctor was at the boy's side within a few seconds after he had swallowed the moth, but found him already so far gone that nothing could be done for him.

The moth had gone down the boy's throat and lodged squarely in the top of the windpipe, completely shutting off his breath. Even this, under ordinary circumstances, would not have produced death so quickly, and it is supposed that some peculiar irritation of the nervous system was produced which hastened the process.

Burial of John L. Whittington.

Versailles, Ky., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The body of John L. Whittington, who died on Saturday at Winchester, was brought here to-day and interred. Mr. Whittington leaves a widow and two sons, Elliott L. and Eugene Whittington, both of whom live in California.

ASK HIM TO RESIGN OFFICE

Telegraphers Lose Patience With President Small.

Companies Declare Strike Is "Past History."

Head of Union Indicates No Line of Action.

OPERATORS STILL DEFIANT.

New York, Oct. 14.—President S. J. Small, of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union, left his hotel in this city this morning, and his further action in the matter of calling off the strike was in doubt. Small was suspended from the office of president by three members of the Executive Committee in Chicago, but so far Small has not indicated whether he accepts the suspension as effective.

Belvidere Brooks, general superintendent of the Eastern division of the Western Union, said to-day that the Western Union is not interested in the action of the strikers.

"Our company," he said, "is conducting its business more efficiently than it ever did. The strike of the operators who worked for us is past history. Of course, we are willing to take back to work a certain number of the operators who quit us, but never will the places of loyal employes be asked for the strikers. Agitators will never again work for the company."

About 150 of the strikers, fifty of them women, gathered in City Hall Park to-day and marched down to the Western Union building wearing ribbons inscribed: "We stick."

After making a demonstration, as a result of which two of the men were arrested on charges of disorderly conduct, they dispersed.

Late to-day the telegraphers held a meeting at which resolutions were adopted calling upon President S. J. Small to resign his office immediately. Several addresses were made and there was considerable discussion over the resolution, a committee of the telegraphers declaring that President Small was guilty of nothing more than a tactical error and should not be so severely censured.

EMPLOYES' ORGANIZATION

To Be Formed By the Postal Telegraph Cable Company.

New York, Oct. 14.—Clarence H. Mackay, president of the Postal Telegraph Company, to-day announced to the Postal telegraphers the company favored the organization of a Postal Telegraph Employes' Association. President Mackay's announcement was as follows:

The Postal Telegraph Cable Company, appreciative of the loyal spirit displayed by the employes who remained faithful, and by those who came to its aid when so many old employes walked out on their duty, believes that this loyal spirit may be strengthened by association into a powerful agency for maintaining good relations between the company and its employes and the prevention of such movements as culminated in the occurrences of last August, and it has, therefore, in conjunction with its employes, decided to form an association of those employes who have failed in the disposition of the company to deal equitably with them, who are opposed to strikes, commotions or coercive measures, and who recognize the plain truth that their own prosperity is bound up in the prosperity of the company.

Such an association will be called the Postal Employes' Association, and its object will be to secure to the company a loyal working force, and to its members employment undisturbed by factions seeking to coerce or embarrass or harass the company or its employes; and its further object will be to render financial aid to its employes when sick or disabled and also in case of death. The directions in which such an association may extend its activities for the benefit of its members may readily be seen. The company contemplates that this association may be made the means of remedying local complaints by affording a ready means by which such complaints may be properly considered and also that it may be turned to the purpose of self-help and the advancement of its members socially, educationally and materially, all of which have the hearty support of the company.

Called Off At Charleston.

Charleston, S. C., Oct. 14.—All of the telegraphers here have filed application for reinstatement. The president of the local union formally called the strike off to-day.

FORMER FEDERAL OFFICIAL INDICTED

PROMINENT TENNESSEE OFFICIAL AND FRIEND OF CONGRESSMAN BROWNLOW.

Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The Federal grand jury this afternoon returned an indictment against Joseph W. Dillin, former Surveyor of Customs at this port charging him with embezzling $6,000. Immediately following the return of the indictment in court, a capias was issued for Dillin and he was arrested.

Until 8 o'clock last to-night he was still in the custody of a deputy marshal making a $5,000 bond. Dillin is one of the best known Republican politicians in Tennessee and Congressman Brownlow's right hand man in middle Tennessee. His term of office expired recently and John J. Dore was appointed Collector. Ever since an inspector has been working on Dillin's books.

The news of the arrest of Dillin has created a sensation in political circles.

PROMINENT YOUNG MAN DIES BY HIS OWN HAND.

St. Louis, Oct. 14.—It became known to-day that the dead body of Arthur A. Hermod, a son of the late Alexander Hermod, one of the founders of the Hermod-Jaccard-King Jewelry Company, was found in a room at the Commercial hotel yesterday and that he had committed suicide. Despondency is believed to have caused his act.

Oil Contractor Kills Himself.

Arkansas City, Kan., Oct. 14.—A. D. Davidson, an oil contractor, well known in the Southwest, was found dead in his room in a local hotel early to-day. He had swallowed laudanum with suicidal intent, and left a note saying he was in financial straits and he believed his mind was failing. Davidson was thirty-six years of age and left a family.

CONDITION OF FRANCIS JOSEPH IMPROVING.

Doctors Believe Danger Has Passed Unless Complications Should Set In.

Vienna, Oct. 14.—Emperor Francis Joseph was better to-night. His fever was lower, his appetite had increased and he was in better spirits. The doctors consider that the danger has passed unless complications set in.

HEAVY FROST IN SOUTHERN INDIANA.

Evansville, Ind., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The heaviest frost of the season fell throughout Southern Indiana last night, doing great damage to late vegetables.

PRESIDENT HOPEFUL OF BETTER FORTUNE

BEAR TRACKS ARE NUMEROUS AROUND NEW CAMP.

NO MOVE TO TENSAS AS WAS PLANNED LAST WEEK.

OUTING WILL END SUNDAY.

Stamboul, La., Oct. 14.—No person has reached this point from the President's new camp on Bear Lake to-day except a party that started from there early this morning and no messenger is expected until to-morrow.

The party that came in to-day consisted of Secretary Latta and Messrs. Parker, Shields and W. W. Mungum, the last named a friend from Mississippi, with whom the President became acquainted recently and who was invited yesterday in the camp. They brought only the report that the President and his remaining companions had an early start and that they were in high spirits and very hopeful of better fortune than has yet attended the hunt. Several members of the party have seen bears at the lake and bear tracks are reported to be numerous. Two timber wolves yesterday passed within plain sight of the camp and so excellent is the outlook that the President has decided definitely to return to the present location and not to go to Tensas, as was planned last week.

The President spent yesterday in and around the camp, the only exercise by him being a walk along Bear Lake and a row on the water in company with Mr. Mangum. No member of the party made any attempt at hunting. Lilly, the President's favorite hunter, is so religiously inclined that he would not break the Sabbath to go in search of a hunter's knife he had lost on Saturday, but waited until this morning when he went out before daybreak and soon returned with the weapon. The weather remains quite perfect for hunting. There was a light skim of ice on the water this morning. The President will come into Stamboul next Sunday before starting on Monday on his return to Washington.

SHOT AT THE GOVERNOR'S WIFE

IN JAIL IN INDIANA HIS BETTER HALF WANTS HIM BACK.

Evansville, Ind., Oct. 12.—[Special.]—Mrs. Joseph Ruxer, of Owensboro, Ky., came here to-day and appealed to the authorities to release her husband, who last week was sentenced to four months in jail for assault and battery. Mrs. Ruxer says her husband is under indictment at Owensboro on the charge of firing at the wife of Gov. Beckham while the latter was in an automobile with a party of friends several weeks ago. Chief Breneck has not yet decided to turn the man over to the Owensboro authorities.

JUDGE BLAIN SAYS HE COULD CLOSE THEATERS.

Would Hold Violators of the Sunday Law Answerable.

Judge Rudolph H. Blain, Judge of the City Court, when asked last night whether, in his opinion, it is possible to close Sunday theaters, replied in the affirmative.

"In your opinion," was asked, "can Sunday theaters be closed?"

"I think they could, but the cases might be appealed," he said. "If appealed, the managers of Sunday theaters could give bond, and would thus enable to continue to give performances in their theaters on Sunday until the cases were finally decided by the high courts."

Judge Blain was asked whether, in case a warrant was sworn out against a theater manager, and he was brought into his court, and the evidence proved that he had been guilty of giving performances in his playhouse on Sunday, he would hold them amenable to the law.

"While I don't wish to be placed in the attitude of trying a case before it reaches me, I don't hesitate in saying that I should certainly hold them to the law," he said.

EMANATED FROM TOBACCO TRUST

Congressman Stanley On the Charges Against Him.

Tells of Willson's Effort To Save a Negro.

Judge Hager On Falsehood and Vilification.

STANLEY TALKS TO FARMERS.

Hawesville, Ky., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Defending himself against any attack by Augustus E. Willson, Congressman Stanley in a speech here this afternoon charged that this attack was prompted by the American Tobacco Company, of which the Republican candidate for Governor is the paid attorney. He said he knew full well why he was made the object of the assault by the Republican candidate, as he had fought the tobacco trust too hard to suit Mr. Willson. Mr. Stanley said he would not consider an attack of much moment coming from any man who would volunteer to defend a negro rapist and that no such man could say that he was beneath the contempt of honest men.

* * *

Wants a Trial.

In his speech at Hopkinsville on Saturday Mr. Willson said that Mr. Stanley was beneath the contempt of honest men. This afternoon here Mr. Stanley compared his record with that of Mr. Willson and said he was willing to let the Republicans of Hancock county try him.

He then told of his fight against the tobacco trust and of how he had defended twenty Republicans in a civil suit which had been filed by the heirs of a negro killed by a body of men in this county.

"While I was doing this," said Mr. Stanley, "Augustus E. Willson was defending a negro who had attacked a white girl and was trying to cheat the gallows of the black fiend."

He produced the record to show that Mr. Willson was the attorney for the tobacco trust and charged that the assault on him was only a part of the general effort by that trust to destroy him because of his stand against that corporation.

* * *

Equal Rights To All.

Equal rights to all men and special privileges to no man and as low taxation as can be to raise the necessary revenue is the Democratic platform in this campaign as laid down to-day by Judge S. W. Hager, Democratic candidate for Governor, in the first speech he has made in Hancock county since the present campaign opened.

Judge Hager said this was the platform on which the Democratic party stands and on which he bases claims for election, and he charged that the Republican party has taught special privileges for the favored few.

* * *

Fulfills Its Promises.

Judge Hager declared that the Democratic party fulfilled its promises and keeps its pledges and that the Republican party never does. The crowd which heard Judge Hager and Stanley was so large that the courthouse would not hold them and many were unable to get inside the room while at least a hundred men and women stood during the entire time the two were speaking.

* * *

Many Women Present.

A large number of women were present and the big court room, which holds about 400, was filled to the limit. All along the walls a crowd stood and they blocked up the doorway.

Judge Hager said that the present campaign has been one of falsehoods and vilification and abuse and that the Republicans had piled up a mountain of lies so high that presently it would fall of its own weight and bury them beneath the ruins. He then discussed some of the false charges made by the Republican candidate for Governor to show that he is ignorant of the affairs of the State and Judge Hager said any man who knows so little about the condition of the State is not fit to be Governor of it. As an instance of this Judge Hager cited the statement by Willson that the schoolhouses of the State are a disgrace and the State should improve them.

He said anybody would know that the State has nothing to do with the school buildings and can only pay out money for school purposes to the teachers for their services. Mr. Stanley went after Mr. Willson from the jump after Judge Hager had concluded his speech and read the assault on his honor and character, which had been made at Hopkinsville. A. R. DUNLAP.

TO A LARGE CROWD.

Circuit Court Adjourns At Owingsville To Give Governor Place To Speak.

Owingsville, Ky., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Gov. J. C. W. Beckham came here from Frankfort this morning and made a political speech to the largest crowd that has greeted a candidate for office in years. Five or six thousand people were in town and not more than a third of them could get in the courthouse to hear him. Circuit Court adjourned that he might have the courthouse.

Gov. Beckham answered the many charges of the Republicans against the Democrats and flayed Mr. Willson, the Republican nominee for Governor, for his charges against the State administration and urged the Democrats to go to the polls in November and cast their votes for Hager and the rest of the Democratic ticket. In his answer to Mr. Willson's charge of graft against his administration the audience cheered him again and again. He advocated the election of Conner Ewing to the Legislature.

WILLSON'S SPEECH.

Along the Usual Lines and Appeals To Democrats.

Scottsville, Ky., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The Hon. Augustus E. Willson, Republican candidate for Governor, spoke here to-day to a good-sized audience. This was County Court day and an ideal October day for the people. The speaker was introduced by County Attorney J. H. Gilliam. Mr. Willson's speech was along the usual lines. He made an earnest appeal to the old line Democrats for their support, attacked Gov. Beckham's pardon record, blamed Auditor Hager in the W. J. Semonin affair, advocated the county unit plank and praised the administration of Gov. Bradley.

Rally At Lexington.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The Democratic Campaign Committee has arranged a big rally at the opera house for October 22, at which the Hon. John R. Allen will speak. Efforts are being made to secure Senator James B. McCreary for the same time.

Breathitt Vs. McChesney.

London, Ky., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Judge James Breathitt and the Hon. H. V. McChesney engaged in a long and interesting joint debate to a large audience here to-day.

SHUT OUT

REPUBLICANS FORCIBLY IN CHARGE OF COURTHOUSE.

When George Did Get An Inning He Made Strong Speech.

Jackson, Ky., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The speaking appointments of the Hon. Henry George and Congressman John W. Langley being advertised for to-day at the same hour, E. C. Hyden, chairman of the Democratic campaign committee, on behalf of Mr. George, challenged Mr. Langley through the Republican campaign for a joint discussion. Mr. Langley and his committee refused to agree that Mr. Langley meet Mr. George. When Mr. T. T. Cope attempted to introduce Mr. George the Republicans forcibly took charge of the courthouse and refused to let Mr. George speak until Langley had spoken.

Mr. Langley consumed almost the entire afternoon, leaving only a short time for Mr. George to speak. However, in the short time he had he literally riddled the Republican's pretensions of being a party of honestly.

FOR APPENDICITIS

JOHN MITCHELL OPERATED ON AT LA SALLE.

Patient Is Resting Easy, Though His Condition Is Still Regarded As Serious.

LaSalle, Ill., Oct. 14.—John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, was operated on this morning for appendicitis. He was under the influence of an anasthetic for thirty-five minutes. The operation appears to be successful. The patient rallied after the removal of the vermiform appendix and to-night is resting easily, although his condition is still serious.

Physicians say recovery will be slightly delayed on account of the poor condition of the system. Mitchell underwent hernia operations six months ago, and he never fully recovered from the effect. A conference was held with Vice President Lewis and Secretary Wilson on Sunday to arrange for the work of the union during the operation and the succeeding illness.

Mitchell's possible successor was not mentioned at the session so far as known to the public.

HOUND'S HOWLS BRING AID TO HUNTER

BUT IT WAS TOO LATE AND DEATH HAD ALREADY COME.

Ashland, Ky., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Samuel Cardigan, of Cannonsburg, was instantly killed by the accidental discharge of his shotgun while rabbit hunting near that town Saturday. The young man was climbing over a fence when the hammer of his gun caught on a rail, discharging the weapon.

The entire charge struck young Cardigan just below the heart, blowing his left side and part of his chest away. Howls of his rabbit hound attracted the attention of neighbors who found the body.

Cardigan was to have been married in November to Miss Louise Alderson.

MISTOOK STRYCHNINE FOR HEADACHE POWDERS.

Secured the Wrong Package and Took Enough To Kill Him.

Ashland, Ky., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Mistaking strychnine for headache powders, Lynn Percival found death this morning at his home near Rockwood, O. His daughter had placed the powders on the same shelf where lay the poison that had been partly used for skunks that had been robbing the chicken house.

Percival's head began aching in the night, and going to the shelf where the powders and poison were, he secured the wrong package and took a large dose. He died within forty minutes and before medical aid could reach him.

NO ANARCHISTS AMONG NEGROES

May Be Fond of Chicken Coop and Melon Patch,

But the Negro Believes In Social Order.

Justice Brewer Pleads For Uplifting of Blacks.

A WORD ABOUT OTHER RACES.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 14.—The raising to a higher state in the Christian world not only of the negro race, but the hordes of foreigners who become American citizens each year, formed the principal topic of discussion before the American Missionary Association at the sessions of the triennial council of the Congregational Church here to-day. The notable addresses were delivered by Justice David J. Brewer, on the importance of the American missionary work to the nation; by Bishop C. B. Galloway, of Mississippi, on the Christian education of the negro, and by former Gov. W. J. Northen, of Georgia, who told of the work of the Christian League of Georgia, as an organization in that State, which is composed of members of both races, and has done much to lessen crime.

Justice David J. Brewer spoke at the afternoon session, dealing mainly with the race problem. He said in part:

"The uplift through Christian education is the principal work of the American Missionary Association. True these are not the only objects of its interest and care. All the despised races in our borders are included. I have myself done a little preaching from the bench of the Supreme Court on the duty of Christian America to the Heathen Chinese. What I said made but slight impression in the courts, but it will yet be heard and heeded by the great body of American Christians. But the numbers of the colored people so surpass those of all the others and their relations to the nation are so peculiar that not unnaturally we look earnestly upon the work of the association among the colored people. As their very numbers attest the value of this work to the nation surely anything which is uplifting one-ninth of our population must be of profound interest to all.

* * *

Spirit of Anarchy.

"Many of the vast multitudes pouring into this republic are racially cold-blooded and selfish. Not a few come tainted with the spirit of anarchy, and are willing to destroy all social order in the hope of personal gain out of the wreck. These immigrants become citizens, as we are citizens, and as is this colored and enfranchised race. And while the colored brothers may be too fond of the chicken coop and the watermelon patch, they are firm believers in social order. You will find no Johann Most, Emma Goldman, Czolgosz or Guiteau among them. In the struggle which may be expected to come between order and anarchy, may it not be that these people, grateful to the nation for their liberty and the good people of the land for their uplift in knowledge, purity and social standing, prove themselves a mighty force, upholding law, order and the supremacy of the nation? Stranger things have happened than that these people should become at last strong defenders of the nation and the community at whose hands they have hitherto received mainly injustice.

"They are here as citizens. Whatever temporary restrictions may be placed upon their approach to the ballot box, the time will come when all barriers will be broken down and they will enjoy everywhere the full rights of citizenship. But ignorant citizens are the prey and the sport of every demagogue who appeals to their passions, and if one-ninth of our citizens are so exposed, the whole life of the nation is in peril.

* * *

Higher Class of Labor.

"One of our first tasks is that of multiplying skilled workers. It is one thing to pick cotton or hoe potatoes and something more valuable to make a watch or run an engine. The skilled laborer is worth more to the nation than the unskilled, and the industrial training at Hampton, Tuskegee and elsewhere is creating a higher class of labor in the midst of this people. Outside of the indirect results of such increased skill the direct and necessary result is an addition to their commercial value to the community and the nation. And so far as the institutions under the care of the American missionary association are doing this work of industrial training they are placing the nation in debt to them.

"So we stand before the American people and say, here is one-ninth of our population coming out from the ignorance and immorality of slavery. We are making its uplift our business. We are striving to train the hand and the mind, and to fill the heart with a love of purity and a sense of the beauty of holiness. As we are faithful in this work we feel that we make a strong appeal to the nation's assistance and gratitude, and we know that we shall hear our Master's voice, 'Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these my brethren, ye have done it unto me.'"

PATRICIAN
Shoe for Women

THE SECRET

of a graceful carriage lies fully as much in a comfortable feeling shoe as in the swing of the body.

"PATRICIAN," with her arch-supporting feature and many other good points, assist greatly in acquiring the art of grace and ease in walking.

Why not try a pair?

Price $3.50 and $4 Pair

John C. Lewis Co.
Incorporated.

CUSTODIAN'S FORCES MUST "PONY UP"

CUSTOMHOUSE EMPLOYES ARE PROTESTING.

RECEIPTS FOR MONEY GIVEN BY DEARING'S ASSISTANT.

$10 FROM A $50 WORKER.

Not since Charles E. Sapp was collector of internal revenue of the Fifth district, when the employes of the customhouse were drawn on for money fo rcampaign funds until they cried aloud for relief, has such a squeal gone up as is now pervading the basement and corridors of that big building. The squeal is now going up from the forces under the custodian, who is Judge William G. Deering collector of customs. It is not known whether the order came from Judge Deering, who is a partner in law and a warm supporter of A. E. Willson for Governor, yet the charge is made that the chief engineer, who is E. S. Hallett, and the assistant custodian, who is William J. Deatry, are receiving contributions from the force under the custodian and giving receipts for the money.

While the employes in the department under the chief engineer and those known as the cleaning force and even those who run the elevators are up in arms against the levy made against them, they are afraid to come out openly for fear of losing their jobs. All these employes are under Civil Service and the laws against levying campaign contributions from Government employes under the Civil Service is explicit. In fact, the violation of the law cost Charles E. Sapp his official head as collector of Internal Revenue.

"It is nothing more than an outrage to squeeze us for campaign funds, said an employe under the custodian yesterday. Fifty dollars a month is the most we get and you know that goes a very little way toward keeping up a family. Despite this fact, I was forced to give up $10 for campaign funds for the Republican State ticket. I will say this much, while Dr. Baker was custodian of this building he never levied a dollar's contribution from us. He did tell us to go out and do all we could for the ticket. That was our privilege, as American citizens. I have a receipt for the $10 I paid, but I am afraid to show it."

OWNER OF LIBERTY BELL.

[Home Magazine.]

Contrary to general belief the old Liberty Bell is not the property of the nation or of the city of Philadelphia, but of four sisters who are heirs of John Wilbank, the man who made the new bell shortly after the old one was cracked, and who took the old bell as part payment. Three of the sisters, Mrs. James B. McClosky, Mrs. G. D. Emerson and Mrs. S. B. Coward, live in Philadelphia. The fourth, Mrs. S. W. B. Diehl, lives in Washington, D. C.

By an order of the Assembly of the Province of Pennsylvania, the Liberty Bell was cast by an English founder in 1751. Soon after arriving in this country the bell broke, but was recast from the same metal in the same form and with the original inscription "Proclaim Liberty Throughout the Land."

The ownership passed from provincial authorities to the State, but in 1818 it was purchased by the city of Philadelphia, together with the old statehouse and grounds. During the celebration over the arrival of Lafayette in 1824 the bell was rung so vigorously it became cracked, and a few months later was ordered replaced by a new bell cast by John Wilbank. The later bell is hanging in the steeple of Germantown Hall.

It is a good thing to know how to select food that will so thoroughly feed and nourish the body that there is no indication of hunger or faintness from one meal to another.

Grape-Nuts will carry the user longer, probably, than any other food known. A young lady attending business college writes:

"Before I began using Grape-Nuts I got so hungry before the dinner hour that I was faint and almost sick, but since I have had Grape-Nuts for breakfast I study harder, and wait longer for my dinner without experiencing any of the former trouble.

"One of the great advantages is that it requires no cooking or preparation. I wish everyone knew of the value of Grape-Nuts for children in school." "There's a Reason." Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

MANY WOMEN

Applaud Tyler At Big Down-Town Meeting.

FORMER ALDERMAN BUTLER INDORSES THE NOMINEE.

COUNCILMAN STEFFEY COMMENDS HIM TO LABORERS.

GUS HEIKEN MAKES ADDRESS.

"Which is Owen Tyler?" "Where is Owen Tyler, the next Mayor of Louisville?"

Such were the exclamations from throngs of women, both old and young, as they left the crowd around the speakers' stand on Twenty-first street last night and pushed toward Bank street, after the honk of an automobile had been heard and the word had passed that Owen Tyler had arrived. The machine was driven as close to the stand as possible, which was quite a little distance on account of the large crowd that had been listening to speeches from Dan H. Russell, Hunter Burke and Capt. Jim Williams.

* * *

Tyler Welcomed By Women.

As Mr. Tyler alighted from his machine the women thronged around him, anxious to get a glimpse of him and show their admiration for him. Mr. Tyler hurriedly passed through the crowd and ascended the speaker's stand, which was an improvised one, as the meeting was an outdoor gathering. Fully 300 voters were awaiting Mr. Tyler when he arrived, but owing to the fact that he first addressed a meeting at Campbell and Fulton streets it was a little after 9 o'clock before he arrived. It was stated to Mr. Tyler that fully one hundred voters had left before he arrived, owing to the chilliness of the air.

The meeting at Twenty-first street and Portland avenue was presided over by George J. Butler, who was appointed a member of the Board of Aldermen by Gov. Beckham, and who recently resigned. Capt. Jim Williams was speaking when Mr. Tyler arrived, and as Mr. Tyler ascended the platform Mr. Williams exclaimed:

"Gentlemen, I will close, for I want you to hear Owen Tyler, who I want to see elected Mayor, and afterward I want to see him elected Governor of Kentucky."

As Capt. Williams gave vent to the utterance the cheers in the crowd were deafening. Mr. Butler immediately introduced Mr. Tyler, who was greeted with prolonged applause. Mr. Tyler's speech was short and included a reiteration of his platform. He was roundly applauded when he took his seat.

* * *

Former Alderman Butler For Tyler.

Magistrate P. T. Sullivan followed Mr. Tyler in a short talk, after which F. C. Conrad, nominee for Councilman in the Sixth ward, spoke. Mr. Conrad paid Mr. Tyler a high compliment, stating to the audience that the voters could depend on every word that Owen Tyler said to them.

J. M. Lee, Democratic nominee for Representative from the Fifty-first district, also made a short address.

Former Alderman George J. Butler yielded to the demand of the crowd and made a short talk before the meeting closed. He said that he believed that Mr. Tyler would be elected Mayor, and he knew of no man in the city of Louisville that he would prefer to see fill the Mayor's chair than Owen Tyler.

The meeting at Campbell and Fulton streets was an outdoor gathering, and was presided over by George W. Steffey, former member of the General Council. As early as 7 o'clock the crowd began to gather on the corner, and a huge bonfire gave evidence that a meeting was in sight.

* * *

Mr. Tyler For Increased Wages.

The meeting was not called to order until Mr. Tyler arrived. The crowd of over 200 shouted lustily for Tyler. Mr. Tyler was escorted to the stand and was introduced by Mr. Steffey, who said that the Democratic candidate for Mayor was an unfaltering friend of the laboring man. Mr. Steffey alluded to the fact that Mr. Tyler stood by him in the General Council in his efforts to secure a raise in wages for the teamsters who worked for the city. He said if it had not been for the efforts of Mr. Tyler in the Board of Aldermen the measure would undoubtedly have been defeated. This statement from Mr. Steffey was greeted with shouts of approval from the crowd.

In his speech, Mr. Tyler was emphatic in the reiteration of his position as to the repeal of the present Sunday closing law and as to his own ideas on the matter.

* * *

Question For Mr. Grinstead.

"Some time ago the question was asked by a Republican speaker of Judge S. W. Hager, the Democratic nominee for Governor, wether he would support Owen Tyler for Mayor if he were a citizen and voter of Louisville. I will put this question to-night to James F. Grinstead, the Republican nominee for Mayor of Louisville: Would you vote for Mr. Markbreit, the Republican nominee for Mayor of Cincinnati, if you were a citizen and voter of Cincinnati? You understand, fellow Democrats, that Mr. Markbreit has given expression to the same views on the Sunday closing law in Cincinnati that I have in Louisville."

Gus L. Heicken, the well-known labor leader, followed Mr. Tyler and said that he was the only logical candidate that union labor could support for Mayor in Louisville. He said that Mr. Tyler all along had shown he was a friend of union labor. He declared that the union labor people who are supporting Grinstead to-day would be doing the same thing no matter what Owen Tyler's record was on labor. He said they would be doing this from the reason that they were stronger Republicans than they were union labor adherents.

* * *

Urges Union Men To Support Tyler.

Mr. Heicken's speech at Twenty-first and Portland avenue was a continuation of his speech at Campbell and Fulton streets. He told the people of the West End that he was not only supporting Tyler because he was a friend of union labor, but because he was a Democrat and believed in home rule. He urged all the union labor voters to do all they could for the election of Owen Tyler.

Harry W. Robinson, nominee for State Senator in the Thirty-seventh Senatorial district, James P. Reedy, nominee for Police Judge and A. T. Burgevin addressed the crowd after Mr. Tyler left.

* * *

Mr. Uri's Opening Speech.

Nathan M. Uri, Democratic nominee for Alderman, and who will in all probability be the president of the Board of Aldermen if the Democratic ticket is successful, will make his opening speech of the campaign at the meeting of the Bryan Liberty Club, Shelby and Ash streets, Thursday night. The fact that Mr. Uri was a candidate for Alderman on the Fusion ticket two years ago is an assurance that he will have something hot to fire in his opening gun Thursday night. When it was given out at Tyler headquarters yesterday afternoon that Mr. Uri would speak Thursday night, it was said by Dr. Delg, secretary of the Campaign Committee:

"That settles it. There is no house in the East End big enough to hold the crowd that will come to hear Mr. Uri."

Mr. Uri refused to state what lines he would speak on, but intimated that he would have something to say that would interest the entire public. Mr. Uri will be an active campaigner after his opening speech Thursday night. He said that he would endeavor to speak at least three or four times a week until the close of the campaign.

Owen Tyler will speak at Shelby and Roselane streets to-night at 8 o'clock. He will afterward address a meeting at Fifteenth and Maple streets. Mr. Tyler is going day and night now, and says that he cannot begin to speak at all places where requests have been made.

* * *

Stonewall Club Meeting.

The Stonewall Democratic Club will meet at its headquarters, 502 East Madison streets, to-night. The club will be addressed by William Mulhall, of St. Louis, Mo., who is a cousin of former Gov. William O. Bradley. Other addresses will be made by well-known speakers. The Stonewall Club is a permanent political organization. The members have their own buttons, which are of a unique and attractive design.

The Democratic City and Campaign Committee will meet at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon for the purpose of hearing reports from committeemen from the various wards and the special committee that has in charge the purgation of the registration lists. It was stated yesterday by a member of the special committee that out of 200 names challenged on the registration lists by the Republicans only two or three had been stricken from the list. This is regarded as a remarkable record and an absolute refutation of the charges that the Democrats were guilty of running in repeaters or padding the registration lists.

* * *

Roster of the Meetings.

Democratic rallies for the week are announced by the Democratic Speakers Committee as follows:

TO-NIGHT.

Second and Third-ward rally, at Zoeller's Hall, Shelby and Roselane streets. Speaking by Owen Tyler, James P. Edwards, James P. Reedy, Dan H. Russell and Harry W. Robinson.

Fifteenth and Maple streets. Speaking by Owen Tyler, Benjamin F. Gardner, Delos B. Rogers and Joseph M. Lee.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 16, AT 8 P. M.

Pfeister's Hall, Twenty-fifth and Market streets. Speaking by Owen Tyler, Capt. Frank Hagan and Joseph M. Lee.

South Louisville Tyler Club, Fourth avenue and N street. Speaking by Owen Tyler, Joseph M. Huffaker, Thomas W. Drewry and M. Reichert.

Twentieth and Colgan streets, at Dahlem's Place. Speaking by Owen Tyler, Clem W. Huggins, E. L. Cronk, R. J. Hagan and George Allen.

THURSDAY, OCT. 17, AT 8 P. M.

Bryan Liberty Club, Shelby and Ash streets (indoor meeting). Speaking by Owen Tyler, Charles Carroll, Charles Neumyer and Harry W. Robinson.

Yiddish Club, Market street, between Preston and Floyd (indoor). Speaking by Harris Kelly, Wallace Coulter, Maurice Horitz and M. Pulverman.

FRIDAY, OCT. 18, at 8 P. M.

Humpich's Hall, 1151 East Jacob street (indoor meeting). Speaking by James P. Reedy, Louis Steuerle and others.

Eisenmonger's Hall, Thirty-fourth and Market streets (indoor meeting). Speaking by Owen Tyler, Charles Carroll, Lyne L. Herndon and Louis E. Stein.

SATURDAY, OCT. 19, AT 8 P. M.

Concordia Hall (indoor meeting). Speaking by Owen Tyler, James P. Edwards and Haris Kelly.

* * *

County Meetings.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 16, AT 8 P. M.

Fern Creek. Speaking by Charles Carroll, William C. O'Connor and Lloyd W. Gates.

THURSDAY, OCT. 17, AT 8 P. M.

Highland Park, at Kuhn's Hall (indoor meeting). Speaking by Marion W. Ripy, Charles P. Johnson and Lloyd W. Gates.

JEFFERSONTOWN.

Speaking by Col. Bennett H. Young, Swagar Sherley, Dan H. Russell and Lloyd W. Gates.

SATURDAY, OCT. 19, AT 8 P. M.

Hike's Point, Frank Bauer's place (indoor meeting). Speaking by Morton K. Yonts and Hunter Burke.

Cosmosdale, at Cement Mills, Eighteenth-street road. Speaking by Marion W. Ripy, Dan H. Russell and others.

FAIRMOUNT.

At Guthrie's store (indoor meeting). Speaking by Wallace McKay and William C. O'Connor.

SHIVELEY'S.

At Wermeling's store, Eighteenth-street car line (indoor meeting). Speaking by Joseph M. Hunaker and Lloyd W. Gates.

WELL-KNOWN JURIST DIES AT PADUCAH.

The Hon. L. D. Husbands Held Many Offices, Including That of Congressman.

Paducah, Ky., Oct. 14.—The Hon. L. D. Husbands, one of the oldest and best-known Kentucky jurists, died this morning of general debility. He was born December 18, 1823, in Christian county, and was admitted to the bar in 1849. He served first as Commonwealth Attorney and was until a few years ago Circuit Judge. In 1859 he was elected to the House of Representatives. He was married in 1851 to Miss Hannah Singleton, and in 1859 was married the second time to a daughter of Judge J. W. Cook, of Caldwell county. He leaves the following children: Misses Dow and Sallie Husbands and Messrs. Cook and Gip Husbands.

JOHN W. BARR, JR., SLIGHTLY IMPROVED LAST NIGHT.

John W. Barr, Jr., president of the Fidelity Trust Company, who has been critically ill at his home on Cherokee Drive for some time, was slightly improved last night. Although still in a critical condition, members of the family and friends are hopeful for his recovery.

One of the Essentials

of the happy homes of to-day is a vast fund of information as to the best methods of promoting health and happiness and right living and knowledge of the world's best products.

Products of actual excellence and reasonable claims truthfully presented and which have attained to world-wide acceptance through the approval of the Well-Informed of the World; not of individuals only, but of the many who have the happy faculty of selecting and obtaining the best the world affords.

One of the products of that class, of known component parts, an Ethical remedy, approved by physicians and commended by the Well-Informed of the World as a valuable and wholesome family laxative is the well-known Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna. To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists.

UNTERRIFIED

Democrats of Shelby Addressed By Col. Young.

ELOQUENT DEFENSE OF STATE ADMINISTRATION.

SPLENDID TRIBUTE PAID TO JOHN K. HENDRICK.

HELM AND GILBERT SPEAK.

Shelbyville, Ky., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Three strong Democratic speeches were delivered at the courthouse here this afternoon before a large crowd of Shelby county farmers. Congressman Harvey Helm, of Stanford, was the first speaker, and for half an hour devoted himself to national and State issues in a manner that caught the crowd. Col. Bennett H. Young, of Louisville, who was billed for the principal speech, made the trip here in an automobile and was delayed en route by the reconstruction of a bridge. While waiting for him to arrive the crowd called for former Congressman G. G. Gilbert, who responded with a rousing speech, in which he called on every Democrat in the county to do his duty and roll up an old-time majority for the State ticket.

Col. Young finally arrived about 3 o'clock and was given a royal reception. He is a strong favorite with Shelby county Democrats and he amply sustained his reputation as an orator in the hour's address he made. At the conclusion Col. Young was forced to hold an impromptu reception, so great was the number of Democrats and old friends that pressed forward to greet him. Col. Young's speech was in part as follows:

Fellow citizen, Shelbyville is not the same town to-day as it has been in the past. There is a shadow that falls athwart the horizon. At this hour something is gone that always brightened my presence in your city. A man who for forty years has made Shelbyville his home, and who has been a power for god and an inspiration to that which was truest and best in all that affects human life, has laid down the burdens and gone to be with the immortals. His departure has left a void and a deep sorrow in my heart and I come now on this occasion, my first opportunity, to lay a wreath on his grave, and speak a word of praise to his noble and unselfish life. I refer, gentlemen, to my friend and comrade, George W. Logan.

I first met him in 1862, as a Confederate soldier. He was a member of Company C, Eighth Kentucky Cavalry, I of Company B, same regiment. In years he was far beyond the average of Morgan's men. The vast majority of that division were under twenty-five years old. He was then a matured man of thirty-four. I observed him on the march, in the battle, in the camp, in prison and everywhere he was a brave, kindly, sincere, generous, helpful man, association with whom always made one think better of men and more highly of life. In every sphere of human action he performed his part well. This city, this county, this State has lost much in his decease. His church and his family have suffered a loss which time can never make good.

* * *

Some of Mr. Willson's Charges.

I have been much disappointed in one or two things that have happened in the political career of my friends, Mr. Willson, in the last few days. I have always held the Republican candidate as a just and fair man. In his speech at Owensboro, Mr. Willson charged that W. J. Bryan had been paid money for making political speeches in his recent campaign in Kentucky. A man who is a candidate for Governor of agreat commonwealth, should not make such a charge against such a man as Mr. Bryan without some evidence to support it. Instantly this statement of Mr. Willson brought forth explicit and emphatic denial from the men who alone could know whether it was true or untrue. Thus faced with the proof that the charge was untrue, under the Kentucky code of manhood, there was but one thing to do—confess the wrong and apologize for making the statement.

Mr. Willson has done neither. To avoid the consequences of this rash and unfounded allegation Mr. Willson attempts, first, to answer by saying that a Mr. Zimbro, of Henderson, had said that in 1897, Bryan was paid $250 or $300 for a speech or speeches, in which he denounced Mr. Watterson, and when it was suggested that what happened, even if it did happen ten years ago, was not proof of what he had charged happened in October, 1907, Mr. Willson again changed base. Now he answers by saying: "What difference does it make in the qualification of himself or Mr. Hager whether Bryan was or not paid to make speeches in Kentucky.

Well, fellow citizens, it does make very little difference, as to the qualification of the candidates for Governor, but it does make a big difference with the people of Kentucky whether a gentleman, a trained lawyer, who exalts his own virtues and tolls his own peculiar fitness for office and the absolute honesty of his official life, whether or not he will, when convicted to having said an unjust and untrue thing about as great and god a man as W. J. Bryan, in a manly, open and prompt way correct his wrong. Those who know Mr. Willson are disappointed at the course he has pursued in this incident.

In his last effort to get rid of this matter he refers to Gov. Beckham as Cripsey and Ollie James as a tumble bug. These utterances are sadly out of harmony with Mr. Willson's claim for superior wisdom, patriotism and honesty over all the Democrats of the State, and when he piteously is beseeching Democrats to vote for him because he is a better man than the men who comprise the Democratic party, and urging them to go outside the ranks of the Democratic party to find a man in him who is greater, better and nobler than any Democrat.

Mr. Willson may fol himself with this sort of talk, but he won't fool many Democrats.

* * *

Tribute To Mr. Hendrick.

I desire to speak a moment of another man on the Democratic ticket, who seeks to be Attorney General. Gentlemen, I've seen John K. Hendrick tried, and I know he is dead game. On the day when William Goebel was shot down in the Statehouse yard and when in ten minutes the Capitol grounds were filled with militia and martial law was practically declared in a time of profound peace, it became necessary for some one of Mr. Goebel's counsel in the contest case to go to the Capitol to discuss with Mr. Taylor's lawyers the best course of procedure. That was the most awful day in the history of Kentucky. Men looked into each other's faces with nerves wrought up to the highest tension and wondered what next. Only those who saw the scenes of that hour can understand its terrors.

Someone had to go. They looked at me as the oldest. I was not anxious for the job and really thought it was the place of the youngest to make the trip. We had seen the soldiers pass by at double quick, with trailing guns. We saw the imported thugs and murderers crowding about the Capitol, and the question again was asked, who will go. There was no answer, and when I said "I will go," then John K. Hendrick stepped forward and said: "You shall not go alone. I will be with you." We passed down to the gate of the Statehouse yard. Soldiers stood on either side with fixed bayonets; behind them a squad of supports. We pushed up the guns, walked in, amidst threats of violence, and on into the Statehouse, filled with the armed imported hirelings from all over the State, and fulfilled our mission and then passed out. John K. Hendrick's deportment in that journey showed me that he was brave enough to do anything and everything that duty called him to do. You can rely on his courage; his honesty is above all reproach, and his enemies concede his ability as a lawyer. What more can you ask in any public official? And when he becomes Attorney General the people will have a champion who will stand for their rights and their cause even unto death, and who will in every sphere, where his official obligations demand courage, ability and integrity, meet every call.

* * *

Clean Administration.

I have not come before you to arouse your passions or to weaken your respect, by abuse and villification, for any candidate. Let us pitch politics on a higher plane. All the inspection, all the examinations of the paid accountant of the Republican State Committee cannot, after months of labor, find a single dollar of misappropriated public money, and they never will, for none was ever used. Under the control of S. W. Hager as Auditor the conduct of Kentucky's financial affairs has been clean, honest and just, and the man who has made Kentucky's best Auditor will surely, with such and Attorney General as John K. Hendrick to counsel him, give you an administration which will reflect credit on the Democratic party and renown upon the Commonwealth.

Willson has said many unkind and ingenuous things about Judge Hager, but I respectfully submit that Hager's official career is one without a blemish or stain, and one that assures fidelity to any trust the people may commit into his keeping.

I see it charged that Mr. Willson has been the legal adviser of the American Tobacco Company. I hope that is not true. If it is and Mr. Willson has been the counselor of this cruel and brutal monopoly trust, which has done the cruelest wrong to the farmers of this Commonwealth, then I submit if we are to judge the future by the past the man who as Treasurer and Auditor of Kentucky has a perfect record is a much better man for you farmers to have as a Governor than he who has advised, counseled and directed the American Tobacco Company in its wanton robbery of the tobacco producers of the State.

A LOOK AHEAD.

[Memphis Commercial Appeal.]

Boston, Oct. 14, 1920.—The Ancient and Honorable Artillery of Boston held their 127th annual meeting to-day, and concluded to join the Anti-Saloon League in a body.

New York, Oct. 14.—1920.—F. Marion Crawford, the well-known novelist, was nabbed by the police as soon as he disembarked to-day from the steamship Eternal City. There has been a charge on the docket of the criminal court for three years against him for smoking a cigarette in Central Park when he was last here. The alert customs officers found two cravats and an extra shirt in Mr. Crawford's trunk. It looks as if it would go hard with him.

Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 14., 1920.—The conductor of incoming train No. 13 on the Uorfolk and Western was arrested to-day for ejecting a passenger from the train at Goldsboro for not paying his fae. The recent rate law makes it a felony to deny anybody the right to travel simply because he has no money.

Birmingham, Ala., Oct. 14, 1920.—The work of tearing up the tracks of the Louisville and Nashville road has been completed. The Louisville and Nashville was the only road left, and Alabama now points with pride to the fact that there is not a mile of track in the State. The population of the city has dwindled to 10,000 people, but the reformers are satisfied, as they contend that too much population is a dangerous thing.

Topeka, Kan., Oct. 14, 1920.—Col. Henry Watterson was pulled at the union station to-day and was taken in the Black Maria to the jug. He was charged with being a Kentuckian.

Cambridge, Mass., Oct. 14, 1920.—The police raided College House to-night and arrested President Eliot, formerly of Harvard College, and all his fellow conspirators. He was declaiming violently against the protective tariff in violation of the laws of the State. The authorities are determined to put down all such lawless agitators.

WASPS BORE METAL.

[Chicago News.]

In the Vienna mint the leaden walls of a reservoir containing sulphuric acid, although forty-three millimeters, or about one and seven-tenths inches, thick, were eaten through by an insect. The leaden gas pipe in a cafe was also damaged in like manner. Such damage is due to a sort of wood wasp, of which there are many sorts in Central Europe. The largest of these, the black and yellow giant wood wasp, resembles the true wasp.

The egg which the female lays in the wood develops into caterpillar-like creature, with six short legs and without eyes. With its sharp hard jaws it bites in the trunk of the tree tubular channels, which increase in diameter as it grows larger. It swallows the wood which it gnaws off, digesting the nutritious portions and discharging the rest in a meal-like form. For two years it eats its way forward in this manner. In the third year the insect creeps out, biting with its jaws through the thin wall which separates it from the outer world, leaving the home of its childhood to enter upon a short life in freedom.

Should a tree trunk that has been perforated by such a wasp, and in which an egg has been laid, be employed when insufficiently seasoned for building purposes, it may happen that some day the insect, which has been two years working its way through the piece, will suddenly appear in the building. If a piece of such timber, which contains a larva, is surrounded by a leaden plate, the insect will not stop at this, but will bite its way through just as though it were of wood.

Cures Deafness and Catarrh.
Rea Bros. Inhalent Catarrhal [illegible] Treatment; by mail free. Pay 50c if cured. Dept. A, REA BROS. CO., Minneapolis, Minn.

PROTECTING FINE PICTURES.

[New York Evening Post.]

There have been many mutilations of pictures in the Louvre galleries recently. On September 3, for the third time within two months, a picture was injured. The culprit, Valentine Cotrel, twenty-seven years old, was arrested. She was found to be in possession of a pair of scissors with which she had cut the canvas of Ingres' "Pius IX. In the Sixtine Chapel," and when examined by a magistrate explained that she had come to Paris from Rouen and had damaged the painting owing to a desire to be taken into custody and thus draw attention to her homeless and miserable condition. The woman added:

"It is wicked to see such fortunes gathered together, represented by dead things, when so many poor beggars are dying from hunger, although anxious to work."

The first picture to suffer was Poussin's "The Deluge," which was mutilated by a man who was sent to an insane asylum. A short time afterwards a landscape by Berghen had holes torn in it. This was attributed to mischievous children.

The Minister of Fine Arts has decided to place barriers before the pictures in the Louvre, with ironwork beneath, so as to prevent people from reaching them, while some of the most valuable paintings will be covered with glass.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

OLD DAYS RECALLED.

[St. Louis Republic.]

Times in St. Louis seventy-four years ago were recalled by a letter received by Probate Clerk George Bland from E. D. Smith, of Meade, Kan.

The letter requested a copy of the will of Jedediah S. Smith, which was filed February 11, 1833, and other papers, relating to the administration of the estate. The will was executed in Lafayette county, Mo., April 30, 1831.

The property included thirty-two mules, $30 each, $910; eight horses, $15 each, $120; four wagons and harness, $35; one negro, William, thirty-five years old, $400; one negro woman, twenty-one years old, $325; one gray bear skin, $12; sundry skins, $25, twenty-four beaver skins, $120; nine rifles, $45; one sea otter skin, $35; one bow and arrows and shirt, $3; one lot horns, $3; ten extra pack saddles, $25; one lot tin kettles, $3, and one keg of powder, $3. A diary of Smith's travels in the Rocky Mountains and the customs of the Indians is also recited as an asset.

SUMMER COLDS.
Only one LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Remember full name. E. W. Grove on box. 25c.

ON LIQUOR PLANK

Kentucky Grand Lodge of Masons May Contest.

OPPOSITION DEVELOPS TO PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

ANNUAL OR BIENNIAL CONCLAVES A QUESTION.

ELECTION OF GRAND COUNCIL.

That the resolution which prohibits any saloonkeeper or distiller in Kentucky from joining the Masonic Grand Lodge of Kentucky and which was adopted by a vote of 418 to 32 at the last conclave, will be fought when it is proposed as an amendment at the session this year, is expected by James E. Wilhelm, of Paducah, Past Grand Master, who is the author of the resolution. Last year Mr. Wilhelm met bitter opposition when he proposed the resolution. Those who were against it made an effort to have the matter proposed as an amendment in order that it could be laid over to the following year, and the year after that with the possibility of never coming to a vote. However, Mr. Wilhelm insisted that the resolution be voted in order that he could get an idea of the general sentiment regarding the proposition.

The delegates to the conclave voted in favor of the adoption of the resolution by an overwhelming majority. The matter then was laid away, to be revived this year and submitted as an amendment to the constitution. The vote on the question very probably will be taken up to-morrow, as to-day's session will be devoted to the hearing of reports from the grand officers. The resolution over which this fight is expected is as follows:

"Resolved, That it shall be unlawful for a Kentucky lodge to receive or accept into its membership one who is engaged in the manufacture or sale of spirituous, vinous or malt liquors as a beverage, except where such manufacture or sale is for medicinal purposes. Any and all lodges guilty of violating this edict shall forfeit their charters."

Mr. Wilhelm said last night that he could not understand how this measure could be opposed successfully, considering the enormous majority in favor of the adoption of the resolution last year. He said, however, that he had heard rumors to the effect that the opposition forces were getting together and were going to fight hard against the adoption of the proposition as an amendment to the constitution. It is probable that those against the resolution will make an attempt to have the matter laid over to next year and prevent a vote from being taken at this session.

This amendment, if adopted, will not serve to oust those saloonkeepers and distillers who already are members of the Grand Lodge, but will prevent any manufacturer or seller of spirituous, vinous or malt liquors from joining hereafter.

* * *

Conclaves Annually Or Biennially?

Another important question that will come before the delegates at this conclave is that of deciding whether or not the conclaves hereafter should be held annually or biennially. This proposition came up last year, but was held for this year's session.

The adoption of a new constitution to supersede the one now in effect will probably be voted on to-morrow or the day after. On account of amendments that have been made and others that probably will be made this year the present constitution has reached such a degree of imperfection that it is probable that the new constitution, which will embody the recent amendments in the rules and regulations will be adopted. The committee in charge of the new constitution is composed of Capt. H. B. Grant, W. C. McChord and J. G. Garnett. The matter of a new constitution came up at the session last year.

The delegates to the conclave of the Masonic Grand Lodge of Kentucky will convene at 10 o'clock this morning at Masonic building. Last night the members began to arrive in Louisville in large numbers. Every hotel in the city was crowded.

* * *

Many Prominent Masons Here.

The registration shows that few Masons of prominence in the State will be missing when the meeting is called to order. There are 521 lodges in Kentucky embraced in the Grand Lodge. Each lodge will be represented by a delegate. In addition to this there will be a large number of the past grand officers and grand officers as well as visiting members, which will probably swell the number in attendance to about 1,000.

Among the grand and past grand officers who already have arrived are: Samuel K. Veach, of Carlisle, grand master; Virgil P. Smith, of Somerset, grand senior warden; A. H. Bryant, of Covington, grand reporter; Howard R. French, of Mt. Sterling, past grand master; R. F. Peak, of Shelbyville, past grand master; James E. Wilhelm, of Paducah, past grand master; John A. Ramsey, of Owingsville, past grand master, and Owen Thomas, of Lebanon, past grand master.

The session this morning will be taken up in hearing the annual reports of the Grand Master, Grand Secretary and Grand Treasurer. The delegates will adjourn at noon, and, after luncheon, will go to the Masonic Widows and Orphans' Home, where they will be given an entertainment by the children of the home. To-morrow and the day after will be taken up in the consideration of business laid over from last year and new business.

The members of the Grand Chapter will meet at the headquarters to-night at 7:30 o'clock, and will elect officers to serve during the ensuing year and dispose of routine business that has accumulated since the last annual meeting.

* * *

Officers Elected By Grand Council.

Last night the members of the Grand Council met and elected officers to serve during the ensuing year. John T. Kincaid, of Lexington, was elected Grand Master, to succeed Samuel Leidich, of Louisville. The other officers were reelected, as follows:

William E. Board, of Paris, Deputy Grand Master; Harrison Peterson, of Cynthiana, Grand Principal Conductor of Work; T. H. Johnson, of Louisville, Grand Treasurer; H. B. Graub, of Louisville, Grand Recorder; D. E. Dunning, of Louisville, Grand Chaplain; John W. Landrum, of Maysville, Grand Captain of the Guard; O. D. Thomas, of Lebanon, Grand Conductor of the Council; E. G. Atkins, of Columbia, Grand Marshal; William E. Ryan, of Louisville, Grand Sentinel. A. A. Hazelrigg, of Mt. Sterling, was elected to the office of Grand Steward, which was vacant during the last year.

The question of the Grand Council of Kentucky becoming a member of the General Grand Council was brought up, but after a little discussion was postponed indefinitely. Outside of this, nothing was done except to dispose of routine business.

WITNESS FALLS DEAD WHILE TESTIFYING.

Fitzgerald, Ga., Oct. 14.—While the case of the State against one Hall for burglary was on trial here to-day in Judge Whipple's court, the prosecuting witness, James Green, was stricken with apoplexy and fell from his chair, dying almost instantly. Mr. Green was an aged veteran of the Civil war, and lived a short distance out of town. Judge Whipple immediately adjourned court.

Bubonic Plague Bulletin.

San Francisco, Oct. 14.—Bubonic plague totals to date as posted to-day in the office of the Board of Health are as follows: Verified cases, 68; deaths, 40; death rate, 58.8 per cent.; recoveries, 11; remaining under treatment, 17; suspects under observation, 36.

Bryan In North Carolina.

Charlotte, N. C., Oct. 14.—W. J. Bryan arrived here to-day accompanied by Gov. Glenn. A reception was tendered them this afternoon and to-night Mr. Bryan delivered an address at the opening of the festival on "The Average Man."

CHEAP, EFFECTIVE, PALATABLE.

APENTA

HUNGARIAN NATURAL PURGATIVE WATER.

PRESTIGE

follows only one kind of reputation. LEMON & SON'S REPUTATION for selling fine Diamonds at the lowest quotations is founded upon 78 years of dealing in gems. They are connoisseurs of Precious Stones. A Diamond Ring in one of their boxes carries the impress of quality—it gives the recipient a feeling of satisfaction. The grandfather, the father and the son follow each other as their customers. Visit them to see the largest collection. Their business was built by the values they offer.

LEMON & SON JEWELERS, 511 4th ave.

STEWART DRY GOODS CO.
GOLDEN RULE STORE
4th AVENUE · JEFFERSON ST.

Men's Hole-Proof Socks.

Ask to see them. They are made of the finest yarns with a wearing quality like woven wire. A written guarantee for six months to every purchaser. They come in black, gray or tan. Special, per box of six pairs,

$2.00

MUCH CASTE

Displayed By Japanese Resident In This Country.

KEEP APART DESPITE FEWNESS OF THEIR NUMBER.

REPORTER ASKS ABOUT THEIR LACK OF SOCIABILITY.

ALWAYS GO BACK TO NIPPON.

[Kansas City Star.]

The Japanese living in Kansas City, about thirty in all, are a silent, industrious class of residents. They talk little, but think much. Many of them are here to learn. With one or two exceptions they are unmarried. They have no social organization, and though they are thousands of miles from their native land there appears to be a class or caste distinction that keeps some of them apart.

Many of the professions and avocations in Japan are represented among the few Japanese living here, such as civil engineers, merchants, restaurant keepers, bamboo workers and day laborers. There are several university graduates here and also representatives of the unlearned class.

Three civil engineers are employed by Kansas City engineers; the two curio stores, one on Twelfth street and the other on Grand avenue, give work to five Japanese; ten are employed in three Japanese restaurants; three or four chefs have positions in private homes; there are five bamboo workers here; for several seasons four Japanese have conducted a rolling ball game at an amusement park; one Japanese is employed in the office of a grain commission merchant in the Board of Trade.

Three civil engineers are employed by J. A. Waddell, civil engineer. Two are graduates of the Imperial University of Tokio, Japan, and the other has a diploma from a technical school of high standing.

These civil engineers are the aristocrats among the Japanese in Kansas City. M. Fukuda's father is the Governor of one of the provinces of Japan. Another is the son of a retired Colonel of the Japanese army.

"How long have you lived here?" the Colonel's son was asked this morning.

"Sixteen months," he replied.

"How many of the Japanese living in Kansas City do you know?"

"About five, those here in the office and one or two besides," he said.

"Why don't you associate with the Japanese living in Kansas City?"

"Our tastes are different," he replied, and that is all the explanation he would give.

M. Fukuda went to Mr. Waddell a few weeks ago and asked leave of absence, saying he needed a vacation.

"I am fond of gardening," he said, "and I will go to the country."

M. Fukuda is now on a farm near Kansas City and will remain there until vegetable time is past.

"The Japanese working in my office are students," Mr. Waddell said. "They stay here a few years and return to Japan as a matter of duty.

"I offered a Japanese draughtsman $150 a month to remain with me a few years ago, but he refused to accept a position in Japan at $50 a month. He gave as his excuse for leaving that he had promised to return to Japan and give his own country the benefit of his knowledge."

The bamboo work done here is interesting to Americans. The raw bamboo is imported from Japan and from it is made all sorts of furniture, such as tables, bureaus, bedsteads, writing desks, music racks, brackets and book shelves.

Japanese chefs receive salaries much higher than the native cooks and not enough of them are here to supply the demand.

One of the Japanese young men who operates the rolling ball game at one of the parks in Kansas City married an American girl. He met her one night when she and her American "beau" stopped at his table to try their luck. The young woman and her escort returned frequently to the Japanese booth. After a while the American young man "caught on," but it was too late.

SEEKING INDIAN WIVES.

[Collinsville, I. T., Special to Kansas City Journal.]

"Fortune-hunting" swains are flooding the local post-office with inquiries about "rich Indian maidens" who are soon to take part in a "beauty show." Such men write to the Mayor, City Marshal and Postmaster, asking all manner of questions, and some of them even go so far as to send their photograph. More than fifty such "mugs" have been received by the Mayor during the past month. They want "only an Indian," but they manage to ask particularly about her lands and oil wells. One of them recently wrote that he was a graduate of West Point Military Academy, and suggested to the Mayor that if he would send the name and address of a girl worth from $25,000 to $100,000 he, the "fortune hunter," would "make it right" with him.

Mayor Pruitt, who receives on an average of three such letters per day, stated that he hoped someone would establish a regular matrimonial bureau, or else publish the fact that all Indian girls were not multi-millionaires, and furthermore, they were not seeking husbands who had designs on their purse strings. He said, while it was true that several hundred beautiful young Indian girls would take part in the "beauty contest" here on the 19th, he would leave the matchmaking business to the men who persisted in writing him.

ECONOMY IN BELGIUM.

Consul H. A. Johnson, of Liege, sends the following contribution on one of the national economies practiced in Belgium:

Little is generally known regarding the final disposition of the large quantity of newspapers left by travelers in the railway carriages. Here in Belgium, where nothing is allowed to go to waste, they are carefully collected and at the end of every week sent to the general depot at Malines to be utilized in the manufacture of pulp for making a certain quality of cardboard.

The quantity of old papers collected in the railway carriages amounts to from 300 to 350 kilos (from 660 to 770 pounds). This represents something like 260,975 pounds a year, and this amount would be somewhat larger were it not for the fact that many of these papers are misappropriated after collection. Of late it has been observed that the supply of old newspapers is diminishing from day to day and the administration, jealous of its rights, has complained of the shortage to the various railway stations of the country.

CHOPPING UP DIAMONDS.

[Philadelphia Press.]

Did you ever stop to think that a diamond might be so large as to be without commercial value?

This was what was found out in the case of the famous Excelsior diamond, which was next to the largest in the world, and as the result it was cut into pieces. About a million dollars was lost in this process, but the million had to be lost in order to obtain the other millions which the fragments were worth. From the big diamond ten gems were cut, ranging from 14 to 68 karats in weight.

Now the famous Premier diamond, the largest in the world, is to suffer a like fate, it is reported. The stone, which was found at the Premier mine in the Transvaal, weighs a little over 1 pound three ounces, and measures 4½ inches in length, 2½ inches in thickness and 1¼ inches in breadth. It was sent to England by ordinary registered post, but was insured for $1,250,000. This sum, however, did not represent anything like its value, which, estimated by Travernier's rule, is about $45,000,000.

No private individual could be found who would pay one-twentieth part of such a sum for any diamond, and in these days Governments are not squandering money on crown jewels.

Therefore the owners have decided to chip it into pieces, and thus the most remarkable of all mineral curiosities appears to be destined to speedy destruction.

BIG TURKISH TOBACCO CROP.

Consul M. A. Jewett, of Trebizond, gives the following account of the cigarette-tobacco trade of that part of Asia Minor:

"Tobacco for cigarettes is the most important product of the Trebizond province of Asia Minor. The tobacco-growing regions embrace Bafra, Samsoun, Platena and Trebizond. Last year 9,063 tons of cigarette tobacco was exported from Samsoun, of which 609 tons went direct to the United States. The annual product of the whole province is about 17,000 tons. The value of the declared exports of cigarette tobacco to the United States for the whole province during the year ended June 30, 1907, was $400,629.

"The crop for this year, in spite of the damage done by insects, promises to be large and of good quality. In the Trebizond and Platena districts a cut worm did some little damage in the early part of the season, but the crop is estimated at 30 or 40 per cent. more than last year. As practically nothing was done to destroy the cut worms, it is feared that next year they may be much more abundant and cause serious damage. In the Bafra region the locusts did considerable damage, and the crop is reported as considerably below the average."

FAST LETTER DISTRIBUTOR.

[Washington Times.]

The clerks who distribute mail for local delivery have recently been required to undergo what has proven to be a very practical test of their knowledge of their particular line of work.

In the official mail room of the city delivery division, which, as its name would suggest, is the room where mail for officials, clerks and other employes of the United States Government is distributed, a test was recently given the twelve clerks who compose the force in this important division.

Each clerk was given 1,000 letters of the current mail, 800 long and 200 short letters to be distributed into a case containing 108 boxes or separations. The aim of each clerk, of course, was to make a good record by distributing the letters as speedily and accurately as possible. Some excellent records were made.

One clerk made the distribution in twenty-two minutes, with only one error. The best record, speed and accuracy considered, was made by Cornelius J. Desmond, who distributed his 1,000 letters in twenty-six minutes without an error.

"TOUCHING UP" STALE FISH.

[Philadelphia Public Ledger.]

A very proper object against which the pure food officers should wage war is the reddening artificially of the gills of stale fish.

Every housewife knows that the gills of a stale fish lose the brilliant red that which characterizes those that are fresh. When buying fish she naturally turns her attention to this fact. But if, by the application of certain chemicals, the stale fish is made to look quite as attractive, if not more so, than the fresh fish, how is the housewife to guard against the purchase of something which is not only of less value than the money she pays for it but may be poisonous to herself and her family?

Only One "BROMO QUININE," that is Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

Reverend
Sam Jones's Widow
Gets $1,000 per Year for Life

The name and the fame of Rev. Sam P. Jones have gone over the nation. While the noted evangelist preached the Gospel with great power, it now transpires that he provided for his wife with great good sense. As a result of this foresight and self-denial

The Mutual
Life Insurance
Company

is now paying Mrs. Jones $1,000 per year, and will continue to do so during her life. In a recent letter Mrs Jones thanks the Company for the way in which this matter has been handled. This is all good for Mrs. Jones, but how about the woman yet unprotected and the man yet uninsured? The need is great and certain. The Company is strong and ready. Write and learn more about how such protection can be secured.

The Time to Act is NOW.

For the new forms of policies write to
The Mutual Life Insurance Company
of New York, N. Y.

JAMES E. WILLIAMS, Manager,
The Paul Jones Building, Louisville, Ky.

5%
Real Estate
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BONDS

The direct obligations of the Kentucky Title Savings Bank; mortgages on deposit with the Fidelity Trust Co.; titles insured and priority of liens guaranteed by the Kentucky Title Co. Absolutely safe; non-fluctuating; non-speculative; yielding 5 per cent. net. Denominations of $100, $500 and $1,000. Twenty years' experience in lending money on real estate; over $12,000,000.00 of these bonds sold; no investor ever lost a dollar of principal or interest. Call on or address, Kentucky Title Savings Bank, Louisville, Ky.

Kentucky
Title
Savings
Bank
Mortgage
Bonds.

CALL COMING

FOR REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE AT WASHINGTON.

Eight Cities In Race For Convention and St. Louis May Win.

Washington, Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Harry S. New, of Indiana, chairman of the Republican National Committee, will be in Washington to-morrow and shortly thereafter will issue a call for the meeting of the Republican National Committee in this city for the purpose of selecting the time and place for holding the Republican Convention next June.

The committee will probably meet during the first week in December. Congress meets December 2, hence, by that time most of the members of the committee who are also members of Congress will be at Washington. Seven cities have applied for the honor of entertaining the convention.

They are Chicago, St. Louis, Pittsburg, Boston, Kansas City, Denver and Seattle. The convention is expected to go to either St. Louis or Chicago. The latter city had the convention last time, so the St. Louis people are hopeful that they will have the politicians this year. Further than the retirement of Chairman Cortelyou and the appointment of Mr. New there have been no important changes in the committee.

Mr. John W. Yerkes, the Kentucky committeeman, will serve until his successor is elected immediately preceding the national convention.

THEY THRIVE ON THE BOLL WEEVIL.

Uncle Sam Gets Out Publication That Shows the Birds.

Washington, Oct. 14.—[Special.]—It is not often that Uncle Sam gets out a publication with colored plate work, but he has done so in a publication entitled "The Relation of Birds to the Cotton Boll Weevil," by Arthur N. Howell, assistant biologist of the biological survey.

The pamphlet bears a frontispiece showing some exquisitely colored orioles of different types, which are said by the author to fairly revel in a diet of boll weevil, and which have done much toward the extermination of the pest in the cotton fields of the South.

The plate is colored in an exact reproduction of life for the purpose of enabling those cotton growers troubled with the weevil to easily identify the birds that will do them service.

DUDLEY & JOHNSTON SUSPEND AT NEW YORK.

Failure Was Caused By the Recent Slump In Securities, Especially Copper.

New York, Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The suspension of the firm of Dudley & Johnston, brokers, of No. 40 Wall street, was announced to-day. It did an extensive business on the Consolidated Exchange and had several branches in Boston.

J. S. Johnston is a son of J. Stoddard Johnston, of Louisville, Ky., the junior member of the firm and was in charge at the office to-day. He said the failure was caused by the slump in securities, particularly in copper and smelters. "Many of the customers of our Boston office were interested in these stocks," said Mr. Johnston. "They failed to respond to calls for margins and left us in the hole. We let some of them get in too deeply."

BOY RUN DOWN AND BADLY HURT BY COAL CART.

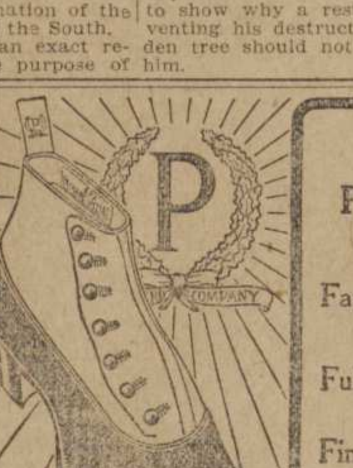
While crossing Twenty-sixth street, between Bank street and Portland avenue, five-year-old Willie Wilson, son of William Wilson, a Government engineer at the canal locks, and who resides across from the old bridge in Shippingport, was seriously injured when an unknown negro driving a coal cart yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock ran him down. The boy was carried into the office of Dr. W. M. Dwyer, at Twenty-sixth and Bank streets. Later he was taken home and Drs. George F. Coon and J. C. Morrison were also called. It was found that the boy's leg was mangled badly below the knee. Amputation may be necessary. The police are looking for the negro driver, who whipped up after the boy was hurt.

PROCEEDINGS REGARDING CRITTENDEN TREE.

Washington, Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Assistant District Attorney McNamara was to-day assigned by the Attorney General to assist Lieut. Poole, of the Park Commission, in proceedings before the District Supreme Court Friday when Lieut. Poole is called upon to show why a restraining order preventing his destruction of the Crittenden tree should not be issued against him.

IF you want a shoe that pleases you the last as well as the first day you wear it, buy the Packard Shoe.

Sold at $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00 in all styles



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The Packard excels in Faultless Style
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Finished Workmanship
Fixed Durability

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If your dealer does not carry the Packard Shoe, write us for catalogue and name of nearest dealer who does.
M. A. PACKARD CO., Brockton, Mass.

GREAT PROGRESS

Shown In Most International Sunday-School Work.

EXCEPT AMONG SOUTHERN NEGROES WAS WORK SUCCESSFUL.

MRS. J. WOODBRIDGE BARNES WOULD RESIGN POST.

EFFORT TO KEEP HER AT WORK

The reading of reports from the various committees of the Executive Committee of the International Sunday-school Workers consumed the greater part of the morning and afternoon sessions of the committee yesterday, and brought out facts and statistics of great importance as showing the strong and the weak points of the organization. But what eclipsed all this, at least in personal interest and impuortance to all the members was the announcement made late in the afternoon session by Mrs. J. Woodbridge Barnes, superintendent for many years of the Elementary Department, that she would not accept a renomination for the position next year.

Mrs. Barnes has been connected with the department for twelve years, and her work has been so earnest and tireless and successful that she has come to be looked upon by all the workers as a necessary and vital part of it and

MRS. J. W. BARNES.

an indespensible factor in the department's welfare. Many tributes were paid to her during the evening session of the committee and general regret was expressed at her decision to resign. The matter of the obstacles encountered by the Sunday-school workers among the negroes of the South was reported as the sole exception to the growth and progress of all branches of the Association during the afternoon, and came up for further discussion in the night session. Religious education of the colored youth was pointed out as the only solution of the race problem.

* * *

Mrs. Barnes' Work Appreciated.

The announcement in the afternoon session that Mrs. Barnes would resign as elementary superintendent had cast a gloom over the closing hour of the sitting. Immediately upon reconvening in the evening W. A. Eudaly, of Cincinnati, offered a motion that a committee of three be appointed to prepare a minute expresive of the appreciation of the committee of the services of Mrs. Barnes as superintendent of the Elementary Department. The motion was warmly supported by Chairman Hartshorn, who paid a high tribute to the character of the work of Mrs. Barnes. He declared that during the term of five years in which she had held the office he, as chairman of the committee, had been officially very close to Mrs. Barnes and her work.

"I know her spirit," he said. "I have never come in contact with a woman whose spirit has been more unselfish and truly loyal than Mrs. Barnes."

W. J. Semelroth, general secretary of Wisconsin, likewise paid tribute to Mrs.

DR. W. FRED LONG.

Rev. W. Fred Long, a former well-known Kentuckian and member of the staff of ex-Gov. Bradley, who has made good as general secretary of the Arkansas Sunday-school Association. He is attending the meeting of the International Executive Committee, representing his State.

Barnes' work as a leader in her department. "God Himself made the choice of the trained woman to do this work for the children of America. Back of her beautiful spirit always appeared the splendid ability of the leader, without which she could never have accomplished the great work she did. We can do great things for America if we move on from the advance line marked by Mrs. Barnes."

The Rev. Dr. Joseph Clark, general secretary of Ohio, and [illegible] mother of the Primary Union," speaking of Mrs. Barnes, said: "This is a great moment for us. It was a bright day for the work when Mrs. Barnes came into it. It will be a sorry day for us when she goes out of it. One of the great business men of America said to me concerning her executive ability: 'If Mrs. Barnes were a man I would give her $10,000 a year to come to my place of business and take charge of one of my departments.'"

The resolution to form a committee to thank Mrs. Barnes was [illegible] unanimously, and Messrs. W. A. Eudaly, of Cincinnati; the Rev. Joseph Clark, D. D., of Columbus, O., and Frank L. Brown, of Brooklyn, N. Y., were named as the committee.

* * *

What To Do For the Negro.

The remainder of the evening was taken up with a fuller discussion of the difficulty, announced earlier in the day, of Sunday-school work among the negroes of the South. The committee of which the Hon. N. B. Broughton, of North Carolina, is chairman, brought in a report suggesting the creating of sentiment in favor of Sunday-schools among the negroes. Greater attention, it was said, should be given to the organization of workers in the Southern cities, and the necessity of having a white field secretary was emphasized. The work among the colored people of the South was declared to be the greatest missionary field in the world, and an eloquent plea was made for imparting Christian education to the negroes as a solution of the great problem. Greater aggressiveness and the investment of larger funds in the Sunday-school work among the negroes was urged upon the Executive Committee and the General Convention.

The committee will meet again this morning, and it is hoped that the work will be closed by this afternoon. A large crowd will leave in a special sleeper for Chicago to-night to attend the opening of the International headquarters to-morrow.

Chairman Hartshorn resumed his presidency at yesterday's session, and W. J. Semelroth, of Wisconsin, was appointed to keep the records.

* * *

Teachers' Training Departments.

A report on the work of the teachers' training and adult departments was read by W. C. Pearce, who has been in charge of both. The work of the year has taken him into twenty-four States and provinces. He reported that fifty-five associations have now approved teachers' training departments and twenty of them advanced courses. A plan has been set on foot for enlisting the Christian workers of the continent in a systematic reading of the best books on Sunday-school work in a five years' course.

For the adult department Mr. Pearce reported that twenty-nine associations have now adopted adult departments, and that plans have been laid to push the work aggressively into the Southern and Central States. Fifty of the 802 certificates that have been issued to classes organized have been granted to Kentucky.

An encouraging increase was reported in the organization of home departments by Dr. W. A. Duncan, of Syracuse, N. Y., the founder of the department. More than 15,000 Sunday-schools have such departments at present, and the total membership has been increased during the past year from 421,000 to 500,895, with Florida, Idaho, Indian Territory, Mexico, Mississippi, Montana, North Carolina, Saskatchewan, Tennessee and Virginia not reporting. A great increase was reported in the volume of leaflets issued by the various denominations.

* * *

Progress In Mexico Encouraging.

The Rev. Scott Williams, of San Luis Potosi, Mexico, reported progress in the sister republic, where 400 schools have been organized, with a membership of 15,063. The report was so encouraging that the committee unanimously voted an additional appropriation of $200, to be used in the issue of needed leaflets in Mexico. The work in the West Indies, Central America and South America was reported to be in a flourishing condition as well by Frank L. Brown, temporary chairman of the committee.

Mrs. J. Woodbridge Barnes, of Newark, N. J., who has been in charge of the elementary department of the Sunday-school work, reported gains in many directions; most phenomenally, however, in the issuing of graded material for teaching. Two years ago the work was first extended to Mexico; last year to the West Indies, and this year it has been carried to Rome and Japan. All departments of foreign missionary work and lesson extension are co-operating in this work. The organization of the department, said Mrs. Barnes, is to-day stronger than it has ever been; sixty of the sixty-three organiaztions have general secretaries; fifty-seven have department superintendents; forty-three have a standing committee within their executive committee; nine have paid superintendents on full time, and nine more employ superintendents on part time.

Mrs. Barnes then announced that she would not accept re-election to her position next summer, but declared her willingness to help establish the office in Chicago in every possible way. Mrs. Barnes has been identified with the interests of this department for twelve years, during the last five of which she was superintendent. Her announcement caused profound regret among all present.

The treasurer's report, read by Dr. Geo. Bailey, of Philadelphia, in the absence of the treasurer, Fred A. Wells, of Chicago, showed the estimated expenses of the convention to Louisville to be about $24,658, and estimated the resources at $21,418.44, if all pledges are paid.

* * *

Education Negro's Salvation.

Practically the only field where the work of the Sunday-school workers was reported to be meeting with many checks and obstacles was that of the work among the negroes. Dr. James Shepard, of Durham, N. C., field superintendent of this department, declared in his annual report that there are over 9,204,531 negroes in the United States, of which nine-tenths are found in the Southern States, and three-tenths in Georgia, Mississippi and Alabama. The work of the International Association among the negroes of Georgia was reported as practically a failure. In Alabama it was discontinued March 1. Good work has been done in South Carolina, but it has lacked system. North Carolina shows progress in the work, but Tennessee is further advanced in this field than any other of the States.

Wherever the work has been tried systematically it has resulted in reclaiming many young men and women from the chain gangs. It has resulted in the organization of cradle roll and home departments, has stimulated the negro ministers to more untiring work, and stirred the negroes themselves out of their idleness. Supt. Shepard declared that the final solution of the race problem in the South can be brought about only by religious education of the colored people. He advised the establishment of a school based on religious education of the negro, to be modeled after the Northfield Bible School, with a combination of Chautauqua ideas.

* * *

To Address Baptist Students.

The Executive Committee of the International Sunday-school Association will adjourn its session at 10 o'clock this morning and visit the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary. Addresses will be delivered by various members of the committee to the assembled students from 10 to 11 o'clock in the chapel of Norton Hall. All are invited to attend the meeting.

The speakers and their subjects are as follows:

W. M. Hartshorn, "The Pastor's Relation to Organized Sunday-school Work."

Frank L. Brown, "Sunday-schools In the Orient."

E. M. Ferguson, "The Need of Thoroughness."

E. S. Lewis, "The Pastor and Teacher-Training."

E. K. Warren, "The Business Man In the Sunday-school."

G. W. Bailey, "The Seminaries and the Sunday-school."

Marion Lawrance, "The Sunday-school As a Church Builder."

Army of Cumberland To Meet.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Oct. 14.—The advance guard of veterans who will attend the reunion of the Army of the Cumberland began to arrive in the city to-day, and the first members of Wilder's brigade came in to-night. The Society of the Army of the Cumberland will meet in the convention hall at the Read House, Wednesday morning, at 10 o'clock, with Gen. Gates P. Thurston, president of the society, in the chair.

Fire Loss of $80,000 In Nashville.

Nashville, Oct. 14.—A fire this morning on Second avenue, North, in the wholesale district, completely gutted the store of John Hitchcock & Sons, wholesale dealers in wagons, harness and seeds, entailing a loss estimated at $80,000. John Hitchcock, Sr., became overcome by smoke and barely escaped with his life. The stock of McKay, Reece & Company, wholesale dealers in hay and seeds, was considerably damaged both by fire and water.

Been Hit?
Nerves Shaky?
Suppose you quit coffee and try
POSTUM
"There's a Reason."

BIG TRACT

Eleven Thousand Acres Sold At Auction.

COMMERCIAL CLUB CELEBRATES OPENING OF NEW LINE.

BEACH HARGIS, LATELY OF WORKHOUSE, HAS GONE AGAIN.

KENTUCKY CORN WINS.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Eleven thousand acres of land were sold at auction to-day to R. S. Penn, of Pittsburg for $30,500.

The land is in Carter county and was the property of the Carter Coal Mining Company. Some time ago the property was sold by order of court, and the Columbia Finance and Trust Company as trustee bought it in for a small sum, this corporation being the only bidder. Later the sale was set aside as not legal, owing to a statutory provision under which it was ruled the Trust Company as an interested party had no authority to bid. In setting aside the sale the court took into consideration the bond of Charles E. Day, member of the law firm of Pride & Day, who guaranteed the property under a new sale to bring $30,000 for the benefit of creditors, whereas no more than half the amount had been realized in the sale to the Louisville corporation.

* * *

Commercial Club Celebrates.

One hundred members of the Frankfort Commercial Club celebrated the opening of the new interurban line from Frankfort to Lexington by coming here in a body to-day. They were met at the city limits by a Reception Committee of the Lexington Commercial Club, headed by Mayor Thomas A. Combs, Club President J. Clay Hunt, Club Secretary John G. Cramer, Messrs John Skain, Wallace Muir and many others.

On arriving in the city they were escorted to the courthouse by a committee of citizens and the Second Regiment Band. Here an address of welcome was delivered by the Hon. W. P. Kimball and J. F. Buford made the response. The party disbanded for dinner after being furnished by the Lexington club with tickets to the trots. The Frankfort delegation was headed by Club President G. B. Hayes and Secretary J. H. Castle.

* * *

Young Hargis Disappears.

Beach Hargis, who was released from the Cincinnati workhouse Friday through the good offices of J. M. Brophy, Judge James Hargis' business manager, eluded Brophy on their arrival at Lexington and has not been seen since. Brophy arrived in Jackson yesterday morning without the boy. To-day the boy's mother is in this city in an effort to find her wayward son.

* * *

Kentucky Corn Wins.

George D. Karsen, the celebrated grain expert of Lexington, has been notified of his winning first prize for the best ten ears of Kentucky white corn, any variety, at the National Corn Exposition, now in session at Chicago.

* * *

The Fayette Circuit Court to-day overruled the motion for a new trial in the case of Harrison against Smith. At the last term of court Mrs. W. H. Harrison, wife of the L. and N. traveling passenger agent, was awarded $500 damages in a suit to recover for the loss of a fine flower bed alleged to have been cut down by her neighbor because the tops excluded his view.

* * *

The local Republican Campaign Committee has arranged another "whirlwind campaign," with automobile transportation for a number of speakers at different points of the city. These speeches will begin Monday, October 21, and continue throughout the time intervening until election.

* * *

The body of J. L. Whittington, seventy-five years old, who died at Winchester Friday, was taken to Versailles to-day and there interred.

* * *

Wallace Muir, Democratic nominee for City Attorney, has resigned his position as revenue agent of Fayette county, and, owing to his arduous work in the present campaign, Auditor Hager has accepted his resignation. Attorney John M. Stucky is tipped as Muir's successor.

* * *

Kansas Boy In Hospital.

George Beard, an eighteen-year-old boy of Clyde, Kan., was brought to Lexington to-night from Asbury College, Wilmore, where he has been attending school, and taken to the Good Samaritan Hospital. Blood poison has developed in his knee from a wound received from an ax while the boy was attempting to cut a grapevine. His condition is serious.

Charles Steele Dead.

Georgetown, Ky., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Prof. Charles Steele, probably the most popular negro in Kentucky, died at his home this afternoon with an apoplectic stroke, aged about fifty-four years. He had been grand master of the Kentucky colored Masons for twenty years and principal of the Georgetown city schools for nearly thirty years. He was formerly also grand master of Kentucky Odd Fellows. He bore the highest State reputation, both as an educator and fraternity man, being an ornament to his race.

Ready For Log Rolling.

Paducah, Ky., Oct. 12.—[Special.]—Sovereign Commander J. C. Root, of Omaha; Sovereign Banker Shepard, of Texas, and T. E. Patterson, of Chattanooga, sovereign manager of Tennessee, the highest officials in the Woodmen of the World, will arrive here in the morning to participate in the log rolling of Western Kentucky and Tennessee, which will be held at the fair grounds in this city. Hundreds of visitors from surrounding cities will attend.

Death of Old Citizen.

Leitchfield, Ky., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—J. R. Clark, aged seventy-four years, an old citizen of this place, died of senility at his residence this morning at 9:30 o'clock. The deceased was born in Breckinridge county, and moved to this place about twenty-two years ago. He married Miss Eunice Swindle in th[illegible], and leaves two children, Joe and Miss Annie Clark, both unmarried.

ALLEGED FORTUNE TELLER IN THE TOILS.

Evansville, Ind., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Mrs. Anna Mays, stylishly dressed and claiming to be one-eighth Indian and seven-eighths negro, was arrested to-night at the instance of Mrs. Joseph Bock, prominent socially, and the wife of a wealthy contractor.

Mrs. Bock says she went to the Mays woman, who claims to be a fortune teller, two weeks ago and asked her what to do to bring about peace between herself and neighbor. The fortune teller demanded money, and it is charged that Mrs. Bock paid the woman about $700 in various sums.

GRAFT CHARGES

Replied To By Senator Charles Carroll.

MADE BY EX-GOV. BRADLEY IN RECENT SPEECH.

HISTORY OF INVESTIGATION OF PRINTING BILL.

PAID ON PRATT'S ADVICE.

Carrollton, Ky., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The Hon. Charles Carroll spoke here this afternoon to a large and enthusiastic crowd in the interest of the Democratic State ticket. He was introduced by Circuit Judge A. S. Berry, of Newport.

In the course of his address Mr. Carroll replied at length to statements made by former Governor Bradley in a recent speech at Greensburg, in regard to a printing contract for which a bill of $27,392 was allowed by the Board of Printing Commissioners during the administration of Gov. Beckham. The investigation of this contract was instituted by Mr. Carroll while a member of the State Senate. After reciting the facts of the investigation, Mr. Carroll said:

* * *

Mr. Carroll's Address.

"The first complaint that is made by the distinguished counsel for the Republican party in his speeches throughout the State is that this work should not have been done by the contractor for printing of second-class matter, but by the contractor for printing of first-class matter. This question is now before the Court of Appeals for final adjudication, and I will not argue here what is the proper construction of that statute, but I will say this: that if the Board of Printing Commissioners who allowed this claim to Mr. Bacon during the administration of Gov. Beckham, made a mistake as to what class it should belong, they had as authority for so doing the ruling of the Board of Printing Commissioners during the administration of Gov. Bradley, who was ex-officio chairman of that committee, and who was then, and is now, one of the ablest lawyers in the State, and that board with him as chairman allotted this character of printing to the contractor for printing of the second class, and that it does not lie in the mouth of Gov. Bradley or any member of his Board of Printing Commissioners, or any Republican who seeks to act fairly with the Democratic members of that board, to say that there was anything improper in their conduct in this respect when the precedent was established by the preceding Republican administration.

"But it said that the charge made by Bacon for this work was exorbitant and the Board allowed this bill and, therefore, did the common schools of the State great injustice. Above all things it is best to be fair in matters political as in other things, and before the State Board of Commissioners, which allowed this money to Bacon for this work, should be criticised too severely, it is well to see who those Commissioners were and what positions they occupied. The board, as I stated, was composed of the Governor of the State, the Secretary of State, the Treasurer and Attorney General. The Governor of the State was Mr. Beckham, the Secretary of State was Mr. Hill, the Treasurer was Mr. Hager, all Democrats. The Attorney General of the State was Mr. Clifton Pratt, a Republican. Under the Constitution, and under the laws enacted in conformity thereto, it is the duty of the Attorney General to advise the various officers of the State as to their duties; to examine contracts, to prepare contracts and to prosecute and defend suits against the Commonwealth. In other words, the Attorney General of the State is to the other State officers stands in the attitude of an attorney to his clients.

* * *

Paid On Pratt's Advice.

"When this bill was presented to the Board of Printing Commissioners and part of the bill was paid on August 9, 1902, and the consideration of the final payment of the bill was postponed until a further investigation could be had, and upon August 29, after an investigation made of this matter by the members of the board and especially by the Republican Attorney General with his full knowledge, concurrence and advice, this bill was paid. Now, I do not intend to withdraw one word I said either upon the floor of the Senate, before the Circuit Court in oral argument, in written brief or before the Court of Appeals in oral argument or printed brief concerning this transaction, but I do most emphatically say that whatever blame can be attached to the Board of Printing Commissioners for the payment of this claim should be laid upon the shoulders of the Republican Attorney General, who was their constitutional adviser, and who stood, as I said, to them in the relation of an attorney to his clients, and if after an investigation made by him he approved of this bill and advised its payment, can those Democratic officials, who were supposed to listen to the advice of their Attorney General, be censured for that which he advised them to do?

"When this contract and payment are made a political question, and when it is sought to derive political advantage out of them, justice and fair dealings require that the blame should be placed where it properly belongs, upon the shoulders of the Attorney General of the State, who advised, and whose duty it was to advise, this board what it should do, and it was the duty of this board, unless it knew strong reasons to the contrary, to follow the advice of the constitutional adviser.

"While upon the subject of the minority report to the Senate upon this question, which Senator Lancaster and I signed it would be well for Gov. Bradley to explain to the satisfaction of the people of this State certain matters therein stated. It appears from the testimony of witnesses before that investigating committee, a copy of which testimony I have now in my possession, that a printing company, as assignee of the Sowle Printing Company, presented in 1899, to the Board of Printing Commissioners a bill for the printing of 10,000 teachers' registers and grade books and 5,000 trustee record books for $60,186.05, and that bill was settled by the Board of Printing Commissioners, as then constituted, for the sum of $16,515.48. The Board of Printing Commissioners at that time was composed of Gov. W. O. Bradley, ex officio chairman; Samuel H. Stone, Auditor of Public Accounts; Chas. Finley, Secretary of State; Geo. W. Long, Treasurer and Wm. S. Taylor, Attorney General, all of whom were Republicans. The investigation made by that committee shows that this work would have been done by the Bradley - Gilbert Printing Company for $2,199; would have been done by the Courier-Journal Job Printing Company for $2,780, and would have been done by F. C. Nunemacher for $2,850, representatives of each of these firms testifying before the committee that the prices they fixed upon those books would have included a reasonable compensation to them for their work. Now since printing contracts and payments for printing contracts are under investigation, I would be glad for Gov. Bradley to explain, or any member of his Board of Printing Commissioners to explain, why it was that for work which could be done at a price not exceeding $2,800 this Board of Printing Commissioners, without any litigation, settled and paid for same $16,515.48.

"Nor can Gov. Bradley and his Board of Printing Commissioners claim any credit for cutting the bill from $60,186.05 to $16,515.48, as it appears the board, without any examination as to the cost of the work, offered this sum in settlement, which the printer promptly accepted, and by it he made and the State lost nearly $14,000."

RYAN TO RETIRE FROM INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Thomas Ryan, for nearly eleven years First Assistant Secretary of the Interior, will retire from that office the latter part of this month. He will be succeeded by Frank Pierce, a prominent lawyer of Salt Lake City, Utah. The reason given for his resignation is that his health has become impaired by the work of his office. The announcement of the change was made to-day by Secretary of the Interior Garfield.

STEWART DRY GOODS CO.
[Business Established Sixty Years.]
NEW YORK STORE.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR— Third Floor.
TO-DAY'S EXTRA SPECIAL
—IN—
WOMEN'S MUSLIN GOWNS
SPECIALLY PRICED.
Women's High-neck Muslin Gowns for winter wear; all-over embroidery yoke, hemstitched ruffle trimmed—Specially Priced for To-day at $1.00.
Women's High-neck Muslin Gowns, with hemstitched tucked yoke; handsome embroidery trimmed—Specially Priced for To-day at $1.50.
Women's High-neck Muslin Gowns, French style, with clusters of tucks both back and front, forming yoke; daintily trimmed with embroidery—Specially Priced To-day at $2.00.

BLACK DRESS GOODS— Second Floor.
SPECIAL VALUES
—IN—
IMPORTED BLACK BROADCLOTHS
—FOR—
THIS WEEK'S SELLING.
52-inch Broadcloth, $1.75 value—At $1.48 yard.
52-inch Broadcloth, satin finish; $2.50 value—At $1.98 yard.
54-inch Broadcloth, extra satin finish; $3.00 value—At $2.48 yard.
54-inch Broadcloth, extra silk finish; $4.00 value—At $3.48 yard.
54-inch Broadcloth, extra silk finish; $4.50 value—At $3.98 yard.
54-inch Special Venetian Cloth, perfect black and beautiful finish; regular $1.25 value—Special 98c yard.

CHILDREN'S READY-TO-WEAR— Third Floor.
THREE LOW-PRICED SPECIALS
—IN—
MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S
FALL AND WINTER GARMENTS.
Peter Thompson Coats for misses and children; in fancy checks, stripes or covert cloths; full lined; sizes 4 to 16 years; regular $10.00 values—Special Price $5.00.
Children's and Misses' Wool Dresses, made of fine quality serge; jumper style; with kimona sleeve; scalloped edges; colors brown, navy and black—Special Price $8.75.
Children's Coat Suits, made in fancy mixtures or stripes, box coat style, with kilted skirts; sizes 6 to 12 years—Special $12.75.

STEWART DRY GOODS CO.
(INCORPORATED.)
IN CONNECTION WITH JAMES McCREERY & CO., NEW YORK.

WOMAN'S ODD VOCATION.

[New York Sun.]

There is a handsome, smartly-gowned woman who may be seen almost any day in the auction rooms of this city. She has secured a comfortable income for herself by a novel vocation. She sells out furnished flats.

Usually she selects an apartment for which unfurnished she pays from $25 to $45, and this she furnishes completely with things picked up cheap at auctions. She supplies kitchen utensils, tableware and linen and sufficient ornaments and hangings to give the apartment the appearance of having been lived in.

When the flat is cozy-looking she inserts an advertisement in some paper stating that "A lady, called suddenly abroad, will sell the entire contents of her newly-furnished apartment at a great sacrifice to people willing to rent same."

"I seldom fail to land a purchaser," she says.

The woman disposes of the furnishings of the flat at a price that appears to be a sacrifice, but which represents a profit for her. When a satisfactory purchaser is not forthcoming she sometimes sublets a flat, receiving $40 a month for one which she rents for $25.

From a modest beginning when she furnished a single flat, bit by bit, between regular working hours, and lived in it herself until she could dispose of the contents, her business has grown until it demands her entire time. She sells out the contents of eight or ten flats each year and may sublet several more.

"I am constantly buying rugs and furnishings which experience has taught me will fit into the average flat," she says, "and I have most of the necessary things collected when I rent an apartment.

"This enables me to choose wall papers that will go nicely with the rugs and curtains intended for each room—a point which I never fail to insist upon, for some of my best patrons are teachers and art students, who think a great deal about harmony in color schemes.

"Sometimes I may buy a really good chair or table which needs only polishing or a fresh cover to make it look as good as new, for I have grown expert at doing little jobs of that kind myself, and they cost me almost nothing. But I never allow a single shabby or worn-looking object to be seen in one of my apartments, for everybody in New York fights shy of that."

Clayton Howell Dead.

Mt. Sterling, Ky., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Clayton Howell, prominent and influential farmer and for years the representative here of the Cincinnati Tobacco Warehouse, died Sunday at his home here of acute indigestion from which he had been a sufferer for years. He was forty-nine years old. Has a wife, three sons and one daughter to survive him.

SURNAMES OF ROYALTY.

[T. P.'s Weekly.]

The origin of most royal houses was similar throughout Europe, and kings and their families, speaking broadly, never had or used surnames. They signed their Christian names alone.

So universally was this the case that it became rigid etiquette that a person of royal birth should not use a surname, though there have been numbers of cases of dynasties, like our own Stuarts, like the Bernadotte dynasty of Sweden or like the Bonaparte family, who unquestionably and indubitably had inherited surnames. But it has always been a puzzle why the cadet members of our own royal house do not subscribe themselves as peers by their peerage designations, as do other peers.

However, the fact is they do not, but it has not been discovered what are the rules which govern their signatures. The sovereign signs by the Christian name and usually adds "R" or "R. and I." Princes and princesses sign by their Christian names and sometimes, but not always, add the letter "P." When or why this is added or omitted is not known.

But the habits of royalty lead others into strange happenings. There was an occasion upon which Queen Victoria after a "function" was asked to sign a visitor's book. Her Majesty wrote "Victoria R. and I." Princess Henry of Battenburg then wrote "Beatrice P." The turn of the local Mayoress came next and she signed "Elizabeth." The surname was hastily written in the following day, but too late to prevent the story gaining currency.

JAMES H. NEAFUS, SHOT IN SPINE, CANNOT RECOVER.

All hope of the recovery of James H. Neafus, who was shot by Lottie Parker at Fourteenth and Congress streets, was given up yesterday at the City Hospital when an examination revealed that the bullet had entered the spine. His wife and three-year-old son are almost constantly by his side. He is paralyzed in the lower limbs and left side.

Wedding Postponed.

St. Louis, Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Miss Anna Lou Greenwood, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Moses Greenwood, Jr., of Bartmer avenue, has postponed the date of her marriage to Mr. Hunter Jones, of Louisville, Ky., until the late winter. The wedding was originally to have taken place during the month of October, but business reasons have necessitated its postponement.

S.S.S. KILLS THE GERMS OF MALARIA

When the germs of Malaria get into the blood they destroy the rich, nutritive qualities of this vital fluid and reduce it to such a weak, watery condition that it is unable to furnish the system with the nourishment and strength necessary to keep it robust and healthy. The complexion grows pale and sallow, the appetite fails, digestion is deranged, a bilious condition of the system is set up, and often chills and fever make life miserable for the person in whose blood this insidious poison has taken root. There is but one way to rid the system of Malaria and that is to purify the blood of the germs of the disease, and S. S. S. is the remedy to accomplish this. It goes down into the circulation, destroys the germs, purifies and strengthens the weak, watery blood, making it a rich health-giving and health-sustaining stream, and makes a lasting cure of Malaria. Malarial persons will find S. S. S. not only a prompt remedy but a pleasant acting one, as well as certain cure for this debilitating disease. Besides removing the cause of Malaria S. S. S. builds up every part of the system by its fine tonic effects. Book on the blood containing information about Malaria, and any medical advice desired free to all who write.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Courier-Journal.

—Published—

DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

Office, cor. Fourth Ave. and Green st,

A Consolidation of

THE LOUISVILLE DAILY JOURNAL.
Louisville, Ky., Nov. 24, 1830.

LOUISVILLE DAILY DEMOCRAT.
Louisville, Ky., 1843.

MORNING COURIER.
Louisville, Ky., June 3, 1844.

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Daily and Sunday, delivered..1 month, 65c

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10, 12 and 14 pages .... 1 cent
16, 18, 20, 22 and 24 pages .... 2 cents
28, 32, 40 and 48 pages .... 3 cents
Sunday edition, with magazine ... 4 cents

Communications.

All communications should be addressed to the Courier-Journal and not to individuals. If writers who submit MSS. for publication wish to have rejected articles returned, they must in all cases send stamps. The editors are glad to examine MSS., but return postage must be included.

TEN PAGES

TUESDAY .... OCT. 15, 1907

"Business."

Monday Evening, Oct. 14.—After opening very weak the New York stock market met with good support, rallied and ruled steady until near the close, when weakness developed. Final prices showed mixed gains and losses.

Money on call was strong at 2¼ to 6 per cent., ruling at 3. Time loans were dull and strong at 6 to 7. Sterling exchange was firm.

New high records were touched by wheat in the Chicago market. The close was weak, with the December delivery showing a net loss of ⅛c. to ⅜c. Corn was a shade lower. Oats were ⅛c. to ⅜c. higher.

The cotton market opened firm at an advance of 14 to 18 points, moved irregularly over a wide range and closed 4 to 12 points higher than it opened.

The Chicago cattle market was steady to 10c. lower, the hog market weak and the sheep market steady.

The Telephone Situation.

The continued pressure of the Home Telephone ordinance has a decidedly suspicious look. The manner of this pressure looks suspicious; the time at which it is made, the conditions under which it is advanced; the urgency of the effort to secure a new charter, all have an exceedingly ugly appearance. Moreover, the nature of the enlarged and added privileges asked in the proposed new franchise is of itself such as to suggest a concealed "nigger in the woodpile," while the zeal with which many of the members of the present immaculate municipal administration have espoused so questionable a cause is not the least sinister-looking factor of an altogether sinister-looking situation.

We have here a corporation which owes its existence to a contract with the city of Louisville, entered into at the corporation's own solicitation, now exhausting every resource to have that contract annulled and replaced with a very much more favorable franchise which could only mean the corporation's gain and the city's loss, and we have officials who should be the representatives of the city and not of the corporation ardently co-operating with the corporation as against the city.

What is there behind and beneath it all?

If the Home Telephone people are honest in their professions; if they are sincere in their claims that they cannot live under their present charter and seek nothing more than would enable them to live on a fair competitive basis for the telephone business of Louisville, why are they so disingenuous in their methods? Why a still-hunt in a matter in which the public is as much concerned as they? Why not deal frankly with the public, which is a party to the present contract, and must be a party—the losing party—to the new contract which they seek? Why not take the public into some confidence before expecting the public to surrender a contract on the ground that it is too favorable to the public?

It is useless to mince words. Those who inspired this ordinance have done nothing to convince the public of the fairness of their motives and much to impress it to the contrary. They have attempted to "railroad" through the General Council a new grant of important privileges without publicity and without an open and unambiguous statement as to the character of those privileges. Furthermore, they have chosen as a time for this the closing days of a city administration which was never elected by the people and is in no sense representative of them, and they are attempting by this means to get rid of a contract against which they can only urge that it is too favorable for the other side. Gentlemen of the Home Telephone Company, if you will accept some of that candor which you deny to the public, your methods in this matter smack of "graft" politics of the most reprehensible nature.

You claim that you are unable to make money under your present franchise? How does the public know that? What does the public know of your business except what you choose to tell it, and what have you chosen to tell it? Instead of asking the public to take your mere word why not open your books to the public. The concessions you seek are very important concessions, and the people of Louisville, if they are to act in the matter at all, are entitled to the fullest light, which only you can give them.

Indeed, it would seem to be a good time to take up this whole question of telephone service and by thorough investigation — not investigation by Boards of Trade or anybody else but the proper city officials—ascertain the true facts. What are fair telephone rates in Louisville? Is the Home getting too little? Is the Cumberland getting too much? These are questions which are not to be answered by the representatives of either company, and should be answered definitely before the city acts upon them.

A Tariff Commission.

The idea entertained by some manufacturers of New York City that the tariff should be revised by a commission of experts and not by Congress is by no means new. The trouble about it is that the authority to revise resides in Congress alone. This power cannot be delegated without a change in the Constitution, and a constitutional change under ordinary circumstances is impossible. Hence there is a want of intelligence in any talk of a change by commission when such talk is sincere.

Of course Congress can create a commission to investigate the tariff or any other question. The committees of the two Houses are, in effect, commissions for that purpose, differing only in name and make-up from any commission that may be created. The Committee on Ways and Means of the House, and the Finance Committee of the Senate consider all bills which affect the revenue. Whether they contain experts depends upon the care with which they are selected and the character of the men from whom the selections are made. There ought to be in the two Houses experts on this subject as able as any on the outside, but the number may be limited. To create a commission of experts outside of Congress is an admission that the membership does not embrace enough of such experts to form an efficient commission. But the appointment of such a commission must be made by Congress or someone authorized by it. Hence we have a difficulty at the outset, for much will depend upon the personnel of the commission.

The people who insist on a commission to regulate tariff rates often dream of a nonpartisan commission. Now, in the sense in which this term ought to be used such a commission is impossible. For to be an expert on the tariff implies a close acquaintance with the subject, and that is incompatible in the absence of definite views on the reasons for which a tariff should be levied—whether chiefly for revenue or mainly for protection. Likewise, an expert must have his opinions upon the present tariff, whether it stands in need of any change; if it does, how and in how many particulars it ought to be changed. A real expert must have his views on this point. The man or men who select him are likely to inquire as to what his opinions may be. Men with different opinions on this point might be chosen, but the majority would be likely to incline to one side or the other. The appointing power would be likely to dare to select a majority favorable to one position or the other.

The main point, however, is that whatever the make-up of the commission, whatever might be its sentiments, it has no power to revise the tariff. That power is in Congress, and must remain there until the Constitution is changed, and such a change at present is not thinkable. The commission, therefore, can be but an advisory body. It can counsel changes in the law, but these must be made by Congress, if made at all. Its recommendations will not supersede the further investigations to be made by the committees of the two Houses. They will naturally change the recommendations of the commission or decide against them altogether, and the case will be nearly the same as if no commission had been appointed.

We have had experience with a tariff commission appointed a quarter of a century ago. It took a great deal of testimony, and decided that considerable reductions ought to be made in the tariff rates. This was done, in spite of the fact that the commission was made up of protectionists. Its report went to Congress, was warmly treated, but the outcome was that its recommendations were mainly disregarded. A new law was framed, but largely made by the committees of conference of the two houses. There were some unimportant reductions, but in the main rates that ought to have been reduced were raised or left untouched. The recommendations of the commission were not merely disregarded in most cases, but were raised. The work of the commission was not fruitful; it was without effect on the legislation, which proceeded on the lines of the ideas of the leaders in Congress and of their friends, the beneficiaries of the protective tariff.

Congress has the power and must take the responsibility of changing the tariff or leaving it unchanged. It can take advice from anybody. It can ratify the work of its own committees in framing a tariff bill, or it may employ outside experts. But all such advice is but the raw material of legislation. It can be changed, and, in fact, is always changed during the progress of a bill through two houses of Congress. When the House has passed a bill and the Senate has amended it, in innumerable cases, there is then a conference and many other changes are made before the measure becomes a law.

It is apparent, therefore, that the talk of regulating the tariff by a commission is largely academic. The recommendations of such a body have not the force of law, and come up for discussion just as they would have done if made by individuals with no official status. The commission has no constitutional power, and its recommendations amount to nothing unless accepted by Congress. There is little room to hope that they will be enacted into law; none unless they square with the position which a majority of the members have already taken. So long as a majority are pledged to carry out the wishes of the protected interests we can hope for no changes, except such as those interests are willing to concede.

It is the duty of Congress to revise the tariff, and it ought to reduce it enormously. But, as it is indisposed to do this, many members wish to shelter themselves from the censure of their constituents by trying to throw the responsibility on some other body. Hence the call for a commission. Congress must be the final judge and the interposition of a commission is a mere pretense to gain time and excuse a refusal to carry out the wishes of a majority of the people.

Cheer Up.

A panic is a state of mind. It may be artificially created. It may be caused by indiscreet actions of those who think they are averting it. Uneasiness feeds on uneasiness; nervousness is contagious. A false alarm may produce as great a fear as a genuine provocation. And so those persons who are to-day busily engaged in predicting a money panic in the United States are—unwittingly, perhaps—helping to bring about what they do not want. They are manifesting in themselves lack of confidence and they are discouraging confidence among others. The psychic effect is sure. The timid, disturbed by what they hear, hoard their money. The banker, observing the mental state of the public and noting the disappearance of money, thinks something dire is about to happen. He refuses to lend money. In turn, those who need money are unable to borrow it. The needy get into straitened circumstances. Creditors, influenced by the contagion of uneasiness, go after them. And before long, influence piled on influence and fear on fear, trouble occurs—trouble for rich and poor, employer and employe. There arrives on the scene that monster known as the money panic.

Those who are now engaged in predicting a panic are foolishly doing the worst thing they could do. They are permitting their imaginations and emotions to endanger their own prosperity and the prosperity of their neighbor, and unnecessarily, at that. The Brooklyn Eagle criticizes the bankers who translate conservatism into cowardice. "In some circumstances, nothing could be wiser," it comments. "When a storm is gathering, those who take in a reef or two, those who take precautions, are wise in their day and generation, but just now the bottom does not happen to be dropping out of things. Inflation has been followed by contraction. The fact that few or no securities are selling above intrinsic values signifies that the water has been squeezed out almost to the last drop. The change has been in the direction of safety and sanity. A year ago almost any wildcat mining scheme would repay the cost of advertising; now it is difficult to find a purchaser for a bond backed by a guarantee unquestionable. Isn't that sufficient to restore the courage of the most timorous financier?"

Exactly. Moreover, the crops have been moved. As the New York Sun puts it, the farmers will "again divide an incredible sum of money, and, as heretofore, they will diffuse it in every conceivable direction," which is to say that there will be a tremendous addition to the circulation of the circulating medium.

Fundamentally everything is lovely. The clouds in the financial sky are created out of fancy. But since panic is a mental quantity, even fanciful clouds may be pregnant with danger. The thing to do is to brace up and cheer up and chase the cloudy vagaries away. Do not let fictitious dangers develop a real peril.

Loosen up, Mr. Banker. And calm down, Mr. Business Man. If anything happens that ought not to happen it will be because of your long faces.

The Size of the Brain.

A watchman of the Pennsylvania railroad, Daniel Lyons, met a sudden death the other day in a terminal excavation in New York. An autopsy was held on his remains, and showed that he had the smallest brain ever known to be in the possession of a normal human being. The brain weighed only twenty-four ounces, while the average brain is said to weigh from forty-eight to fifty-one ounces.

Of course the statement that Lyons had the smallest brain must be understood to mean the smallest of those the weight of which has been determined. The majority of people never have their brains weighed, and so the size can only be guessed at. Various circumstances lead to the weighing of certain brains, and comparisons must be made among those whose weight has been determined. The next smallest brain, however, is said to have been that of Gambetta, the French statesman with an Italian name. As Mr. Gambetta was a man of very decided ability, his possession of so small a brain is a circumstance of much interest.

It is true that some of our great men have had unusually large brains. But the circumstance that others have had small brains naturally suggests that the quality as well as quantity of the brain must be considered. If we could fix the quality of the brain the man having the heaviest might possess the greatest mental ability. But the man with a small brain may greatly exceed in the quality of the organ, so that the size of the brain is not a conclusive test. Muscular strength is by no means proportioned to size, though we naturally expect a large man to be stronger than a small one. While this may answer as a general rule, there are so many exceptions that it is not always trustworthy. In like manner, or perhaps in a greater degree, the quality of the brain is so important that the man of small brain is sometimes superior to him who possesses a large one.

As Others See Us.

The London Times, one of the very few foreign papers that are intelligent observers of American politics, expresses surprise that the great American middle class allow themselves to be victimized by dishonest officials and thieving monopolists. The Times says that the average of honesty and intelligence is as high in America as anywhere on earth, yet the people allow "notorious rogues to attend to their public business," and even take a pride in the great Ameircan fortunes corruptly won, as if they like to be-robbed by men who add to the impressiveness of the republic abroad by the possession of vast wealth.

To quote:

"Every inhabitant of American cities must be well aware that he pays more for the ordinary accompaniments of urban civilization than he should pay, for roads, lights, the protection of life and property; and that all of these necessaries, supplied at exorbitant rates, are often bad of the kind."

One potent reason for the immunity of the American municipal grafter has been the thriftless apathy of the average citizen as to how, and by whom, public business is conducted. Another reason has been slavery to political parties. One of the duties of every citizen is to investigate for himself the government of his city to the end that he may cast his vote intelligently. Another duty is to vote as the conscience, and not the party, dictates. Measurable independence —not mugwumpery—is necessary to the procurement of the best brand of municipal government. Both duties are widely and sadly neglected. Where independence is manifested at the polls it tends to force all parties to adopt moderate decency for purely business reasons if for no other.

When the average American ceases to neglect his political education and awakens to the fact that when he votes for a corrupt gang he not only becomes an accessory before the fact to the crime of grafting, but gives political buccaneers a letter of marque to prey upon his own interests, we shall have less stealing and better regulated cities.

The War Balloon.

The remarks of Maj. Hersey about the need of war balloons are interesting. The recent improvement in airships and balloons, while some of their achievements are sensational, are still subject to the objections that their efficiency depends greatly upon the direction and velocity of the air currents. But that war balloons would be efficient in certain cases, and under certain conditions, seems to have been demonstrated.

It is not probable, however, that our military authorities are insensible to the extent to which war balloons are being used in Europe. As no emergency exists, and as it will probably be possible to provide them in time should the need for them be felt, it may be that the authorities are waiting the results of various experiments now making in other countries before entering upon this comparatively new branch of a military programme.

There seems no pressing need of pushing our aeronautic preparations in advance of the discoveries which are being made in this particular department. There is no apparent threat of war at present, and if one should come we should probably be able to provide war balloons by the time they are required.

The Yaquis, who have killed two more Mexicans, are a noble tribe of red men who are unsubdued, after four centuries of fighting, because they have fought Mexicans instead of citizens of the United States.

Vaudeville "artists" are said to earn the highest salaries in proportion to their labors. However, the man of equal ability who carries a hod has the consolation of knowing that he has not defrauded anybody.

The scarcity of wood pulp does not alarm Indiana authors. The British Museum contains books written on oyster shells, and Indiana's southern boundary is the mussel-bearing Ohio.

In Spokane a bachelor who has $1,000 is considered eligible to matrimony. While there is no rigid rule the possession of $18.40 usually entitles a man to consideration from Boston maidens.

The golden silence of autumn has not been pierced for five whole days by the stentorian voice of T. C. Platt declaring his unswerving determination to serve his country some more.

In the humble opinion of Raisuli, who is just getting $150,000 for Caid Mac Lean, whom he recently bagged, bear hunting in Louisiana is child's play.

They are making cigars eighteen inches long in the Philippines, which shows that the Cannon boom has taken hold in our island possessions.

"His tongue is now a stringless instrument," said a minister at the funeral of a Western politician. Brass even in death?

Fourteen feet through the valley will never cost the taxpayers as much as New York traction magnates can steal in a year.

Why can't the midshipmen defer marriage until they grow up?

POINTS ABOUT PEOPLE.

Miss Louise Graham was the hostess at an informal dinner given last evening. Her guests were Misses Sue Vernon Wolfe, Nella Rankins, Messrs. Ernest Bigelow, of New York; Ainslie Hewett and Horace Taylor.

* * *

Mrs. Henry Spencer, of Washington, who is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Price, on Third avenue, for a short time, was the guest of honor at a luncheon given at the Country Club yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Morris Belknap. Those invited to meet Mrs. Spencer were:

MESDAMES.

A. O. Brand,	Adger Stewart,
Thos. Floyd Smith,	Alexander Barret,
Charles Allen,	Avery Robinson,
Wilson Cochran,	Lewis Humphrey.
John Doolan,	

MISSES.

Carolyn Leech,	Mattie Sevier Bonnie.
Emily Hussey,	

* * *

Dr. F. W. Koehler will give a theater party on next Monday evening at Macauley's Theater in honor of Miss Sally Cooke, one of the attractive debutantes of the season.

* * *

Miss Anna Burge Muir will come in from Pewee Valley on Friday to spend several days with Miss Sally Cooke, on First street.

* * *

The engagement of Mr. Will B. Bristow, of New York, to Miss Louise Baldwin, of New York, has been announced. Mr. Bristow is the son of Gen. Benjamin H. Bristow, former Secretary of the Treasury under Grant, and who later practiced law in Louisville. Gen. Bristow moved to New York, where he was a member of the firm of Bristow, Opdyke & Peate. Mr. Will Bristow is now a member of the firm.

Miss Baldwin is a daughter of Mr. C. C. Baldwin, former president of the Louisville and Nashville railroad. She is a sister of the late Columbus Baldwin, who, with Mr. Foxhall Keene, was one of the champion polo players of America. The wedding of Miss Baldwin and Mr. Bristow will be solemnized in New York in November.

* * *

Mrs. Harry Lyons has issued invitations to a luncheon to be given at the Country Club on Saturday in honor of Misses Belle and Joel Harris.

* * *

Mrs. Frank C. Waller, of Chicago, who has been visiting Mrs. Albert Cowan, is now the guest of her sister, Mrs. Roland Whitney, on Third avenue.

* * *

Mrs. Strauder Douglas Goff, of Winchester, who has been visiting Mrs. Mallory Davis at "Woodside," will be the guest of Mrs. Jack Woodward, on Park avenue, after to-morrow.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Elmer Railey and their son have returned to their home in Lexington, after a visit to Mrs. Railey's parents, Gen. John B. Castleman and Mrs. Castleman.

* * *

The regular meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary of the Kentucky Humane Society will be held on Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock at 406 West Ormsby avenue. A full attendance is urged.

* * *

Mr. Brooks Nichols, of Tarrytown, N. Y., will arrive the last of the week to be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph B. Dunlap for a short visit.

* * *

Miss Mildred Norton has returned from a visit of a few days to Miss Susan Bass in Rome, Ga.

* * *

Mrs. John Yeatman, of Birmingham, Ala., who is the guest of Miss Mary Manfull at the Weissinger-Gaulbert, will return home to-morrow evening.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Payne McIntosh, of Cleveland, O., will arrive to-day to be the guests of Mrs. John Manfull until after the wedding of Miss Mary Manfull to Mr. Warren M. Shallcross, which takes place at noon to-morrow.

* * *

Miss Ellen Filley, of St. Louis, who has been visiting Miss Lucile Hite, returned home on Sunday night.

* * *

Mr. Henry P. McIntosh, of Cleveland, will arrive to-day and will be the guest of Mr. Warren Shallcross for two days. Mr. McIntosh is coming to attend the wedding of Miss Manfull to Mr. Shallcross.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Caperton will be the hosts at a buffet luncheon to be given at their country place, "Rio Vista," today in honor of their niece, Miss Florence Danforth, and her fiance, Mr. Lindley Smyth, of Philadelphia.

* * *

Mrs. Victor Newcomb will give an afternoon reception to-day in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Marriott C. Smyth, of Philadelphia, who are in Louisville to attend the wedding of their son, Mr. Lindley Smyth, Jr., to Miss Florence Newcomb Danforth, which takes place to-morrow.

* * *

The Cherokee Golf Club will give a banquet on Saturday evening at The Seelbach in honor of Gen. John B. Castleman and Capt. William I. Hunt.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Gordon, Mrs. Virginia Shallcross and Mr. Wyatt Shallcross, of St. Louis, will arrive to-day to be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Shallcross until after the wedding of Miss Mary Manfull to Mr. Warren Shallcross to-morrow.

* * *

Mrs. A. H. Stevenson, of South Bend, Ind., will arrive this morning to visit Mr. and Mrs. Louis Davidson until after the Manfull-Shallcross wedding.

* * *

Mr. Todd Peter, who has been in Birmingham, Ala., has returned to Louisville to stay until after the wedding of Miss Agnes Osborne to Mr. Christopher Urwick, which will take place to-morrow evening.

* * *

Mrs. John Sherwin and Mrs. Robert Beatty, of Cleveland, will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Davidson on Third avenue until after the Manfull-Shallcross wedding.

* * *

Mrs. George Cogar and her daughter, Miss Marion Cogar, of Danville, have returned home after a week's stay at The Seelbach.

* * *

Mr. George Stetson Gardner, of Redlands, Cal., is in Louisville for a visit, having come to attend the wedding of Miss Mary Manfull to Mr. Warren Shallcross.

* * *

Dr. Hill Hastings, who has been in Los Angeles, Cal., will arrive to-day to visit Mr. and Mrs. Owsley Brown until after his wedding to Miss Mary Garvin Brown on October 23.

* * *

Misses Aline, Annabel and Mary Fox, of Danville, who have been visiting their aunt, Mrs. Andrew M. Sea, and their cousin, Miss Frances Fox, returned home yesterday.

* * *

Miss Amelia Brown and Miss Mary Prewitt Stucky have returned after spending a few days with Miss Lucy White Booker at "Nitta Yuma."

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Smith Speed, of Montgomery, Ala., are in Louisville for a visit, having come to attend the wedding of Miss Mary Manfull to Mr. Warren Shallcross.

* * *

Miss Fanny Lockett, of Montreal, Can., will arrive to-day to visit Mrs. Charles L. Nelson for several weeks.

* * *

Mrs. Crittenden Collings, of Cincinnati, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Robert Bell, on West Chestnut street for ten days, returned home yesterday.

* * *

Mr. Will A. Fitch has returned home after a week's visit in Danville.

* * *

Miss Adelaide Brown entertained informally on Friday evening in honor of her guest, Miss Estelle Bennett, of Grand Rapids, Mich. Those present were: Miss Bennett, Miss Mary Graham, of Graham, Tex.; Miss Laura Beilstein; Messrs. Howard Saunders, Robert Omberg, Heywood Harrison and Fairleigh Franklin.

* * *

Miss Elizabeth Olmstead, who was operated on for appendicitis at the Deaconess Hospital Saturday morning, is progressing toward recovery.

* * *

Mr. Irving P. Lord, of Waupaca, Wis., is visiting his brother, Dr. Arthur K. Lord.

* * *

Mrs. Henry Levy, of Evansville, Ind., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Charles Rosenheim.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Clark will leave Thursday for New York to be gone several weeks. They will stop at the Jamestown Exposition for several days and will be joined by their son, Halloway Clark, who is attending the University of Virginia.

* * *

Mrs. G. T. Bergmann has gone to Lexington to visit her daughter, Dr. Louise Bergmann Healy.

* * *

Miss Margaret Butler, of Paris, State secretary of the D. A. R., will arrive today to visit Mrs. E. B. Clark during the D. A. R. conference.

* * *

Mr. A. L. Noe, who has been ill for four weeks at St. Joseph's Infirmary, has returned to his home.

* * *

Miss Julia Spurr, of Lexington, will be with Mrs. E. B. Clark during the D. A. R. conference.

* * *

Mrs. M. J. Schneiderhahn, who has been ill, is now convalescent and is able to receive her friends.

* * *

Miss Jennie Buford, of Campbellsburg, who has been a guest of Mrs. B. M. Snook for the past ten days, is now visiting Mrs. Bettie Casaday at Beard.

* * *

Miss Grace Hamilton left for Carthage Springs, Mo., where she will spend several weeks to recuperate before going on an extended trip through Southern California.

* * *

The wedding of Miss Elizabeth Figg to Mr. George Garrick was solemnized Wednesday evening in Jeffersonville at the German Catholic parsonage. Miss Figg is a popular young woman of the East End. Mr. Garrick is connected with the steel works in Jeffersonville. Mr. and Mrs. Garrick will be at home after October 25 at 511 Indiana avenue.

* * *

Messrs. W. H. and S. M. Simmons have returned from a visit of ten days to the country.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Prettyman, of Alexandria, Va., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Burrows, at 126 West Chestnut street, Jeffersonville, Ind. Mrs. Prettyman is a sister of Mrs. Burrows, and is spending her honeymoon in Indiana and Kentucky. Mrs. Burrows entertained for her Saturday evening.

* * *

The meeting of the Council of Jewish Women which was to have been held yesterday has been postponed and will be held next Tuesday.

* * *

Evansville, Ind., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Viola England and Robert J. Whitehead and Miss Sallie Wingfield, of Burke City, Ky., came here last night and were married by Magistrate Eben C. Poole.

ON THE FUNNY BONE.

Sometimes.

When wed a week a pair have been.
Ere comes a spat,
They blithely start housekeeping in
A little flat.

But when they've wedded been a year
It happens that
They find their married life, I fear,
A little flat.

* * *

Not An Affinity.

"Maria, I may as well tell you first as last. I have an aff—"

Biff!

"An affluent friend coming to dinner today. Whatcher wanter soak me like that fer? Woman, you are too sudden."

* * *

It Really Does.

"The rain falls alike on the just and the unjust."

"A good arrangement."

"Why so?"

"Seems to afford considerable satisfaction to both classes."

* * *

Perfectly Consistent.

"You girls ain't consistent."

"Why ain't we consistent?"

"You wear thinner clothes in winter than in summer."

"Bah! Don't we offset that by wearing furs?"

* * *

Pathetic Poem.

When ended is the daily grind
A wearied gent
Turns homeward but, alas, to find
The cook has went.

* * *

One Brand of Thoughtfulness.

"Father is purty thoughtful."

"So?"

"Never tells any bad news at home. Jest sets around an' groans an' shakes his head till mother is purty nigh crazy. Yes, father is what I call a thoughtful man."

* * *

Soul-Mated.

"She declares they were made for each other."

"How does she make that out?"

"He earns about the monthly amount she'd like to spend."

* * *

Mr. Pott On Kettles.

"The use of slang gives me a pain," quoth he in language stout. "I think from it folks should refrain. They ought to cut it out."

NOT WRITTEN BY STURGEON.

(To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.)

The hymn published in the Courier-Journal of this date, beginning

"Lord it belongs not to my care
Whether I die or live,"

was written by Rev. Richard Baxter near 150 years ago, and not by Clarence Sturgeon, the condemned murderer, who claims its authorship. It may be found in the hymnals of the Protestant churches.

W. F. BARCLAY.

Louisville, Oct. 14, 1907.

STURGEON COPIED THE HYMN.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

In to-day's paper is published a poem, of which Clarence Sturgeon, who is under sentence to be hanged on November 15, claims to be the author. As was suspected by the reporter, the hymn was simply copied by Sturgeon, the real author being the Rev. Richard Baxter, an English clergyman, who died in 1691. In "Laudes Domini," a book published by the Century Company, it will be found as hymn 671, entitled, "I Shall Be With Him."

A CONSTANT READER.

Danville, Ky., October 14.

SORRY FOR MOTHER.

[Harrodsburg Democrat.]

"I am sorry for mother," remarked young Clarence Sturgeon, the triple murderer, of Louisville, when told that he must die on the scaffold within a fortnight. Ah, yes! Sorry for mother! And so is every other citizen of Kentucky sorry for the old woman whose head is bowed in sorrow and disgrace.

And that is the sad feature of all crime and punishment of crime. It is not the criminal who suffers most, but the innocents who happen to be tied to him or her by pulsing ties of love. The blow falls heaviest on those who least deserve it—the father, mother, sisters, brothers, wife or children of the wrong-doer. How little thought the wayward give to this fact!

How much better had it been had young Sturgeon been "sorry for mother" when first he frequented barrooms and tough resorts at the beginning of his downward career. How much better had he been "sorry for mother" when he associated with vile women, the final cause for his heartless and causeless murder of three men. Oh! how much better if every boy and girl would be "sorry for mother" when temptation comes to them, and allow the thought of that mother's suffering love to hold them true to the course of honor.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA

A L. H. WILSON, in what he calls his "song-bedecked play," held the attention of a large audience at Macauley's last night, and appreciation was expressed by a curtain call and a demand for a speech. Mr. Wilson's response was brief. He was grateful for the compliment. It was his first appearance in Louisville, but, he hoped, not his last.

The play is a conventional melodrama —a very conventional melodrama—leavened by the singing of songs. The scenes are laid in Southern Switzerland and the Swiss Alps. Metz is a happy dweller in the village of Sandgate when a serpent creeps into his Eden. The serpent is a villain of the orthodox melodrama type, who was thought to be dead when his wife married Metz Muller. He is a forger and a smuggler, a robber and other sorts of a villain. He compels Mrs. Muller to leave home. She returns to see the "cheeild," and Muller plans to get an interview with her to straighten things out, but the villain appears at a window and, unseen by his successor, holds a pistol in such a position that Mrs. Miller leaves things unexplained to save Muller's life.

The villain plans to murder Metz somewhere up in the Alps, in a cold, snowclad "beware-of-the-awful avalanche" sort of place, when the two are upon a journey, Metz for the purpose of attending to important business, and the villain for the purpose of hanging to Metz until an opportunity for missing him presents itself. The villain exposes his plot in the presence of the child, and then chloroforms the child to prevent her from tattling. A fight in which a large knife figures, results in Metz foiling the villain. Mrs. Muller and the child, attempting to find Metz while he is out on the side of a mountain preparing to finish the flight with carbines, get lost in the snow. The snow is falling, like Bill Nye's autumn leaves, "falling, falling here and there, falling through the atmosphere and likewise through the air," when the villain comes upon the woman and the child, and holding his hand over a wound in his diaphragm, declares that he will be revenged by pitching the two into a crevasse. He selects the woman as the first victim and heaves her into space, but Metz arrives in the nick of time and accomplished a rescue that is little short of marvelous, or perhaps not short of it at all. In the net act the villain is detected by a customs officer and it is learned that he is "wanted" for many crimes.

Mr. Wilson is fortunate in having the scenes of his play laid in Switzerland. The "vehicle" sticks closely to the traditions of melo-drama, even to the point of allowing the weeping heroine and the child to be driven into the snow and badly ragged there by a villain whose temper is so devilish that his nose forgets to be cold, but the scenery of the Alps and of Southern Switzerland, in later acts, offers good opportunities for "elaborate settings," and due advantage is taken of them. Pictorially the play is quite attractive.

Mr. Wilson as Metz manages his work very capably. His lines are a fairly happy mingling of humor and pathos. His broken English is effective, and he makes friends with his audience. For the display of his talents as a singer many opportunities for bursting into song are given him, and his voice without having a wide range, is a good one. Aside from the songs for which his programme called, he sung, in the last act, several others, by request, among them a coon song, which elicited hearty applause.

The most capable member of the cast aside from the star is Miss Olive Wright —aged ten, apparently, although guesses at the age of stage children are somewhat more risky than laying a wager on a hurdle race or the verdict of a petit jury —who plays the role of Muller's little daughter. Although her work in the later acts consists largely in being chloroformed, being handed about from one person to another, and standing knee-deep in the snow listening to the villain's proposals to throw her down a chasm to get even with her father, she has good lines earlier in the action, and displays not a little talent.

As a play "Metz in the Alps" is the average melodrama. Mr. Wilson by his singing, lifts it somewhat above the average as an entertainment. His audience last night was quite enthusiastic. The engagement is for this evening and to-morrow afternoon and evening.

* * *

At the Mary Anderson.

Monologists are as thick in vaudeville as mosquitoes in a Jersey swamp, and as a rule, but little less annoying. An exception to the rule is James J. Morton, who is at the Mary Anderson this week. Unlike many worthy and energetic but misplaced persons who would have been unskilled laborers if they had not entered upon stage careers, Mr. Morton is a real comedian, and a man of sufficient mentality to have arrived in one of the "learned professions" if he had chosen to do real work instead of electing to stand still in the middle of the stage for fifteen minutes twice a day and make an audience giggle. He is a quiet, clerical looking person who talks through an unsmiling countenance and manages to provoke mirth by describing the simplest things humorously. His description of the "act" preceding his is quite as amusing as the rest of his monologue, and his casual manner of discussing the work of others on the programme might lead the innocent to believe that he had not intended to say anything about them before "coming on." Mr. Morton is easily the best monologist in vaudeville.

Maud Hall-Macy in "The Magpie and the Jay," presents a really excellent one-act play in which a Bowery girl comes to the country to marry a farmer who has fallen in love with her photograph published in a newspaper.

Three characters, the farmer, Jay Bird, his sister Nancy, and the Magpie, Liz, appear. Miss Hall-Macy, as the Bowery girl, does a bit of character work that is quite worth while, and Jessie Dodd, as Nancy Bird, a rasping-voiced, over-worked cook, housekeeper and woman of all work at a farm house, gives an artistic portrayal of a character that might easily lose its entire value by being burlesqued.

Others on the bill are Bellonini, juggler, Josephine Ainsley, who sings, the Dumond Parisian minstrels, Berney Fagan and Henrietta Byron, in songs and dances, and the four Luken acrobats.

* * *

At the Masonic.

If pretty women, handsomely-gowned, who can sing; many catchy songs, well-rendered; people who know how to do interesting "stunts" to amuse, makes an evening bright and cheerful, then the audiences at the Masonic yesterday afternoon and last evening was well pleased. For "Bonita" and "The Wine, Woman and Song" company is far and away the best offering that the Masonic has had for many a day.

The entertainment is opened with a musical affair called "Going Into Vaudeville." It is a "take-off" on the various actors and the plays in which they have made their greatest success. Genevieve De Astorbilt is giving a party to a number of friends and has invited New York's leading actors to help her entertain. They arrived costumed as they appeared on the stage that evening. Robert Mantell is the first to arrive, as "Richard II.," followed by Maude Adams, as "Peter Pan." Then comes David Warfield as "The Music Master." Proctor Keith, from the West, is next, with Fay Templeton as Mary, in "Forty-five Minutes From Broadway." George M. Cohan, the Yankee Doodle comedian, is sixth, closely followed by Blanch Bates as the Girl, in "The Girl From the Golden West." Others are Chauncey Olcott, Caruso, of monkey fame; La Domino Rouge, and, lastly, the popular "Bonita," as the Gibson Girl. It's all very funny, and the different burlesques on the famous stars and plays are realy clever.

Theise's "Harmonists," four singers who can sing fairly well, rendered The Soldiers' Chorus from "Faust" with some feeling, ending their turn with a patriotic medley which seemed to please.

"The End of the World," an one-act farce with something of a story, is played well above the average by Nat Carr, Alan Coogan and Mamie Walker.

The review ends with a musical farce, "Millinery Maids," which is full of song and dance, and there is one little girl on the right end who does Peter Pan in the opening of the piece, and is the happiest, cutest little creature one ever hopes to see in a musical show.

"Bonita," the star of the piece, is a handsome woman, dances gracefully and possesses a voice of rare sweetness.

Nat Carr—brother of Alexander Carr, who made such a hit as Warfield in the New York production that the Shuberts are starring him this season—plays second to "Bonita." In "The End of the World" he showed that greater things are expected of him, and his "Music Master," though lacking the true sincerity of the part, was well done. James Mullen did Mantell true to the actor's manner and Alan Coogan's dancing as George Cohan won the hearts of those that appreciate Cohan's style. Mamie Walker is to be congratulated on her dance, most of which is on her toes, and her Esther in "The End of the World."

"No Wedding Bells," "Come Out and Shine, Mr. Moon," and "Won't You Be My Baby Boy?" are perhaps the best songs, and the dancing, chiefly done by the Pony Ballet, is wel done.

"Wine, Woman and Song" is for the week, with matinees on Friday and Saturday, owing to the fact that the Masonic Grand Lodge holds its meetings at the theater on the usual matinee days.

IMPORTANCE OF THE OLIVE.

We are rapidly becoming as oleaginous as the Italians, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. These are not wild words. Look at the figures. In 1894 we imported 737,000 gallons of olive oil; in 1897, 928,000 gallons. Not much growth there. It hadn't begun. Last year we imported 2,447,151 gallons of oil, more or less pure.

But the growth in importations doesn't tell the whole story; not by any means. While we have been rapidly increasing our orders abroad, we have been developing an industry at home, until to-day we are producing as much as we import. There is but a limited area in the United States that is adapted to the cultivation of olives, and most of that is in Southern California, where the combination of salt sea air and warm sunshine the year around is found. The mission fathers introduced some of the Spanish varieties a hundred years or more ago, and trees a century old are still bearing at San Juan Capistrano. The padres did no more than prove that olives would grow and fruit in Southern California. Their cultivation on a commercial basis is a matter of much more recent date, and the work of another people. It was slow work at first, as all such experiments are. The varieties best suited to the soil and climate, the best adapted to shipping, had to be learned by actual experience, and experience in the matter of olive culture is only acquired through years of patient labor and investigation. So it was not until the closing years of the last decade that the olive and its oil began to assume any importance as a commercial product. But now there are thousands of acres of the beautiful gray-green trees in bearing, and when an olive tree begins to bear it never lets up. It is the most persistent, as well as one of the most prolific, producers on earth. The average life of the tree is about 250 years, though there are trees known to have lived and borne fruit much longer than that. In Sicily there is an olive tree of unknown antiquity, which measures twenty-six feet in circumference, and still produces an average of 246 gallons of oil each year. In California, the fruit ripens in November or December, but the fruit used for pickling is not usually allowed to ripen. It is picked green, before the oil begins to form. When oil is to be extracted the fruit is allowed to ripen. The flesh is then ground from the pits and the pulp placed in sacks in the form of a cheese. Six or seven of these sacks are placed one above another, with perforated iron plates between them. The stock is then placed in a hydraulic press, which extracts the oil. The first produce of the press is called "virgin" oil, which is the purest and the sweetest. Successive pressings from the same pulp produce an oil of inferior quality and flavor, but nearly all California oil is said to be pure. It is a pity that as much cannot be said of all the imported.

HIS DREAM SHATTERED.

[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.]

"I was working in the reference room of the Mercantile Library the other day," said a man connected with one of the local papers, "when there came in together a stout, middle-aged man, who looked as though he might be the head of a business firm, and a man whose hands gave evidence of hard, grimy work, such as might be done in a factory or foundry. The mechanic was evidently dressed in his Sunday clothes, and had made a special effort to brush up for the occasion, which to him was of some importance.

"The two men sat down together at a table, and the business man, after consulting a little memorandum book, made a note on a slip of paper and handed it to one of the clerks. The young fellow went away, and shortly returned with a patent-office report, which he laid before the two men. The large man turned the pages rapidly, stopped at the middle of the book, read a line or two, then said, 'There it is,' and handed the book to his companion, rose, picked up his hat and went away.

"The mechanic read the description slowly from beginning to end, then studied the drawing which accompanied it, then reread the description. He sat still a long time, his eyes covered by his hand, without moving a muscle. Two or three tears fell from under his fingers on the pages of the book. He noticed them, and, without taking his hand from his eyes, drew his handkerchief from his pocket and wiped the pages, furtively peering through his fingers to see if any one had taken notice. Apparently relieved at being, as he thought, unobserved, he gave his eyes a hasty rub with his handkerchief, closed the book and walked out.

"The scene told its own story. He was an inventor who had designed something he supposed to be perfectly new. He may have spent months or years of hard work in bringing it to perfection. He had probably employed all his available means in experiments with his device, and yet, the first time he tried to interest a man of means in his contrivance, he found that his idea had been anticipated by an earlier inventor."

MENELIK'S MOTOR CAR.

[London Daily Mirror.]

Subjects of the Emperor Menelik of Abyssinia will shortly make the acquaintance for the first time of a motor car.

The car is a gift to the Emperor from the British Government, through its Minister, Sir John Harrington, and has been constructed by the Adams manufacturing Company, Ltd., at Bedford.

When the car arrives at the nearest port to Abyssinia a special roadway will be cut through the jungle to Adis Ababa, where the Emperor has his palace.

The car is fitted with special springs and joints to overcome the jolting on hard and unmade roads, and in case of punctures a novel idea has been patented.

A new wheel is attached to the spokes of the damaged wheel, and the Emperor, with only five minutes' delay, will be able to continue his tour.

His chauffeur has been specially trained, having come over two months ago from Abyssinia to be initiated into the mysteries of the wonderful car.

The fittings of the car are in every way worthy of his majesty, and a rack is provided for the famous umbrella which the monarch carries about in all weathers.

LIVE FISH ON BOARD.

[New York World.]

The ocean hotel Amerika is now a floating aquarium also. There wasn't a prouder man aboard than "Charlie" Nagle, manager of the Ritz-Carlton restaurant, when the Hamburg-American floating hosteiry arrived from Hamburg, Southampton and Cherbourg; for had he not sold to his customers in the restaurant more than 500 fresh trout and 150 carp?

Charlie thought the new aquarium, with its scientific apparatus for keeping the fish alive and fat, was the finest piece of news aboard.

"Why, Commodore James Gordon Bennett had fish every day," said Charlie proudly. "I showed him the live fish, and then I cooked it for him."

The tanks, big zinc affairs, filled with fresh water, are housed away up on the top of the ship, near the base of the smokestacks. The water is supplied with fresh oxygen by pumping it into the tops of little towers, where through punctures the fresh air comes in touch with it, and thus the trout are kept alive and jumping.

Phoenix
Pure White Lead

is worth $7.50 to $8.00 per hundred pounds. One hundred pounds of barytes or silica is worth 65 cents.

Paint Buyers

who accept 65-cent barytes or silica and pay $8.00 (the price of White Lead) for it, or who pay even *half* the price of White Lead, could hardly be called shrewd buyers.

That is the "bargain" which the buyer of "graded" or so-called "cheap" lead makes.

When in need of paint, buy PURE White Lead. The Dutch Boy Painter on the keg is your guaranty.

For sale by first class dealers

NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY
Freeman Ave. and 7th St., Cincinnati, O.

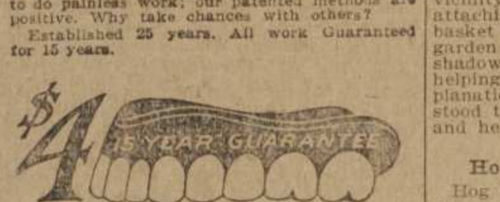
IMPORTED
MARASCHINO CHERRIES
In Quart-size Bottles
68c Each.
New Goods and Worth 85c Bottle.
MAMMOTH
GROCERY CO.

Come Up to
GREENE'S
425-429 East Market
The Largest
FURNITURE, STOVE, CARPET and RUG HOUSE
In the State
LOWEST PRICES—BEST TERMS

Save Pain! Save Money!

Teeth extracted absolutely without pain. Acknowledged to be the easiest and best painless extractor in Louisville.

DON'T be humbugged by dentists who claim to do painless work; our patented methods are positive. Why take chances with others? Established 25 years. All work Guaranteed for 15 years.



Whalebone Set of Teeth, with Rivets, $4.

BRIDGEWORK, Guaranteed	$2.50
BEST SET OF TEETH	$2.00 up
22-K GOLD CROWNS	$2.50
GOLD FILLINGS	75c
SILVER FILLINGS	25c

NATIONAL DENTAL PARLORS 582 Fourth Avenue.
Open Daily Till 9 p. m. Sundays All Day.

J. D. Powers, President;
Matt O'Doherty, First Vice President;
Darwin W. Johnson, Sec. and Treas.

Commonwealth Life Insurance Company

Home Office, 308 W. Chestnut street,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
Offers to the People of Kentucky
THE MOST LIBERAL POLICY
That is issued by any company.
Dividends Are Guaranteed
And plainly stated in the policy. Let us explain this contract to you.
Address the Secretary.

DO YOU SUFFER WITH Epilepsy?

This is the fairest offer ever made to sufferers of Epilepsy or Fits. Just deposit $1.50 with T. P. Taylor & Co., Incorporated, Third and Jefferson, 332 and 582 Fourth avenue, and get a bottle of Elixir Kosine. If after using same you are not entirely satisfied, your money will be returned. This trial is given at our expense.

Elixir Kosine is absolutely free from alcohol, cocaine, morphine or opiates. Prevent the attacks of fits or epileptic seizures and rid yourself of this dread disease by beginning the Kosine treatment to-day. Price $1.50. Mail orders filled. The Kosine Company, Washington, D. C., or call on T. P. Taylor & Co., Incorporated, Third and Jefferson streets, and 332 and 582 Fourth avenue.

L&N **$6.55** ROUND TRIP
To Chattanooga
REUNION ARMY OF CUMBERLAND.
Tickets on sale Oct. 15 and 16; limited to return to Oct. 20.
City Ticket Office, 410 Fourth ave.

CHILD'S CUSTODY

Object of Suit Filed Against Margaret Storz.

CHILDREN'S GUARDIANS THINK SHE SHOULD NOT HAVE BOY.

SON OF MAN WHO COMMITTED SUICIDE THURSDAY.

GRANDMOTHER WANTS HIM.

On an affidavit made by Capt. M. E. Clegg, who is a member of the organization, the Board of Children's Guardians of Clark county, Ind., filed suit in the Clark Circuit Court at Jeffersonville yesterday afternoon against Mrs. Margaret M. Storz, for the custody of her son, Arthur B. Storz, who is about four years old. Mrs. Storz is the widow of Frank Storz, who drank carbolic acid in Louisville last Thursday night while talking to his wife, a daughter being company of her mother when the parents met. The two had not been living together for several weeks. They were married a few years ago and on application of the husband a divorce was granted last summer, the son being given to the father. A reconciliation followed and they were remarried, but did not live happily.

It is set forth in the affidavit made by Capt. Clegg, as an officer of the Board of Children's Guardians of Clark county, Ind., that as such officer he has knowledge of facts which cause him to have a substantial belief that Arthur B. Storz, a child under the age of fifteen years, is abandoned and wilfully neglected by the defendant and habitually treated with cruelty; that he believes that if the custody of the child is given the mother, the defendant, the association of such child will be such as to contaminate and corrupt it.

The child has been in the custody of his grandmother, Mrs. Conrad Storz, agent in Jeffersonville for the Louisville Beer Trust for several weeks, and his mother went to the house on Sunday for the purpose of seeing her son. It then became evident she wanted the child and steps were begun to prevent her getting him. Following the complaint a writ was issued for the boy to be taken before Judge Montgomery and he was temporarily placed in the keeping of his grandmother until the court can determine what is to be done with him.

INJUNCTION HOLDS UP WORK.

Pennsylvania Doesn't Want Interurban Line To Cross It.

A temporary delay in starting the cars on the new interurban line between Louisville and Indianapolis has been occasioned by the filing of an injunction at Brownstown, Jackson county, Ind., through M. Z. Stannard, of Jeffersonville, chief counsel for the Louisville division of the Pennsylvania Railway Company, against the Indianapolis, Columbus and Southern Traction Company and J. G. Irwin, president of the corporation, to prevent the traction line crossing the track of the railroad at Seymour. A temporary restraining order was granted by Judge Joseph H. Shea and the case will come up for a hearing on Saturday at Brownstown.

The road is now practically completed from Louisville to Indianapolis, with the exception of a small amount of work to be done at Seymour, a part of which is putting in the crossing. Cars are now running from Columbus, from which point the line was extended, to Seymour, but cannot get over the crossing. The delay is believed to be only temporary, and until the suit is settled other work can be done in finishing the line. Mr. Irwin built the line from Columbus to Indianapolis and had several tilts with the Pennsylvania people, but bested them on every occasion, and it was not expected he would have any trouble in getting through to Seymour. The railroad secured a restraining order against the Louisville and Southern Indiana Traction Company when an attempt was made to cross the tracks in Jeffersonville, but the court decided in favor of the newcomer.

HALF BUSHEL OF TURNIPS

May Cause James Ewing's Sentence On Larceny Charge.

James Ewing, a Jeffersonville man, known as "Toker" Ewing, was arrested yesterday afternoon and placed in jail by Capt. M. E. Clegg to answer to the charge of stealing one peck of turnips, of the value of ten cents, from the State of Indiana. Ewing expressed a belief that he would be given a sentence of from one to eight years in the Indiana Reformatory, as the proof against him is without dispute. Ewing lives in the vicinity of the Indiana Reformatory, and attaching himself to a half-bushel split basket yesterday afternoon, went to the garden of the institution, and in the shadow of its walls, where he began helping himself to turnips. The only explanation he offered was that he understood the turnips were being given away and he called to get his share.

Hog Thieves At Howard Park.

Hog thieves are working to such an extent in the vicinity of Howard Park, a Jeffersonville suburb, that the people have become aroused, and a public meeting is talked of for the purpose of organizing a detective association to patrol the town and its immediate surroundings. Several animals have been stolen within the past few nights and taken away, no trace being left of what route the thieves took. In other instances attempts to steal hogs have been frustrated, the animals being so large they could not be lifted out of the pens.

NOTES OF THE NEWS FROM JEFFERSONVILLE.

—Joseph Walter and Mary K. Walter, his wife, yesterday conveyed to Raphael J. Walter seventy-eight acres of land in Grant 206, for $1,500.

—In the City Court yesterday morning Patrick Gavin was fined $1 and costs on the charge of intoxication. Bond for an appeal to the Circuit Court was given.

—W. C. Pfau, a well-known business man, is confined to his home by a serious attack of typhoid fever. His wife has just recovered from a prolonged illness.

—The fact was made public yesterday afternoon that on October 11, Magistrate Thomas M. Paswater officiated at the marriage of Thomas True and Mrs. Rose Moore, both of this city.

—The second degree will be conferred on four applicants to-night at the meeting of Tabor Lodge of Odd Fellows, and arrangements will be completed for a class initiation next month.

—Mrs. Walter B. Hassan and daughter have gone to Butler, Pa., where they will remain a month with Mr. and Mrs. Richard Morgan, who have just completed a visit to their old home in this city.

—Anna Brown yesterday filed suit for divorce against Milburn Brown in the Circuit Court on the charge of cruel treatment and abandonment. They were married April 12, 1901, and separated on July 23, 1904.

—John Maisttison, a painter, and Miss Rettie Niehus, both of New Albany, were married in this city by Magistrate Benjamin J. Ferguson. The groom is twenty-two and the bride, who was born in this county, eighteen.

—William Deweese was received at the Indiana Reformatory yesterday afternoon from Princeton, Gibson county, to serve an indeterminate sentence of from one to fourteen years on a conviction to the charge of grand larceny.

—Relatives in this city were notified yesterday of the death of William H. Barker, who lived here for many years, at his home in Delphos, Kan. He was more than seventy years old, and was a victim of Bright's disease.

—Elaborate preparations are being made for the lecture that will be delivered by Dr. J. N. McCormack at the First Presbyterian church to-night. There will be a musical programme. Judge Harry C. Montgomery will introduce Dr. McCormack.

—The Epworth League of Morton Memorial church will give a kitchen and dining-room shower Thursday evening for the Rev. W. F. Lloyd, who has become the pastor of the congregation. The League will meet at the church and then proceed to the parsonage.

—Because a negro asked him where he could find the Baptist church, Thomas Hamilton, an aged white man, became angered and cursed the inquirer, who hurried to the police station and asked that Hamilton be arrested. He was fined $1 and costs in the City Court yesterday morning.

—The action of Charles W. Poutch against Thomas Spence, on his official bond, growing out of a change of administration in New Albany, has been set for trial on Wednesday. Spence is a policeman, and ejected Poutch, a former member of the Board of Public Works, from the City Hall.

—A fox terrier dog owned by J. S. Phillips, who lives at 312 Indiana avenue, showed signs of being rabid yesterday, and attacked his master, who escaped the animal's teeth. Ulysses Phillips, a son, climbed a ladder and fired three shots from a revolver at the dog, but did not hit him. He then dispatched him with a club.

—There will be no postponement of the centennial anniversay celebration of the building of Bethel Methodist Episcopal church, near Charlestown to-morrow, and arrangements have been made to hold the services in the church at Charlestown in case the weather is unfavorable. If possible, however, the exercises will be on the grounds of the old church.

—The Jeffersonville Ministerial Association yesterday elected the following officers: The Rev. J. F. Vornholt, president; the Rev. J. N. Jerman, secretary; the Rev. J. M. Vawter, the Rev. Dr. J. S. Howk, the Rev. E. L. Dolph, members of the Executive Committee. The Rev. W. F. Lloyd was elected to deliver the sermon on Thanksgiving at Wall-street Methodist Episcopal church.

—A meeting was held last night between a committee from the Commercial Club and the members of the Clarksville Town Board to make the final arrangements for abandoning a street to permit of the railroad fill near the junction being raised for flood protection. At the meeting to hear remonstrances on November 4, it is not believed there will be any serious objection interposed.

—Things reached such a point at the courthouse yesterday that it was found necessary to have heat or adjourn court, and a large stove was put in commission in the court room. The trouble has been brought about by the Board of County Commissioners awarding a contract to install a new heating plant without asking for competitive bids, which made necessary the work being stopped after the apparatus had been dismantled.

—The damage action of Mrs. Ella Diekman, administratrix of the estate of George W. Diekman, against the Louisville and Southern Indiana Traction Company, went out of court yesterday afternoon on peremptory instructions for the jury to return a verdict in favor of the defendant. The evidence tended to show that Diekman contributed to his death by stepping from one track to another near Glenwood Park to get out of the way of a car only to step in front of another.

GOOD FOOD and constipation are ill-mated companions.

Use ½ Glass
Hunyadi János Water
On arising and enjoy your food.

A NATURAL LAXATIVE WATER.
Bottled at the Springs.
Avoid substitutes.

WITH FIVE COUPLES

JEFFERSONVILLE'S MARRYING 'SQUIRES BUSY TYING KNOTS.

Kentucky Elopers Cross River To Southern Indiana's Gretna Green To Get Married.

Steven Crimmons, of Louisville, and Miss Bertha Stedman, of Jackson, Tenn., were married in Jeffersonville yesterday by Magistrate James S. Keigwin. The groom is a railroad fireman and was born in Louisville on September 20, 1883. The bride is a native of Jackson, Tenn., and was born August 9, 1882. She is a daughter of Plez Stedman, a bartender.

Acy Whittle, of Louisville, and Miss Katie Ford, of Edmonson county, were also married in Jeffersonville by Magistrate Keigwin. The groom is a native of Henderson county and was born May 18, 1886. The bride was born in Edmonson county on June 10, 1889.

Harry Hughes, a commission merchant, and Miss Octavia McCauley, both of whom have lived in Louisville all their lives, were married in Jeffersonville by Magistrate James S. Keigwin. The groom was born May 9, 1881, and the bride on August 11, 1886.

Benjamin H. Lyon, who is employed in a hardwood floor factory, and Miss Hallie Brent, both of Louisville, were married by Magistrate Keigwin in Jeffersonville. The groom was born in Shelby county, July 2, 1886, and the bride in Alton, June 11, 1886. The affidavit was made by Goldie Clark.

Noble E. Cook, of Louisville, and Miss Grace Crecelius, of Marengo, Ind., eloped to Jeffersonville yesterday afternoon and were married by Magistate James S. Keigwin. The groom is a railroad man and was born at Marengo on January 1, 1885. The bride was born at Marengo on April 27, 1887, and is a daughter of C. F. Crecelius, a general merchant in the town.

DEFENDANT, NOT PRESENT, LOSES HIS SALOON LICENSE.

Isaac Evans, Charged With Selling Liquor On Sunday, Too Ill To Go Before License Board.

When the case of Isaac Evans, who was charged with having sold liquor at his place of business, 1500 Southgate street, on Sunday, September 22, was called for hearing before the License Board yesterday afternoon, Dr. E. G. Trunnell, Evans' physician, reported that his patient was too ill to appear. Judge Randolph Blain, chairman of the License Board, ordered the hearing to be proceeded with, however, and on the evidence of two police officers the license was revoked.

According to the testimony of the police, they discovered about fifteen men in the saloon on Sunday, September 22. One of the police officers testified that about six of these men made their escape from the saloon by jumping through windows.

Street Improvement Proposals.

Proposals for street reconstruction that will cost about $35,000 were opened yesterday by the Board of Public Works. The contracts will be awarded later. The streets to be improved are Broadway, between Sixth and Seventh streets; Green street, from First street to Third avenue, and Garvin Place, from St. Catherine street to Ormsby avenue.

Ever Try Elijah's Manna?

Easily the most delicious flavour of any flake food known.

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

Grocers sell this crisp food 5 cents for Pony pkg. and 15 cents for Family size.

ALL MADE OVER

Floyd County Jail Will Be When Completed.

COMMISSIONERS WILL RECEIVE BIDS ON WORK TO-DAY.

SALOONKEEPERS ARE CHARGED WITH HARBORING MINORS.

POLICE TO FILE COMPLAINTS.

The Board of Commissioners of Floyd county was in session at the County Auditor's office, in New Albany, yesterday to consider matters in connection with the proposed remodeling of the county jail, which was condemned several weeks ago by Dr. J. N. Hurty, secretary of the Indiana State Board of Health, and Amos Butler, secretary of the Board of Charities and Corrections. Bids will be received to-day and the contracts awarded.

It is the intention thoroughly to reconstruct the interior of the jail building. Arrangements will be made to separate the sexes and prevent the boys from associating with the hardened criminals. The cells will be so constructed as to afford greater conveniences, and a padded cell will be built for the accommodation of insane persons. New plumbing will be installed, and particular attention will be paid to the hygienic arrangements, which will render the institution more healthful. The proposed improvements will cost, it is estimated, about $5,000.

As soon as the bids are opened and the contracts awarded, the County Council will be called in special session to make the appropriations with which to defray the expenses. Under the present financial condition of Floyd county, it will be impossible for Floyd county to erect a new building, the cost of which would be nearly $50,000.

NEW CEMETERY COMPANY

Defendant In Suit To Recover Money On Vender's Lien.

Suit was filed in the Floyd Circuit Court, at New Albany, yesterday by Benjamin Jolissaint, through his attorneys, Charles L. and H. E. Jewett, against the Buena Vista Cemetery Company, to recover $3,250, with $250 added for attorneys' fees. The note evidencing the debt is secured by a vendor's lien on a farm north of the city, and the plaintiff asks that the lien be foreclosed and the property sold for the payment of the debt. The note was given April 7, 1907, and matured six months later. The defendant company purchased the property over six months ago, and has already laid out a portion of the tract into cemetery lots.

The grounds have been greatly beautified, and handsome improvements are contemplated. It is probable that some arrangement will be made at once to take up the note sued upon.

MINORS ABOUT PREMISES.

Charges Police Make Against New Albany Saloonkeepers.

The New Albany police force is displaying great vigilance in the enforcement of the laws regulating saloons and other places of resort. Sergt. McLaughlin yesterday filed complaints against John Davis, Edward Leaf and Dominick Moran, charging them with permitting minors in their saloons. Charles Eurton, who was charged with permitting minors in his pool room on Vincennes and Spring streets, entered a plea of not guilty in the Police Court yesterday, and the case will be tried later in the week.

Sergt. McLaughlin will file complaints against the owners of saloons and pool rooms who have permitted minors about their places.

ITEMS OF INTEREST IN NEW ALBANY.

—Mr. and Mrs. Anton E. Sohn, of Indianapolis, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Sohn, of 324 East Market street.

—Charles B. Minter, who with his family left here for the Pacific coast six weeks ago, has gone from Seattle to Fresno, Cal., where he will reside.

—The case of the State against Owen McElfresh, who is charged with having assaulted his brother, John McElfresh, with intent to kill, is on trial before a jury in the Circuit Court.

—Fred V. Munzer, who sold his large farm and personal property in Harrison county six weeks ago, is now living in Danville, Ill., and a student in the National School of Telegraphy in that city.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Fullenlove and their little daughter, who have been visiting their mother, Mrs. M. V. Fullenlove, East Eleventh street, and other relatives, will return to their home in Chicago today.

—Mr. and Mrs. Chris Cullen are entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gerber, of San Francisco, at their home, 140 West Main street. Mr. Gerber is an accomplished musician, and is stationed at the Presidio, in San Francisco.

—Mrs. Margery Jane Kelso Turner, wife of Augustus F. Turner, a former resident of this city, died at her home in Hanover, Ind., a few days ago, aged seventy-seven years. She is survived by her husband, three sons and two daughters.

—Artie Ray Hill and Miss Anna Talbott Dixon were married last night at the home of the bride on West Eighth street, the ceremony having been performed by the Rev. W. B. Grimes, pastor of the Main-street Methodist Episcopal church.

—The funeral of Burnett Black, the little boy who was drowned in the Ohio river at the foot of East Third street Sunday afternoon, will take place this afternoon at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Black, 11 East Third street.

—The funeral of Clarence Bunch, who died at St. Edward's City Hospital Saturday of typhoid fever, took place yesterday morning at the home of his sister, Mrs. Burk, in the West Albany suburb, and the burial was in Miller's graveyard on the Knobs, a short distance west of the city.

—The Rev. Dr. J. P. Moffatt, the Rev. F. W. Grossman and the Rev. W. M. Elliott, of the three Presbyterian churches of the city, together with Elders J. P. Bentley and H. E. Barrett, left yesterday for Evansville as delegates to the Presbyterian Synod of Indiana, which convenes in that city this morning.

—Marshall Mitchell, who has been holding a position in the postal service at Indianapolis, has been transferred to Louisville, and he will make his home in this city. Mr. Mitchell was postal clerk on the Southern railway and was badly injured in the wreck that occurred at Naude, Ill., Christmas day, 1904.

—Harry Miller and David Leonard, arrested by Chief of Police Adams and Sergt. Sinex while attempting to sell a bicycle, were taken to Louisville yesterday by Detective Zimmerman. They are charged with having stolen the wheel, but both assert that they are innocent of the offense of which they are accused.

—Etta and Lila Knight, eighteen and fifteen years old respectively, were arrested yesterday afternoon at Biel's, on the Charlestown road, by Sergt. McLaughlin on a charge of assaulting Dorothy Doennboss. They entered pleas of not guilty and were released on their own recognizance for their appearance to answer in the City Court Saturday.

—Mrs. Mary Best, mother of Jacob Best and the City Controller, Carl F. Best, celebrated the eightieth anniversary of her birth at her home, 514 East Market street, Sunday and at night a family reunion was held, which was attended by her children, grandchildren and great-grandchildren, numbering thirty-one. Mrs. Best is a native of Germany, coming to the United States in 1848, immediately after her marriage. She has been a resident of this city fifty-eight years.

—Capt. Thomas Hanlon has been notified by a Congressman that he has been given the privilege of naming a candidate for the vacant cadetship in the Annapolis Naval Academy, there being no applicants from the Congressman's district. Capt. Hanlon would like to have a worthy Floyd county boy secure the prize, and he will be pleased to receive applications in writing from boys of New Albany and Floyd county desiring to enter the service. Applications must be sent in as soon as practicable.

THE CLASH IN RELIGIOUS THOUGHT

Two brilliant opposing statements of the religion of to-day.

Evolution, Immortality and the Christian Religion
By GOLDWIN SMITH.

Some Conclusions of a Free-Thinker
By DANIEL H. CHAMBERLAIN.

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NOTHING ON MAYOR AND SUNDAY THEATERS

THE MINISTERIAL ASSOCIATION DOES NOT PRESS ISSUE.

ADOPTS RESOLUTION DENOUNCING THEM WITH SALOONS.

ANNUAL ELECTION DEFERRED.

Mayor Bingham's failure to close Sunday theaters in connection with Sunday saloons was not touched upon at the regular monthly meeting of the Louisville Ministerial Association, held yesterday in the chapel at Warren Memorial church. Most of the twenty-six ministers who were in attendance at the meeting declined to discuss the matter when approached. It was said by one of the ministers, however, that Mayor Bingham's explanation as to why he had failed to close Sunday theaters was entirely satisfactory, and that no further attempts to close Sunday theaters will be made at the present time.

The Rev. Dr. J. S. Lyons referred to certain editorial references made to the clergy as "caustic and severe," and asserted that they had done nothing more than to "arouse the disgust of the community." His remarks preceded the reading of resolutions on "current city affairs," drawn up by a committee of which Dr. Lyons was chairman. In this resolution the Sunday theaters were classed with gambling houses, saloons and "red-light" dives.

The meeting was called to order yesterday morning at 10:30 o'clock by the Rev. S. S. Waltz, president. After prayer the Rev. J. L. Brown read the minutes of the previous meeting, which contained resolutions of regret incident to the departure of the Rev. Horace G. Ogden, former pastor of Trinity Methodist Episcopal church.

* * *

Annual Election In January.

On motion of the Rev. Alonzo Monk, the election of officers was deferred until the first Monday in January. Dr. Monk later announced that he would move to amend the constitution, in order that the annual election of officers may be held in January of each year.

It was on the motion of the Rev. J. S. Lyons that a committee composed of Dr. Lyons, the Rev. M. P. Hunt and the Rev. Alonzo Monk was named to draw up resolutions touching on "current city affairs." The committee adjourned to another room and returned fifteen minutes later with the announcement that it was ready to report.

J. S. Durham, of Greensburg, Ky., addressed the meeting on the house-to-house canvass that is to be instituted by churches throughout the country October 26. The purpose of this canvass is to increase Sunday-school membership.

E. W. C. Pearce, of Chicago, was introduced and addressed the meeting briefly on "How to Reach the Man." Mr. Pearce is a member of the Executive Committee of the International Sunday-school Association.

On motion, the Rev. Thomas A. Johnson, pastor of the Immanuel Baptist church; the Rev. A. B. Summerfield, pastor of the Crescent Hill Presbyterian church; the Rev. M. O. Patterson, pastor of Trinity Methodist Episcopal church, and the Rev. Robert Bruen were elected members of the association.

The Rev. H. K. Fenner, the Rev. M. P. Hunt and the Rev. S. L. Wilson compose a committee which was appointed to draft resolutions on the death of the Rev. F. B. Converse.

Dr. E. . Mullins will read a paper at the next meeting of the Louisville Ministerial Association on "The Minister's Relation to Civic Affairs."

* * *

Report On City Affairs.

The resolutions touching on "current city affairs," which were unanimously adopted, follow:

The Louisville Ministerial Association, mindful of its duty to the moral welfare of the community, and not in the least deterred by intemperate and futile efforts to discredit the Gospel ministry, calls attention to a crisis in our public affairs which is full of peril.

In the rancor of partisan politics we have no share, nor do we assume to exert our influence in favor of one individual as against another; but we unhesitatingly and emphatically declare ourselves in regard to radical moral issues which may become involved in public questions and which reach with blight or blessing every home in our city. If individual candidates for office so declare themselves in reference to these moral issues that they are inseparably interwoven with them, whether for them or against them, it is their credit or fault, not ours.

In the present mayoralty contest before the citizens of Louisville an issue has been made upon the statute which requires the closing of saloons on Sunday. One of the candidates has declared his opposition to the statute, his desire to have it repealed and a definite promise that if he is elected he will see to the nonenforcement of that statute as it has been enacted by the Legislature and construed and upheld by every grade of court in the Commonwealth.

Such a sentiment is essentially anarchistic, involving a purpose to ignore one of the plainest and most wholesome laws of the State, and engages to violate the oath he would take before God to enforce all the laws, and is intended to provide for a well-understood condition of affairs which would bring back the worst days of Sunday theater, saloon, gambling-house and "red light" domination of our city.

No moral issue can ever be more plainly drawn before the community, and we call upon all patriotic citizens of every creed, and of no creed, to rebuke with emphasis this unblushing effort to retrace the great advance made within recent months toward honesty and decency in public affairs, and for order and happiness in all departments of life.

J. S. LYONS,
ALONZO MONK,
M. P. HUNT,
Committee.

Piles 15 Years

Saved From An Operation By a Half Box of the Pyramid Pile Cure. You Can Try It Free.

"I cannot help writing to you about your wonderful cure for piles. When I wrote you for a sample I was thinking of going though an operation. But I thought I would give your remedies a trial. I am so happy that I did for I am cured and only used half a box. I write this for humanity's sake. I had piles ever since the year 1891. I wish you would publish my name through the Bulletin paper for I am well known in the Marine Corps. Use my name the best way you know how. Thanking you for your good advice. Yours truly, Cleophas Forte, Marine Barracks, U. S. N. Training Station, San Francisco, Cal."

What should induce this United States seaman to write us in this manner if not gratitude for being cured of a disease which has tortured him for fifteen years? Mr. Forte was positively unknown to us until he wrote for the sample of our wonderful remedy.

You may be suffering in the same way.

Just send your name and address to Pyramid Drug Co., 99 Pyramid Building, Marshall, Mich., and receive free by return mail the trial package in a plain wrapper.

The moment you start to use it, your suffering ends and the cure of your dread disease is in sight.

Then you can get a full-sized box from any druggist for 50 cents and even one box may cure you.

It is well worth trying.
No knife and its torture.
No doctor and his bills.
All druggists, 50 cents. Write to-day for a free package.

DEATHS.

KAHN—David R., in his 47th year. Funeral from his late residence, 208 W. Hill street, Wednesday, October 16, at 9 p. m.; will be private. Friends desiring to attend interment at the Adath Israel cemetery will please take Okolona cars leaving station, Jefferson, between Third and Fourth streets, at 9:30 p. m.

LARDNER—At 1:15 p. m., October 14, 1907, Annie E. Lardner, wife of John T. Lardner, at the residence, 2610 Eighteenth street.

Due notice of the funeral will be given in afternoon papers.

METZ—Mrs. Margarette Metz, aged 83 years, October 14, at 2 a. m.

Funeral from the residence, 304 East Breckinridge street, Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Burial private. Interment in Cave Hill cemetery.

SEMPLE—Sarah Slaughter Semple, widow of A. C. Semple, Monday, October 14, at 8:45 a. m.

Funeral services at residence, 1625 First street, Tuesday, October 15, at 3 p. m. Interment private.

UNDERTAKERS.

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217 WEST MARKET STREET.

SUSPENDED FINES FOR NINE MORE CIGARETTE VENDERS.

Nine more local dealers charged with selling cigarettes without a license were fined $25 and costs when the cases came up against them in the court of Magistrate Hollis yesterday. In each case the amount of the fine was suspended, and only the costs assessed, which amounted to $11 each. In each case those who were fined pleaded guilty, and were: William Grabstock, Louis Borcheine, C. E. Dearing, Hause & Frederick, C. W. Neid, Albert Stebler, Arlington Hotel, Sam Rosenburger and L. Franconto. The warrant against Joe Does was dismissed when he produced his license, and the case against H. Petzold was taken under submission. There are yet thirty cases to come up Thursday.

The Only Pure Creamery Butter
Sold in this city that bears the Pure Food Guarantee is
THE HOLSTEIN BRAND
Made in Our Own Creamery at Campbellsville, Ky.
It is the best, and you run no risk. Every first-class grocery has it.
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Why not put them there yourself.

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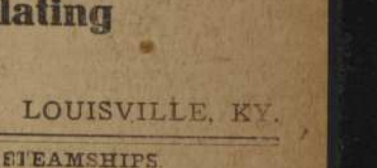

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Managing Director.

MISS SAIN IN THE HANDICAP

Schreiber's Filly Beats Frontenac and Beatrice K. In Feature Race.

HORSEMEN ON ANXIOUS SEAT.

Turfmen At Latonia Unable To Learn Whether the Meeting Will Be Extended.

SEVERAL JOCKEYS ARE FINED.

LATONIA SELECTIONS.

First Race—Coon, Dr. Lee Huffman, No Quarter.
Second Race—Balla, Mystifier, Cloyne.
Third Race—Harting, Woolstone, Hazel Patch.
Fourth Race—Monsignor, Thomas entry, Lexoline.
Fifth Race—Thomas entry, Walker entry, Rustle.
Sixth Race — Cutter, Merrick, Ben Strong.
Seventh Race — Miss Strome, Jersey Lady, Dainty Belle.
Two Best Bets—Thomas entry, Balla.

CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The possibility of an extension of the present meeting at Latonia still hangs in the balance and the horsemen and race track regulars will be kept on the anxious seat for a little while longer. The Racing Commission has called a meeting for 11 o'clock to-morrow to decide whether the meeting shall continue or not.

Milton Young, a member of the Commission, was at the track this afternoon, but when approached on the subject he was noncommittal and said that he never crossed any bridges until he came to them. He would not say whether he was in favor of an extension, or that he was opposed to it.

Seven races with a free handicap at six furlongs as the feature were carded for this afternoon. The weather was cold and the spectators sat shivering in the grandstand and it was only when the finishes were close that any enthusiasm was displayed.

Miss Sain from the Schreiber stable won the feature number from Frontenac and Beatrice K., Colloquy, the favorite, being unable to negotiate the distance and finished fourth after setting a fast pace to the stretch bend. Miss Sain was running along easily in second place and when called upon drew away from her company, winning by two lengths. Prince Ahmed and Monere were never prominent, the latter trailing badly at the end.

Boadwee, on My Queen of the Roses, in the first race, was fined $25 for rough-riding, and Heidel, on Stoneman, in the second, and C. Koerner, on Hazelthorpe in the sixth race, were fined $25 each for a similar offense.

Pickens brought Coon home a winner in the first race after a hard drive, beating out the favorite, Mark Time, in the last sixteenth. Field Lark opened up at 4 to 1, and was backed into equal terms with the favorite, but the Pugh filly got nothing, being fourth at the finish. Coon went out into an early lead and forced the pace for a couple of furlongs, then hung slightly, but came strong in the runhome and managed to win by a half a length from Mark Time, which horse, held as an equal favorite with Field Lark at 15 to 5, did not get off any too well and was pocketed until he reached the stretch and then had to be taken wide, closing with a rush, however, that nearly landed him a winner. My Queen of the Roses was fourth most of the way, and got the show money by a length and half from Field Lark, which filly quit in the stretch.

* * *

Mystifier Scores One.

In the second race a fair lot of two-year-old colts and geldings faced the starter, Mystifier going to the post the favorite around even money. Mystifier was slow to get into his stride, but when he got going well, Koerner had no trouble in passing the others, and in the final drive beat out Stoneman by a neck for first place. The latter was well placed in the early stages, assumed the lead after going a half and forced a merry pace until within a few yards of the wire, where the winner passed him. Canada was third three lengths away and half a length in front of Enlist, which was the medium of a heavy plunge shortly before post time that cut his price of 15 to 1 to 8s. Greysteel also came in for a good bit of the support, but failed to show any speed, and finished eighth.

The third race was productive of another close finish, Bensonhurst just lasting long enough to annex the purse by a head from Airship. Refined was the choice of the talent and was liberally supported, going from 3s to 2 to 1 at post time. Bensonhurst was in the lead in the first few strides, and showed the way by a comfortable margin until well into the stretch, where he began to show signs of weakening. In a few more strides the race would have been lost to him, as Airship came up from fifth place and was closing resolutely, and beat Refined by a half length for the place. The latter did not get off any too well and had to make up a lot of ground, but she was close up at the finish and outgamed Javanese for the short end of the purse by a short head.

* * *

Donna Elvira Wins Again.

Donna Elvira showed that she is a pretty good sort of a filly right now by beating a fair field in the fourth race. Beau Brummel and Warner Griswell were made the favorites at 2 to 1 and 9 to 5 and Griswell closed at a little less than Beau Brummel. Donna Elvira was held at 3 and 3½ throughout the betting. Rio Grande closed as the favorite at 2 to 1, with Griswell at 4 and Beau Brummel at 16 to 5. Donna broke first, went right to the front, and was never headed, winning easily by two lengths. Beau Brummel was second throughout the entire journey and had no trouble taking the place from Warner Griswell, which laid back in the early part, but took the show money just as easily as the other two got their money.

Colloquy, the favorite in the fifth race, a handicap for all ages, went down to inglorious defeat and was not in the money at the finish, the victory going to Barney Schreiber's Miss Sain. Colloquy took up the running soon after the start, but the Hollo filly found the distance a little too far for her, and in the stretch run dropped completely out of the running. Miss Sain, the Sain filly of Barney Schreiber's, got off in the lead, but Colloquy went to the front. Martin laid behind the Hollo filly until they had straightened out in the stretch and then let her come on and won easily by a couple of lengths. Frontenac laid in third position until the sixteenth pole, where Hicks brought him up, and he got the place being a half a length in front of Beatrice K., which also was out of the running early, but closed very fast and got the show money. Colloquy was fourth and Prince Ahmed fifth.

* * *

Hazelthorpe's Easy Victory.

Hazelthorpe looked to be so much the best in the sixth race that six of the fourteen carded to start declined the issue. They guessed right, the Alvey mare was the best and won as his rider pleased. She was off winging and showed the way to the half-mile pole, where Koerner took her back and indulged Cutter with the lead to the top of the stretch then came on and won easily by a length. Cutter and Heine opened up as second choices at 3 to 1. The latter, however, went up to 5s, while Cutter was backed down a few points. Heine ran in fourth position all the way and finished in that place. Toboggan, which pulled up lame after his recent race seemed to be all right to-day and ran in a forward position throughout and got the show money by a length and a half from Heine.

The final race of the day, a selling affair at one mile, brought out a large field of two-year-olds. This is the first time that any of the younger division have tried conclusions at this distance. Melzar was reported as being possessed of good staying qualities and was made the choice at 8 to 5, and Sweetener was given second call in the opening betting, but the McDowell gelding was not much in demand and his price soared to 6s, while Black Dress was backed down to 5s from 8s to 5 to 1. Sweetener off none too well, rushed into the lead at the clubhouse turn and made the running to the half-mile pole and then he was all in, quitting badly here; Vanen, which had been running in second place, took the lead, but could not hold it very long and had to give way to Melzar and Peoria, the latter pair coming down the stretch on equal terms, Peoria getting the decision in the last jump.

* * *

CHAT OF LATONIA.

On account of heavy losses by the bookmakers on Saturday five declined the issue to-day, leaving sixteen of the knights on hand when the weighing bell sounded. All that was desired was the assurance of the Louisville meeting being transferred, or an extension granted the Latonia meeting. That subject was as much talked of as to which horse would win the next race.

* * *

Mystifier had to be pounds the best to win the second event. The gelding was off in a tangle, pocketed at the half-mile pole, and had to be taken to the extreme outside in order to get near the front. Jockey C. Koerner never stopped riding for a moment and won out on the horse's courage and the boy's perseverance.

* * *

A feed dealer in Louisville was ordered to bed down nineteen stalls several days ago by W. (Red) Walker. Since the meeting at Churchill Downs has been declared off, the feedman wired Walker, asking if he wanted the order filled. It is said that the grain and hay merchant was advised that if he thought the meeting would run he could go ahead with the bedding.

* * *

A great many bets were made for small sums on the extension proposition. The betting was even money. One party who wishes his name withheld bet 2 to 1 on an extension, but only made a small wager.

* * *

J. Ed Grillo, formerly president of the Toledo Baseball Club and sporting editor of the Washington Post, and formerly sporting editor of the Commercial Tribune, stopped off on his way East from the world's championship games and won a chunk of money to-day.

* * *

Jockey Bolan threw the race away on Airship. The gelding was running nicely and was on even terms with Bensonhurst fifty yards from the wire and looked to be winning when Boland changed his whip from the right hand to the left, letting the horse's head go for a second. The son of Flying Dutchman could not have lost but for this bobble.

* * *

Rio Grande, the favorite in the fourth event, was lying in a nice position at the five-eighth pole when he was seen to falter and fall back. After the finish it was seen that the gelding had bled, which accounts for his bad race. Little Schlessinger made every post a winning one with Donna Elvira, and was never headed.

* * *

Chris Brockmiller won a tidy sum on his black filly and was all smiles as he stood behind the press box.

* * *

Miss Sain proved herself a good filly when she made Colloquy quit and then came on and won as she pleased. The time was good, considering the Schreiber filly was not extended in the stretch run. Frontenac showed improvement from his last out and was right there at the finish.

* * *

The public would have none of Colloquy, which opened up at even money and drifted to 7 to 5. At post time, everyone wanted Miss Sain and the filly was well played, the books getting badly scorched on her victory.

* * *

Cutter was the warm baby and was backed from 8 to 1, down to 5 to 2 at post time. Her backers got a good run for their money, as she took command at the stable turn and led up to the last sixteenth pole where Hazelthorpe, nicely rated, came with a rattle and won easily.

LATONIA FORM CHART.

LATONIA, Ky., Oct. 13.—(Special.)—Nineteenth day of the Latonia Jockey Club's fall meeting. Weather clear; track fast.

Presiding Judge, Edward Hopper; Starter, Jacob Holtman; Secretary and Handicapper, John Dillon.

2497—FIRST RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $400. For three-year-olds and upward; selling. Start good. Won driving; second and third the same. Winner, W. E. Walsh's blk. c., 3, by [illegible]. Trained by F. Hanlon. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time, :24, :48 4-5, 1:15.

Ind.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg	Clos
2479	Coon	103	2	.....	1..¼	1..½	2..¼	1..½	Pickens	3½-1	18-5
2479	Mark Time	104	5	.....	5..½	3..h	4.1½	2..½	Heidel	3½-1	16-5
2479	My Queen of Roses	10.	3	.....	4.1¼	4..1	3.nk	3.1½	Boadwee	4-1	6-1
2479	Field Lark	10.	4	.....	2..½	2.1½	1..½	4..1	L. Bailey	4-1	11-5
2476	Sister Polly	100	6	.....	7..½	6..2	5..2	5..2	Walsh	15-1	20-1
2479	Belle of Penzance	100	8	.....	8..½	7..½	6..½	6..3	E. Martin	15-1	30-1
2484	Anna Ruskin	95	9	.....	9..3	8..1	7..h	7.1½	Skirvin	20-1	15-1
24..	Mary Orr	100	12	.....	10..2	10..1	8..½	8..2	Brandt	40-1	60-1
24..	Captain Fearson	98	1	.....	2..2	3..½	9..1	9..5	W. Ott	30-1	60-1
24..	Malta	103	7	.....	6..½	9..½	10..2	10..2	T. Taylor	10-1	15-1
235.	Bouse	100	10	.....	11..1	11.1½	11..1	11..½	J. Hicks	20-1	30-1
2451	Kabo	103	11	.....	12..2	12..3	12..5	12..6	B. S. Smith	40-1	50-1
.....	Pink Leaf	100	13	.....	13	13	13	13	Schlessinger	30-1	40-1

Coon, away running and showing good speed, was always well up with the leaders, and, standing a hard drive, outlasted Mark Time. The latter, probably the best, had to overcome some interference in the early stages and finished gamely. My Queen of the Roses quit after going a half. Field Lark had no mishaps. Sister Polly was in tight quarters most of the way.

2498—SECOND RACE—Five and one-half furlongs. Purse, $400. For two-year-old colts and geldings. Start good. Won driving; second and third the same. Winner, G. B. Morris b. g., 2, by Mesmerist—Carmencita. Trained by owner. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time, :24 1-5, :49, 1:02 1-5, 1:08 2-5.

Ind.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg	Clos
2485	Mystifier	107	7	.....	6..1	5..2	3..½	1.nk	C. Koerner	6-5	1-1
2485	Stoneman	103	5	.....	2..1	1..1	1..½	2..3	Heidel	4-1	5-1
2451	Canada	100	4	.....	4..1	4..2	4..½	3..½	V. Powers	7-1	12-1
2485	Enlist	105	2	.....	1..h	2..3	2..½	4..½	E. Martin	15-1	8-1
2471	Tim Kelly	103	3	.....	3..1	3..½	5..3	5..½	Walsh	15-1	30-1
[2471]	Pointer	100	1	.....	5..1	6..1	6..h	6..½	Jas. Hicks	10-1	15-1
2385	Ordono	105	8	.....	7..1	7..½	7..h	7..2	J. Lee	4-1	5-1
2471	Greysteel	1..	11	.....	10..3	9..1	8.1½	8..½	Brandt	15-1	12-1
2485	Harold Hall	105	6	.....	8..2	8..1	9..1	9..1	J. Watson	30-1	40-1
2485	Northdale	100	10	.....	9..½	10..1	10..1	10..1	L. Bailey	40-1	60-1
2496	Pink Cap	100	9	.....	11..2	11.1½	11..3	11..2	Pickens	20-1	30-1
2471	Marcus Aurelius	105	12	.....	12..½	12..1	12..1	12..1	T. Taylor	7-1	8-1
2440	Belarius	103	13	.....	13	13	13	13	D. Boland	15-1	25-1

Mystifier began slowly, moved up gradually and finishing with a rush, wore down Stoneman in the closing strides and won going away. Stoneman ran a good race, forced the pace to the stretch, but tired from his effort. Canada ran improved. Enlist showed good speed, but weakened after going a half. Marcus Aurelius was never a strong factor. Tim Kelly ran a good race and is showing improvement.

2499—THIRD RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $400. For three-year-olds and upward; selling. Start good. Won driving; second and third the same. Winner, J. W. Briggs & Co.'s ch. g., a, by Ben Strome—Irvana. Trained by T. Irwin. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time, :24 2-5, :48 2-5, 1:01, 1:14 4-5.

Ind.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg	Clos
2476	Bensonhurst	105	2	.....	1..1	1..2	1..½	1..h	Boadwee	6-1	9-1
2476	Airship	107	1	.....	5..½	5..2	2..½	2..½	Boland	5-1	7-1
2456	Refined	104	8	.....	6..½	4..1	3..1	3..nk	Heidel	3-1	2-1
2384	Javanese	100	11	.....	8..2	7..h	5..2	4..3	C. Koerner	6-1	5-1
2476	Nelsette	100	4	.....	2..h	2..½	4..h	5..2	E. Martin	20-1	15-1
2470	Elancer	100	3	.....	3..h	3..h	6..1	6..1	Brandt	10-1	10-1
2476	Young Stevens	100	13	.....	10..1	10..1	10..1	7..1	L. Bailey	20-1	40-1
2476	Bert Osra	105	6	.....	7..1	8.nk	7..1	8..1	Harty	15-1	20-1
2476	Duchess Ollie	100	2	.....	11..2	11.1½	11..1	9.nk	Watkins	50-1	100-1
2447	Old Colony	95	5	.....	9..½	9..1	9.nk	10..½	Walsh	40-1	40-1
24..	Ingenue	100	10	.....	12..1	13..2	13..1	11..1	Pickens	10-1	12-1
2484	Voting	100	...	.....	13..½	12..1	12..½	12..1	J. Lee	6-1	6½-1
2385	Dulcinea	102	12	.....	7..1	6..½	8..h	13..1	J. Frach	8-1	8-1
2454	Joe Shields	103	14	.....	14	14	14	14	T. Taylor	20-1	30-1

Bensonhurst, running to his best form and showing good speed all the way, held on well in the final drive and just lasted long enough to beat out Airship. The latter was gaining fast in the last furlong and would have won in a few more strides. Refined had a rough trip and was probably best. Javanese closed up a big gap from a slow beginning. Voting ran poorly. Elancer quit badly.

2500—FOURTH RACE—One mile. Purse, $500. For three-year-olds and upward; selling. Start good. Won easily; second and third driving. Winner, C. J. Brockmiller's blk. f., 3, by Ethelbert—Old Madrid. Trained by F. Smith. Value to winner, $400. Fractional time, :24 2-5, :49 2-5, 1:15 3-5, 1:41.

Ind.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg	Clos
[2485]	Donna Elvira	96	1	1..2	1.1½	1..2	1..h	1..2	Schlessinger	3½-1	3-1
2480	Beau Brummel	107	2	2..1	3..1	2..h	2.nk	2..2	J. Lee	2-1	16-5
2480	Warner Griswell	98	4	6..h	4..h	4..h	3..3	3..3	Pickens	4-1	4-1
.....	Rio Grande	107	5	3..h	5..h	5..1	4..h	4..1	C. Koerner	9-5	2-1
2485	Suzanne Rocamora	105	6	7..1	7..25	7..50	6..h	5..h	Brandt	20-1	30-1
2481	Nellie Racine	95	3	4..2	2..h	3..1	5..h	6.nk	Walsh	10-1	10-1
2479	Carlton H.	96	8	8	8	7..50	7..50	7..50	Heidel	30-1	40-1
2488	Light Note	105	7	5..h	6..2	8	8	8	C. Baker	60-1	150-1

Donna Elvira, away running and showing the most speed, won all the way after a slight shaking up in the stretch run. Beau Brummel was prominent all the way and had no mishaps. Warner Griswell came fast at the end. Rio Grande bled after going three-quarters and can do much better. Nellie Racine quit in the stretch after going well for three-quarters.

2501—FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $700. For all ages; handicap. Start good. Won easily; second and third driving. Winner, B. Schreiber's b. f., 2, by Sain—Miss Baker. Trained by D. Henry. Value to winner, $550. Fractional time, :24, :48 1-5, 1:01, 1:13 3-5.

Ind.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg	Clos
[2457]	Miss Sain	93	1	.....	3..4	2..2	2..3	1..2	E. Martin	3-2	2-1
2487	Frontenac	100	3	.....	4.nk	3..1	3..4	2.1½	J. Hicks	7-1	12-1
2481	Beatrice K.	100	4	.....	3..1	5..6	4..4	3..2	Walsh	6-1	5-1
[2433]	Colloquy	124	2	.....	1.nk	1..1	1..1	4..2	Heidel	6-5	3-2
2481	Prince Ahmed	107	5	.....	5..6	4..2	5..10	5..5	T. Taylor	10-1	20-1
2451	Monere	92	6	.....	6	6	6	6	Griffin	30-1	50-1

Miss Sain at the weights ran as if best, followed Colloquy to the stretch turn, where she assumed the lead and won well in hand. Frontenac showed improvement and finished gamely. Beatrice K., poorly handled, was taken far out of it during the first half and came fast through the stretch. Colloquy tired fast in the last furlong and may have had too much of it.

2502—SIXTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $400. For three-year-olds and upward; selling. Start good. Won easily; second and third driving. Winner, E. Alvey's b. m., 4, by Woolstacipe—Hazelwood. Trained by G. C. Baker. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time, :23 2-5, :47 4-5, 1:13 2-5.

Ind.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg	Clos
2434	Hazelthorpe	107	1	.....	1.nk	2..1	2..½	1..1	C. Koerner	3-2	3-2
2402	Cutter	100	2	.....	2..½	1..1	1..½	2..1	J. Lee	3-1	2½-1
24..	Toboggan	105	4	.....	3..2	3..1	3.1½	3.1½	E. Martin	8-1	7-1
2434	Heine	100	3	.....	4..1	4..2	4..3	4..3	Heidel	3-1	5-1
2482	Black Fox	107	5	.....	5..h	6..2	5..3	5..2	D. Boland	15-1	20-1
2473	Grace George	100	7	.....	6.nk	5..2	6..3	6..3	Pickens	20-1	25-1
2437	Sylvan Belle	105	6	.....	7..3	7..2	7..5	7..6	Brandt	30-1	40-1
2431	Lightning Cond'r	111	8	.....	8	8	8	8	T. Taylor	10-1	15-1

Hazelthorpe, from a fast beginning, was taken back during the first half, wore down Cutter after rounding into the stretch and won with plenty in reserve. Cutter, after showing good speed, tired slightly in the stretch run and may have been a trifle short. Toboggan showed improvement and was right there at the end. Heine had no mishaps and ran fairly well. Lightning Conductor was shuffled back soon after the start and never improved his position. He can do much better.

2503—SEVENTH RACE—One mile. Purse, $500. For two-year-olds; selling. Start good. Won driving; second and third the same. Winner, D. Hammond's b. c., 2, by Brantome—Rda Long. Trained by owner. Value to winner, $400. Fractional time, :25, :50 1-5, 1:15 3-5, 1:42 1-5.

Ind.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg	Clos
2481	Peoria	107	6	5..1	5..½	5..h	3..½	1..1	Heidel	6-1	7-1
2476	Melzar	101	2	3..1	3..½	3..h	1..½	2.1½	Boadwee	1-5	3-2
2479	Black Dress	100	8	4.nk	4.nk	4..1	2..1	3..2	E. Martin	7-1	5-1
2481	Tyrol	95	1	13..6	7..h	8..h	5..h	4..3	Skirvin	20-1	20-1
2477	Catherine F.	95	1	6..½	6..¾	6..1	7..5	5..½	C. Baker	15-1	20-1
2453	Vanen	100	4	2..2	2..½	1..h	4..h	6.nk	Walsh	15-1	20-1
2471	Uncle Tim	100	7	8.nk	9.nk	7..h	6..½	7..h	Pickens	15-1	20-1
2481	Sabado	105	3	10..h	11..h	10..1	10..2	8.nk	J. Lee	8-1	5-1
2474	Silver Cup	93	13	7..h	8..h	9..½	9..½	9..1	W. Ott	10-1	30-1
2481	Vansel	106	5	12.nk	10..2	11..2	11..1	10..½	C. Koerner	6-1	7-1
2471	Sweetener	100	9	1..2	1..h	2..½	8..1	11..1	Schilling	5-1	6-1
2485	Water Cooler	103	11	11..h	12..2	12..1	12..3	12..6	L. Bailey	40-1	40-1
2481	Mirzer	100	14	14	14	14	13..2	13..3	J. Watson	40-1	40-1
2453	Maria	101	12	9..h	13..4	13	14	14	Schlessinger	50-1	50-1

Peoria was a close contender all the way, stood a final drive gamely and outstayed Melzar in the last strides. Melzar was best but was poorly handled and with a stronger rider would have won off. Black Dress, showing sudden and startling improvement, ran a good race. Tyrol met with all sorts of bad luck and ran a winning race. Vanen quit in the last quarter. Catherine F. was in close quarters around the turns. Uncle Tim had a rough trip.

AFTERMATH OF WORLD'S SERIES

Lack of Ability of Detroit Catchers Handicap To the Tigers.

JOHNNY KLING IS A MARVEL.

Baseball Players of the Opinion That the Batting Rules Need To Be Changed.

OTHER CHAT OF THE GAME.

THE complete overthrow of the Tigers by the matchless and well-oiled Cub machine has astounded the baseball world. Not only did the great Chicago aggregation overwhelm the supposedly invincible Detroits in four successive games, but they turned the stunt so easily that the admirers of Jenning's gang are wondering how it all happened.

One flaw in the Tiger defense proved their undoing. That was in the catching department. Neither Schmidt, Archer nor Payne is in a class with Johnny Kling. The Cubs ran the bases like wild fire and they can thank the Detroit catchers for their title of champions of the world. On the opening day the Tigers would have won but for Schmidt's weird work behind the bat. The next day Jennings tried Payne but the change worked little good. This weak point naturally unnerved the pitchers and every member of the Detroit team felt apprehensive the moment a Chicago man reached first. The three Detroit backstops are still youngsters and lined up alongside Kling, the peer of any catcher living or dead, their work appeared atrocious in comparison. Kling nailed the fleet-footed Tiger base runners with an ease that was remarkable. He practically stopped the Tiger scoring machine before it was started, and his encouraging words to the pitchers kept them going at top speed all through the series.

The batting of Ty Cobb was another great disappointment. The youngster, who has been killing the ball all season, fell down lamentably in his stick work. Perhaps too much was expected of him, but because of his extreme youth, Cobb is not yet twenty-one years of age, there were many who predicted, before the opening of the series, that the unexpected would happen. It takes calloused old warriors like Kling, Chance, Donovan and Crawford to go through a series like the world championship without getting an attack of stage fright, so that Cobb's inexperience naturally worked against him at the crucial moment.

The series also proves without a doubt that the Cub staff of pitchers is the best in the business. The work of Reulbach, Pfeister and Overall was a marvel, and the performances of the Detroit slingers looked insignificant in comparison. The series was a big moneymaker for the players, but owing to the fact that the series ended at the end of the fifth game the club owners hardly took in enough to more than cover expenses.

* * *

Change Needed In Batting Rules.

Though the present playing rules are regarded as nigh perfect as necessity requires, there is one rule which should be changed.

This is the rule which gives a batter no credit whatsoever for slamming out a long fly that brings in a runner from third base.

Hundreds of times during a season men go to bat with one out and a man on third base with the avowed intention of hitting out a long fly and scoring the runner from third. If his hit is long enough, the runner jaunts home and a run is scored, but all the batter gets for his trouble is an out, or, in other words, he intentionally puts a crimp in his batting average. He does not even get credit for a sacrifice, which is given a batter who intentionally bunts to advance a runner. In cases of sacrifice hits no time at bat is chalked up against the batter, and he is given credit for making a sacrifice, which baseball players regard as good as a hit.

On the Milwaukee team last season there were a number of men who could hit out long flies, but who could not bunt. Probably the fence breakers scored as many runs as the clever bunters, but there is no official record in recognition of their good work. Men like McChesney, Dougherty and McCormick sacrificed their chances of fattening their averages dozens of times during the season by batting out long flies to bring in base runners, but a glance at the batting records of the American Association would never confirm the fact.

This subject has been thrashed out many times by baseball writers, but no cognizance of the fact has ever been taken by the men who make the rules. Even the fans have clamored for a change in this unfair rule, and it is to be hoped that some day the powers that be in baseball will set the thing aright.

LATONIA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs; selling:

Indx.	Horse.	Wt.	Indx.	Horse.	Wt.
[2476]	*No Quarter	100	2417	Mayor Duncan	105
2484	Voting	100	2482	Martius	105
2488	Dr. Lee Huffman	100	2470	Noel	105
......	Severton	100	2437	Sylvan Belle	105
2476	*Clifton Forge	103	2496	Hannibal Bey	105
2479	Coon	103	2490	Dapple Gold	105
2384	Javanese	103			
2070	Vendor	105			

SECOND RACE—Five and a half furlongs; purse:

Indx.	Horse.	Wt.	Indx.	Horse.	Wt.
2.83	Louise K.	95	[2483]	May Jene	103
2435	Darling Dan	95	[2451]	Arrow Swift	103
2494	Cloyne	99	2406	Czar	106
[2419]	Third Rail	99	2440	Rebel Queen	107
2474	Mosc'w Belle	98	2440	Balla	107
2385	Ordono	102	2465	McAtee	110
2485	J. McCarthy	102			
2485	Mystifier	102			

THIRD RACE—One mile; selling:

Indx.	Horse.	Wt.	Indx.	Horse.	Wt.
2492	Harting	96	2488	Louise MacFarlan	103
[2298]	Quagga	99	2480	Beau Brummel	105
2469	County Clerk	101	2490	Stroud	105
2462	Nellie Burn	105	2464	High Bear	108
2317	Woolstone	105	2480	Hazel Patch	108
2496	*The Clansman	105	2488	Devout	108
2496	Bonebrake	105	[2490]	Uncle Henry	108

FOURTH RACE—One mile and a sixteenth; handicap:

Indx.	Horse.	Wt.	Indx.	Horse.	Wt.
2478	**Light Wool	97	2493	Lexoline	107
[2496]	**Granada	100	[2495]	Deutschland	110
2493	Ouardi	98	2478	Edwin Gum	112
2495	True Wing	100	2334	Old Honesty	115
2414	Redgauntlet	100			
[2492]	Monsignor	102			

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs; two-year-olds; handicap:

Indx.	Horse.	Wt.	Indx.	Horse.	Wt.
2 3	Lady Martha	92	2349	Hanbridge	111
[2491]	Rustle	101	2487	Col. Bob	115
2487	‖Stanley Fay	107	[2474]	**L. Clay	100
[2494]	‖Cent'r Shot	112	[2481]	**C. W. Burt	120

SIXTH RACE—Six furlongs; selling:

Indx.	Horse.	Wt.	Indx.	Horse.	Wt.
2488	*French Nun	100	......	Magistrate	108
2473	Fay	10.	2492	Ben Strong	108
2129	Mettie H.	105	2473	Belltoone	110
......	Hildebrand	105	2496	Merrick	110
2474	Moselle	105	[2382]	McChord	110
[1902]	Cutter	105	2496	Copperfield	110
2492	Prytania	105	2461	Stoner Hill	113

SEVENTH RACE—One mile; purse:

Indx.	Horse.	Wt.	Indx.	Horse.	Wt.
2476	Sister Polly	100	2492	Dainty Belle	100
2487	Miss Alert	100	2492	Belle Scott	101
2484	A. Ruskin	100	2485	Lavelta	103
2461	Electorine	100	[2482]	Jersey Lady	115
[2480]	Miss Strome	100			

*Apprentice allowance claimed. **Thomas entry. ‖Walker entry.

Centre Has Good Team.

Danville, Ky., Oct. 12.—[Special.]—The Centre football team defeated the strong team from the Morris Harvey College, of Barbourville, W. Va., by a score of 58 to 0. Old Centre has the strongest and fastest team in many years.

THE TWO GREAT PITCHERS ON WHOM CHICAGO AND DETROIT DEPENDED FOR VICTORIES

"WILD BILL" DONOVAN.

OVERALL.

BELMONT PARK HOLDS RECORD

Brookdale Nymph Breaks World's Best Mark Made By Oxford.

THE HIGHWEIGHT HANDICAP.

Mare Covers the Six and a Half Furlongs In the Remarkable Time of 1:17 2-5.

FAVORITE OVER THE JUMPS.

BELMONT PARK, Oct. 14.—Brookdale Nymph, carrying 124 pounds, made a new world's record to-day, when she won the West Chester Highweight Handicap, at six and a half furlongs, circular track, at Belmont Park. She stepped the distance in 1:17 2-5, which is 4-5 of a second faster than Oxford's time, made last year, with 118 pounds up. Brookdale Nymph was quoted at 9 to 2.

One more week of racing at Belmont Park remains to be disposed of, and then the tale of the Greater New York tracks for 1907 will have been told. A number of important stakes will be run during the course of the week, the first of which, the Autumn Meadowbrook Handicap Steeplechase and the Westchester Highweight Handicap, were decided this afternoon.

Parkview, which was regarded the best bet of the day, experienced little trouble in taking the opening number, for fillies and mares, at five and a half furlongs. With thousands bet on her at 9 to 5, she simply towroped all the way, with Imitator and Lady Corinne dividing the lesser honors in the order named.

The Autumn Meadowbrook Steeplechase, at three miles, was captured by the 9-to-5 favorite, Judge O'Gin. Flying Machine grabbed the place from Dunseverrick.

Castlewood, at odds of 5 to 1, turned the tables on Father Koffee in the third, and this time beat the latter, which received heavy support at odds of 2 to 1. Onatassa was third. Countermand finished second, but was disqualified for fouling.

Summaries:

First Race—For fillies; maidens; two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs:
Parkview, 109 (E. Dugan), 9 to 5....... 1
Imitator, 109 (McCarthy), 20 to 1....... 2
Lady Corinne, 109 (G. Burns), 15 to 1.. 3
Time, 1:07 1-5. Raquiel, Genesso, Wilming Star, Whip Top, Dixie Himmel, Mingessing, Marion Casey, Tea Leaf and Miss Norfolk also ran.

Second Race—The Autumn Meadowbrook Handicap; steeplechase; for hunters five years old and up; about three miles:
Judge O'Gin, 147 (Page), 9 to 5....... 1
Flying Machine, 150 (A. Hewitt), 9 to 1 2
*Dunseverrick, 153 (Dupee), 1 to 2.. 3
Time, 6:32. *Ardett and My Grace also ran.
*Coupled.

Third Race—Colts; maidens; two-year-olds; six and one-half furlongs:
Castlewood, 112 (G. Burns), 5 to 1.... 1
Father Koffee, 112 (Miller), 2 to 1.... 2
Onatassa, 112 (McDaniel), 5 to 1...... 3
Time, 1:22 2-5. Perkeo, Hessian, Heap Talk, Batsman, Enticing and Wise Child also ran. Countermand finished second, but was disqualified for fouling.

Fourth Race—The Westchester Handicap, six and one-half furlongs:
Brookdale Nymph, 124 (Knapp), 9 to 2 and 8 to 5 1
Ben Ban, 100 (McDaniel), 4 to 5, place. 2
Kentucky Beau, 102 (Miller), 1 to 2, show 3
Time, 1:27 2-5. Far West, Adoration and Aeronaut also ran.

Fifth Race—Handicap; for three-year-olds and up; one and three-fourths miles:
Miss Crawford, 118 (E. Dugan), 18 to 5 and even 1
Lane Allen, 123 (Miller), 1 to 3, place.. 2
Prince Ching, 109 (Musgrave), 4 to 5, show 3
Time, 3:00 3-5. Missouri Lad also ran.

Sixth Race—Three-year-olds; selling; mile and three-sixteenths:
Killiecrankie, 102 (E. Dugan), 6 to 1 and 2 to 1 1
Craftie, 103 (McDaniel), 6 to 1, place.. 2
Punky, 98 (Buxton), 4 to 1 to show.... 3
Time, 1:59 3-5. Lord Stanhope, Gild, Elfall, Conville, Beauclere, Umbrella and Al H. Woods also ran.

BELMONT PARK ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—One mile:

Horse.	Wt.	Horse.	Wt.
Second Light	115	Murilla	117
First Ward	112	Lachesis	117
Park Row	112	Al H. Woods	117
Kestrel	117	Vesta Bella	117
Summer Cloud	117	Constantia	117
Grace Cameron	117	Rain Queen	117
Lad of Langdon	117	George G. Hall	117
Ramrod	117		

SECOND RACE—Steeplechase; three miles:

Horse.	Wt.	Horse.	Wt.
Follow On	141	Guardian	13.
Knight of Elway	141	Arian	1..
Sheriff Williams	139	Islam	13.
Maximilian	138	Dr. Keith	13.
Navajo	138	Garret	133
Jimmy Lane	136	Paprinta	130
Gus Straus	136		

THIRD RACE—Seven furlongs:

Horse.	Wt.	Horse.	Wt.
Tennis	117	Wise Child	117
Boland	117	Brother Jonathan	114
Monocle	117	Lafara	114
Fultonville	117	Duke of Roanoke	114
Throckmorton	117	Billy Pullman	114
Bobb n Around	117		

FOURTH RACE—The Rancho del Paso Stakes; six furlongs:

Horse.	Wt.	Horse.	Wt.
Uncle	132	Earl G.	108
Jim Gaffney	122	Bouquet	106
Not Sual	115	Gold Quest	106
Falcada	109	Robert Cooper	103
Halket	109	Adriuche	100

FIFTH RACE—Seven furlongs:

Horse.	Wt.	Horse.	Wt.
Don Enrique	114	Berwick	107
Dan O'Hara	109	Frank Lord	104
Grimaldi	109	Jim Gaffney	102
Prem	108	Johnnie Blake	95
Maister	106	Master Robert	95
Frank Lubbock	109	Fancy	92
Trouble Maker	107	Earl G.	85

SIXTH RACE—One and three-sixteenths miles:

Horse.	Wt.	Horse.	Wt.
Lane Allen	126	Sea Wolf	119
Right Royal	124	Tomacco	117
Welbourne	124	Thistledale	115
Cairngorm	122	Killiecrankie	110
Perseverance	121		

MUCH MONEY SUBSCRIBED TO BUILD SWEDISH CHALLENGER FOR THE AMERICA'S CUP

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, Oct. 14.—William Ollson and Goesta Kyhlberger, who are at the head of the movement here to build a challenger for America's cup, say that a large portion of the money required to construct and sail a ninety-footer, estimated at about $189,000, has already been subscribed. Many large manufacturers have offered to furnish material gratis and the captain and three mates of the yacht will sail her without any pay. The designer will accept no compensation for his work and the builders only will charge the net cost of the construction. Messrs Ollson and Kyhlberger think they will now be able to guarantee funds even for a ninety-five footer, if required.

The report that the Swedish Club intends challenging with either a seventy or a ninety-five-footer in order to compel the New York Yacht Club to build a new defender, has no foundation. The Swedish Yachtmen are prepared to challenge with a ninety-footer, and all reports to the contrary are sharply denounced in the Swedish papers.

A meeting of the Royal Swedish Yacht Club has been called for October 21, when an important announcement is expected.

CALIFORNIA STATE LEAGUE OUTLAWED

National Baseball Commission Declares All Players Who Have Jumped Their Contracts Forever Ineligible To Play.

CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 14.—The California State League was to-day declared to be an outlaw organization by the National Baseball Commission. The attention of the National Commission was called to this case by the officers of the Pacific Coast Baseball League.

They contended that the California State League is operating outside of the national agreement and is employing reserved and contracted players of the national agreement clubs and occupying prohibited territory, and has been for some time operating in the cities of Sacramento, Stockton, San Jose and Alameda.

In view of the fact that the California State League is now, and for some time past has been, harboring players who have refused to observe their contracts with certain clubs operating under the national agreement, the California State League was declared to be an outlaw organization.

The commission also held that all players who are now with said California State League who have jumped their contracts with national agreement clubs are forever ineligible to participate in any games played by the national agreement clubs, and that all players who are now with the California League who are reserved players of the national agreement clubs, and who have failed to report to the respective clubs having title to them, shall be required within a period of thirty days to signify their intention to return to the clubs having title to them; and upon their failure to do so they shall also be declared to be forever ineligible to participate in any game with national agreement clubs.

The commission also notifies the players of all national agreement clubs that they will be prohibited from playing with any club belonging to the California State League; and should any national agreement player violate this a fine of $100 will be inflicted for the first offense and suspension for the second offense.

The commission also decided that upon the payment of a fine of $300 Player Deininger, of the Tristate League, is to be reinstated. However, the decision provides that "if it develops later on that the Philadelphia National League club, which has negotiated for the release of this player, at any time subsequent to the imposition of the fine herein referred to, pays the same, or any part thereof, the commission will reserve the right to refund the fine so paid and withdraw the reinstatement of this player.

GRIDIRON LOVERS EXPECT FINE GAME

High School and K. M. I. to Meet—Sidelights On Last Saturday's Contests.

THE results of Saturday's local football games give a basis for some very interesting speculations, the chief of which center about K. M. I. and High School, since these two elevens are to meet next Saturday at High School park.

The fact that the Purple and Gold managed to score two touchdowns against St. Mary's College team, and at St. Mary's, too, seems to show that Norman's men have a better offense than their great rivals, K. M. I. The soldiers were unable to cross St. Mary's goal line, though Ellingson did manage to kick a goal from field.

On the other hand, St. Mary's could not cross the cadets' goal line at Lyndon, while they did register a touchdown against High School. This would indicate that the High School defense is not so strong as that of K. M. I. In other words, High School and K. M. I. are as nearly equal as two football elevens can well be. This is not unusual; it has been the case for four or five years. Again and again the score has been a tie when these two teams have met. The soldiers have found the other local teams easy to beat, but the Purple and Gold has always been a match for them, no matter how much outweighed. The rivalry between the two teams is intense, and the game Saturday will be a hard fought and even battle. High School must take into consideration the goal-kicking ability of K. M. I.'s captain, Ellingson. It was he who, two years ago, when High School apparently had the soldiers beaten, dropped a goal from the field in the last minute of play, making the score 10 to 10, and depriving the Purple team of a well-earned victory. Moreover, K. M. I. is furnished with a splendid punter in McCary. It was his good work that saved off defeat last year. But High School also has a fine punter, Graeme McDonald, and these two will certainly indulge in many a kicking duel on Saturday afternoon. Their ability assures a game full of punting, and therefore full of open play, in which the spectator so much rejoices. This annual battle, it is believed, will be a most interesting contest, and judging by the advance sale of tickets, the crowd of Saturday will be one of the largest that has witnessed a struggle between these two teams in some years.

L. and N. Football Team.

The employes of the master mechanic and storekeeper's offices of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company have organized a football team for the season to be known as the L. and N. outlaws and composed of the following well-known players: F. L. Clifford, right end; G. W. Kelley, right tackle; A. C. Deveraeux, right guard; S. E. Stinette, center; B. C. Moxam, left guard; J. G. Sher, left tackle; B. M. Thorpe, left end; E. C. Nuss, quarterback; C. C. Norton, left halfback; F. B. Bosshart, right halfback; S. J. Schang, fullback. Substitutes—A. J. Berry, A. B. Freyman. Hots Fielding, mascot.

The Outlaws are open for games with all 135-pound teams. The team of the freight claim department of the Louisville and Nashville preferred. Address all challenges to Manager E. C. Nuss, care master mechanic's office, L. and N., South Louisville.

PLAYERS FINED IN AMERICAN ASSOCIATION DURING THE SEASON.

The following list of fines handed out by O'Brien during the American Association year is interesting:

MILWAUKEE.
Jack Doyle—5 days............May 17
Jack Doyle—$50............June 19
Jack Doyle—3 days............September 11

LOUISVILLE.
Dick Cooley—$10............August 26
Heine Peitz—$10............August 26
Heine Peitz—3 days............June 2
Ned Kenna—3 days............June 2
Jimmy Durham—7 days............June 14

TOLEDO.
W. J. Barbeau—$10............June 2
Harry Eells—3 days............June 18
W. J. Barbeau—3 days............July 18
W. J. Barbeau—3 days............August 23

MINNEAPOLIS.
Mike Cantillon—3 days............April 27
Mike Cantillon—3 days............June 22
Mike Cantillon—5 days............August 15
Tip O'Neill—$10............June 22
Gus Dundon—$10............June 22

KANSAS CITY.
George McBride—$10............July 13
George McBride—$10............August 5
O. K. Swann—5 days............August 27
Hugh Hill—$10............July 13
Hugh Hill—3 days............July 13
Hugh Hill—$10............May 12
Jack Sullivan—3 days............May 31

Bear this in mind! ! ! DIAMOND Wall Plaster is not better than the Best, but it is better than the Best. It is the only preparation on the market which is guaranteed to make a good job during freezing weather if properly applied.
KY. WALL PLASTER CO. (Incorporated.)
TELEPHONE 2267.
BROOK AND RIVER. LOUISVILLE, KY.
Also Operating THE HOOSIER WALL PLASTER PLANT, Jeffersonville, Ind. 'Phone 555.

BROOMS.

We make a specialty of the best BROOMS on the market at
$1.75 to $3.50 PER DOZEN.
Special Discounts to the Trade.
Also dealers in Baskets, Burlaps, Excelsior and Manufacturers' Supplies.
T. C. Caummisar & Sons
123 THIRD ST.

Our Friends In Kentucky
Can have OLD McKENNA shipped to them in bottles or jugs from our New Albany, Ind., branch by writing to us for prices.
Henry Bosquet's
Old Blue House,
245 FOURTH AVE.
LOUISVILLE, KY.

THE WAVERLEY HOTEL
American Plan
Walnut St., Bet. Sixth and Seventh.
$2.00 PER DAY
Rooms with private bath attached.
Special rates by the week or month.

WHEN YOU COME TO LOUISVILLE
You want to be comfortable—a nice room, with the best things to eat, at reasonable rates. That's what you get at
RUFER'S Hotel and Restaurant.
Fifth st. Near Main

THE MOST REFRESHING DRINK IN THE WORLD
Coca-Cola.
At all Saloons, Groceries, Cafes and Stands 5c. a Bottle.
Coca Cola Bottling Works, Louisville, Ky. (Incorporated.)

It May Cost You Dear
If you should have a chill in the night or come home out of the cold and rain, and have nothing in the house to prevent you from catching the grip or pneumonia. Nothing like having a bottle of pure WHISKY or APPLE BRANDY in the house to prevent colds, indigestion or the blues. And a little OLD BRECKINRIDGE will warm your blood and your stomach, and there isn't a headache in the whole bottle or barrel. Mail orders and family trade prompt attention.
NOT A SALOON. Home phone 2561.
L. D. ADDISON
N. E. Corner Seventh and Market Streets, Louisville, Ky.

THROUGH LUNG

George S. Collins Shot In Market-Street Hotel.

AT CITY HOSPITAL SAYS HE DID IT ACCIDENTALLY.

PEOPLE THOUGHT SOMEONE WAS DRIVING NAILS.

MAN IN CRITICAL CONDITION.

George S. Collins was shot, accidentally he says, and perhaps fatally wounded yesterday shortly after 12 o'clock at the Laclede Hotel, 206 Market street. An ambulance was called and Collins was taken to the City Hospital, where the bullet was found to have entered the body just below the heart and passed through the left lung. An operation was performed and the bullet found just under the skin near the shoulder blade.

The injured man registered at the hotel yesterday morning as from Pittsburg, Pa., and was shown to a room by the negro porter, Scott Hazard, who says he knows nothing whatever of the affair. He heard the two shoots and saw the wounded man later. Collins was given room number 47 on the third floor and nothing more was heard of him until Hugh Bradford and several other guests saw him rambling around the hall on the second floor in a stupified condition, bleeding profusely from a wound in the breast.

Mr. Bradford assisted Collins into the office of the hotel where he dropped into a chair. By this time H. G. Ogden, proprietor of the hotel, who had been summoned from across the street, reached the spot and found the wounded man and a number of the guests in the office. He saw blood on the man's hand and asked him how it happened. Collins replied that he shot himself and when told that two shots had been fired from the weapon, a 32-caliber revolver, said that he must have shot it somewhere. The revolver belonged to Collins.

* * *

Carried Revolver In His Pocket.

Before Mr. Ogden's arrival Bradford questioned the wounded man regarding the whereabouts of the weapon. Collins reached in his hip pocket and pulled out the revolver which he handed to Mr. Bradford, who upon examination found that two shots had been fired from its chambers. As the man seemed to be suffering from great pain they refrained from questioning him further until the arrival of the ambulance.

The two shots were heard by several people at the hotel, who at the time thought someone was driving a nail and did not realize the full significance of the noises until they learned what had happened. Sam Kalisky, the night clerk, says he was asleep in another room at the time and knows nothing whatever about the affair. Both Hazzard and Kalisky were "sweated" by the detectives at headquarters, but were released when they made a statement regarding the shooting.

Several detectives were working on the case yesterday afternoon, and when they entered the office of the hotel with a reporter they found it vacant. Going to the rear on the second floor they found Anna Harris, a chambermaid, who at first denied knowing anything whatever about the shooting, but finally showed the detectives to room 47. She had cleaned the room up and removed the sheet from the bed. No blood could be found on the floor, but a few drops were visible on the sheet she produced. One of the bullets was found in the plastering at the head of the bed.

* * *

Shooting Accidental, Says Collins.

Collins said at the hospital that the shooting was the result of an accident. He is employed by the Standard Steel Car Company at Pittsburg, and lives in Jeffersonville with his son, Herbert Collins, who works in the clothing department as a salesman for Levy Bros. The younger Collins went to the hospital soon after the shooting and identified his father.

The hotel is a rooming place, and has been the scene of a number of tragedies, the last of which occurred in 1898, during the Spanish-American war, when Emma Ruggles is said to have shot herself. C. F. Ogden, a brother of the present proprietor, was at that time a Captain in the army, and had stopped in Louisville at the present location, which was then known as the Farmers' Central Hotel, for a few days before going to the front. Capt. Ogden left his revolver in the office while he went with the other guests to dinner. They had hardly seated themselves when they heard a pistol shot, and, rushing into the room, found that the woman had shot herself. Despondency is supposed to have been the cause.

EVERYONE JOINING Y. M. C. A. FOR THE ASKING.

Teams Doing Much Successful Hustling In the Campaign For 500.

"I asked only six or eight men to become members of the Y. M. C. A. to-day, but I got every one of them," remarked one of the hustlers in the field for 500 new members by next Friday night, last night at campaign headquarters in the basement of the First Christian church. "I was a little late getting into the game," said Charles A. Ruby, captain of Team No 7, "but every one of my men is hard at work, one of them having reported already that he has secured eight new members." "I have been asked a dozen times since this campaign began to join the Y. M. C. A.," said a man yesterday, "and I gave them my application before all that dozen had come to me."

"Such expressions as these we are hearing everywhere, and it shows how the fellows are hustling," said C. H. Hamilton, financial secretary, who is in charge at headquarters. "Big stacks of literature have been exhausted by workers supplying information about the privileges and rates of the association, and we have ordered more by lots running into the thousands. If we go beyond the 500 mark it would not surprise me."

With the object of having men who are not personally acquainted with the work of the Y. M. C. A. to visit the association building, at Fourth and Broadway, and enjoy the use of its baths and swimming pool, and be shown through the various departments, 2,000 free bath tickets are being issued by the campaign workers. The tickets are good if used on or before October 18. A full membership ticket, which will cost $10 during the campaign and $12 after, entitles the holder to the use of the gymnasium and baths. The limited membership permits the use of all privileges except the baths and gymnasium.

The big pyramid bulletin board erected yesterday morning on the west side of the First Christian church and miniature pyramids worn by the hundreds by Y. M. C. A. members and their friends, served to call the attention of thousands to the movement. The pyramid on the board is ten feet four inches at the base and has 456 blocks, one of which will be stained out for each paid aplication reported the last day.

Some of the biggest surprises of the campaign are expected to be announced at the first rally of the captains and members, to be held to-night.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to the following:

George J. Long and Helen C. McKinney, Lambert Y. Gobber and Minnie Niehoff, Lindley Smyth, Jr., and Florence Newcomb Danforth, James Schell and Josie Duncan, Edward Moore and Annie Rachford, Edward H. Ratterman and Anna T. Breedman, Thomas A. Rafferty and Ella Peterson, Ray Hamilton Somes and Theresa Inez Wathen, Myron S. Davis and Mary Agnes Dawson, Mahlon H. Higbee and Hattie Ridgeway, Jesse Gordon Ray and Jessie Florence Norton, Roscoe Dye and Nellie E. Dyer, William A. Holt and Bessie H. Vanarsdall, Willis D. Mitchell and Georgia M. Boots.

TRACTION MAGNATES HOLD CONFERENCE.

Presumably To Discuss Revelations Brought Out At the Interborough Inquiry.

New York, Oct. 14.—The fact that Thomas F. Ryan, P. A. B. Widener, Thomas Dolan and other traction men, whose names were involved in the sale of the Wall and Cortlandt street railway to the Metropolitan Securities Company for $975,000, held an all day session at the home of Thomas A. Nevins at Orange, N. J., yesterday, became known to-day. The testimony concerning the $975,000 sale was brought out last week in the Interborough-Metropolitan inquiry now being made by the Public Service Commission in this city.

In testifying before the commission Anthony N. Brady told of having purchased the right to construct a railroad over the Wall and Cortlandt-street route for $250,000, and later, although nothing toward the construction of the road had been done, selling the same to the Metropolitan for $975,000. Brady said as a result of this deal he received back only the original purchase price of the right to construct the road, while the remainder was divided among Messrs. Ryan, Widener, Dolan, William L. Elkins and William C. Whitney. It is said that much of the time at yesterday's conference was taken up in discussion of the impression made by the Widener-Dolan-Elkins explanation that the checks for $111,652.78 received from Brady covered loans previously made by each man to the late William C. Whitney.

When asked to-day as to what conclusions had been reached at yesterday's meeting, Mr. Nevins declined to discuss the subject.

PIONEER

OF LONDON AND LAUREL DEAD AT LONDON.

Postmaster Williams Succumbs To Organic Heart Disease.

London, Ky., Oct. 14.—The Hon. J. T. Williams, Postmaster of this city and one of the pioneers of London and Laurel county, died at his home here shortly after midnight of organic heart disease. He had been suffering from this trouble for several years, but since his return from the South recently, where he had been for several months, he had been able to go about. His death was sudden and unexpected. There was no thought of his condition being serious until a short time before the end came.

Mr. Williams was sixty-eight years old and had been a prominent factor in London and Laurel county for half a century. He had held several positions, including a term as Sheriff, and he served many years as Mayor of London.

One of his sons, the Hon. D. H. Williams, is Sheriff of Knox county, and the other, James Williams, is a merchant of this city. His two married daughters are Mrs. Charles H. Lord, of New York City, and Mrs. J. W. Carnahan, of Cincinnati.

Lumber Company Incorporates.

The Milton-Peter Manufacturing Company, a lumber concern, incorporated yesterday with a capitalization of $15,000, divided into shares of $100 each, and a maximum debt of the same figure. The incorporators and their respective holdings are: T. Milton Smith, eighty shares; Robert A. Peter, Jr., sixty shares; L. A. Weideman, ten shares.

Weather Maker On Vacation.

George B. Wurtz, assistant weather forecaster, under F. J. Waltz, in the Louisville Weather Bureau, left yesterday on his annual vacation of two weeks. He will likely take a trip East before he returns to his duties in the office.

Sells Cottage On East Main Street.

The George H. Fisher Company sold at auction yesterday afternoon the cottage at 1628 West Main street to Miss Agnes McGuire for $1,830.

RIVER AND WEATHER.

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation for the twenty-four hours ended October 14 at 7 p. m.:

Stations.	Temp.	Pre.	Stations.	Temp.	Pre.
Abilene	76	.00	Marquette	62	.00
Amarillo	72	.00	Memphis	62	.00
Atlanta	60	.00	Modena	68	T
Bismarck	60	.00	Montgomery	64	.00
Cairo	66	.00	Nashville	60	.00
Cincinnati	58	.00	New Orleans	64	.00
Charlotte	56	.00	New York	56	.00
Chattanooga	60	.00	Oklahoma	70	.00
Chicago	60	.00	Omaha	72	.00
Corp. Christi	74	.00	Palestine	68	.00
Davenport	64	.00	Pittsburg	50	.00
Dodge City	76	.00	San Antonio	78	.00
El Paso	78	.00	Shreveport	60	.00
Fort Smith	68	.00	St. Louis	62	.00
Galveston	66	.00	St. Paul	62	.00
Indianapolis	58	.00	Vicksburg	66	.00
Jacksonville	64	.00	Washington	54	.00
Kansas City	70	.00	Yel'st'ne Pk	56	.00
Little Rock	62	.00			

T—Trace rainfall.

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.] Louisville, Oct. 14, 1907.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	30.45	30.36
Temperature	36	54
Dewpoint	34	33
Relative humidity	93	44
Wind velocity	2	3
State of weather	*Cloudy	**Clear

*Dense fog. **Light smoke.

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

[Official.] Louisville, Oct. 14, 1907.

Constants and Normals.

Maximum temperature	61
Minimum temperature	34
Mean temperature	48
Normal temperature	59
Departure for day	—11
Departure for month	—19
Departure since March 1	—10
Prevailing winds	Sou'wes'ly
Mean barometer	30.40
Mean relative humidity	68
Character of day	Clear
Total precipitation	.00
Normal precipitation	.08
Departure for day	—.08
Departure for month	+1.29
Departure since March 1	—.34

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

River rising. Gauge: At the foot of the locks, 14.7 feet; in the canal, 7.7 feet; on the falls, 5.8 feet. Weather clear and cool. Business brisk on the wharf.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

Indiana, Capt. Lindenburn, for Cincinnati, at 5 p. m....Helen M. Gould, Capt. Suplee, for Carrollton, at 4 p. m....Tell City, Capt. Howard, For Evansville, at 4 p. m.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

City of Louisville, from and to Cincinnati....Helen M. Gould, from and to Carrollton....Falls City, from and to Kentucky river points....Glenmore, from and to Evansville.

DRIFTWOOD.

The Tom Dodsworth, which brought twenty barges of coal here from Pittsburg, put them through the canal yesterday. The John Moran brought twenty-five pieces from Pittsburg....The Falls City had a good trip, leaving yesterday afternoon for Valley View....The Cincinnati Mail Line steamers are running on time and doing a thriving business....Fog was thick on the river yesterday morning....The Red river packet, H. M. Carter, which went down a few weeks ago and has since been thoroughly overhauled, will resume her trips on Thursday of this week between Maurice, Colfax, Alexandria, Pineville and intermediate points.... Negotiations are pending for the charter of the steamers Tennessee and Chester, in the Missouri river, for service on the lower Mississippi for the winter months.... Capts. W. T. Campbell, M. H. Campbell and James A. Riley, who had been employed at Miami, Fla., for the last year by the Florida East Coast Railway Company, have returned to Paducah, their former home. They have taken berths on local steamers....Now the strikebreakers are quitting at New Orleans. They claim that the wages promised have not been paid them....Vicksburg hopes to outdo Memphis in the way of decorations when President Roosevelt visits that city.... The Beulah Ray, recently sold by Capt. Ed Kuhn to Capt. Peter B. Horsah, of Henderson, will be stripped of her upper works, and she will be used for towing purposes....The ferryboat Zerah, Jr., of Helena, Ark., is ready to come off the docks of Patton-Tully, on Wolf river, and will resume her trips within a few days....The steamer Alton is said to have made the run from Memphis to St. Louis, a distance of 450 miles, in forty-two hours, in the face of a heavy wind most of the way....During the summer season the City of Providence, of St. Louis, carried 356,386 passengers....An index of the intense interest which the business world is taking in the utilization of the waterways of the country is to be found in the multiplicity of projects that are under way for the enlargement of old canal routes, of which the Erie, upon which the State of New York is spending $100,000,000, is an example; for the connection of separated water systems, as, for instance, the plan for the construction of a canal that will bring the freight of the great lakes to Pittsburg, on down by Cincinnati, Louisville, Evansville and from the Ohio river into the Mississippi; or for such national and strategic undertakings as the construction of inland waterways parallel to the Atlantic coast from Massachusetts to New Orleans....The towboat Darling is going up Kentucky river to Irwin with two barges of cement. She will return with a barge of ship timber. ....The Greenwood received her annual inspection yesterday at Cincinnati.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS REPORTED YESTERDAY.

Activity In Market Shown By Deeds Recorded In Courthouse.

Elijah W. Bridwell to Christopher B. Kaufman, 12½ acres in county	Val. con.
J. E. Dawkins to Charles Hehl, lot 33, block 1, J. E. Dawkins' subdivision	$ 1, etc.
Maria Gernert to E. J. Scheerer, lots 19 and 20, Maria Gernert's addition	Val. con.
John Welsh to Katie Glock, 27½ feet, north side Portland, 270 feet east of Twenty-first	Val. con.
Olof Anderson to R. L. Hawes, lot 9, block 11, Kennedy's South Side addition	Val. con.
Stella P. Langham to Isaac Strauss, 26 feet, north side Hill, 122 feet east of Sixth	Val. con.
W. H. Henry, etc., to C. R. Shrader, lots 20 and 21, block A, Henry addition	Val. con.
John W. Kieler, etc., to Louisville School Board, 120 feet, south side M, 120 feet west of Sixth	2,900
A. W. White to James L. Morris, 25½ feet, south side Hill, 132 feet east of Fourth A	2,500, etc.
J. E. Dawkins to J. C. Taffe, lot 15, block 1, J. E. Dawkins' subdivision	1, etc.
Frank A. Brown to Philip L. Maner, 31 feet, north side Winter, 25 feet east of Edward	Val. con.
M. W. Burd to W. C. Nones, 100 feet, northwest corner Ransdell and Ray avenues	1,250, etc.
Caroline A. O'Bannon to Lynch Simon, 45 feet, north side Chestnut street, 104 10-12 feet east of Ninth	1, etc.
C. H. Sikes to Minnie Bohmer, 33½ feet, west side Woodburne avenue	1
John Wiest to W. S. Lang, 27½ feet, north side Portland avenue, 242 feet east of Twenty-first	900, etc.
J. A. Lasnbrook to J. W. Welch, 2 acres	880

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Maj. Henry C. Newcomer is on a three days' inspection tour of the Government work on the Kanawha river. Capt. Frank C. Boggs, who was formerly connected with the Pittsburg office, is now in charge of the Kanawha river work. When the locks and dams of the Kanawha river are completed a much larger amount of coal from that territory will reach the Southern markets, because it is farther down the river and coal can be shipped from Kanawha on slight rises. Pittsburg coal operators have taken coal lands along the Kanawha river. The new dam across the Ohio just below the mouth of the Kanawha river is of much assistance to coal shippers. Davis Island dam was put up to-day and the work of putting up No. 2 was going on and will be completed to-day. There was 4.2 feet below Davis Island dam to-night, and falling.

Wheeling, W. Va., Oct. 14.—River 6 feet 8 inches, and falling.

Point Pleasant, Oct. 14.—River 9.1; falling. Cloudy.

Gallipolis, O., Oct. 14.—For the second time this season the ferryboat running between Point Pleasant, W. Va., and Kanauga, O., sunk to-day in deep water. The crew had a narrow escape from drowning, but all were saved with life belts and life preservers.

Madison, Ind., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—River 14 feet; falling. Josh Cook up with empties. Clear; pleasant.

Evansville, Oct. 14.—River 8.9; rising. Fair.

Cairo, Oct. 14.—River 16.1; stationary. Fair; cool.

St. Louis, Oct. 14.—River 12.7; a fall of .3 in twenty-four hours. Departed: City of Saltillo for Tennessee river. Clear and cooler.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York, Oct. 14.—Arrived: Steamer Finland, Antwerp and Dover.

Scilly, Oct. 14.—Passed: Steamers President Grant, New York for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg; Kronprinz Wilhelm, New York for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Bremen.

Plymouth, Oct. 14.—Sailed: Steamer Graf Waldersee, from Hamburg and Boulogne, New York.

Glasgow, Oct. 13.—Arrived: Steamer Caledonia, New York via Moville.

Rotterdam, Oct. 12.—Sailed: Steamer Estonia, from Libau, New York.

Cherbourg, Oct. 12.—Sailed: St. Paul, from Southampton, New York.

Bremen, Oct. 13.—Arrived: Steamer Friedrich der Grosse, New York via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

Plymouth, Oct. 14.—Arrived: Steamer President Grant, New York for Cherbourg and Hamburg; Kronprinz Wilhelm, New York for Cherbourg and Bremen, and both proceeded.

Boulogne, Oct. 12.—Sailed: Steamer Statendam, from Rotterdam, New York.

Almerle, Oct. 11.—Steamer Germania, from Naples, New York.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—2339 Garfield, 6-room 2-story frame; convenient to Southern Railway shops; attractive in appearance; built for a home; cheap at $2,000, in payments like rent.

Beautifully located lot among the trees in Beechmont; city water; made streets; handsome home going up on adjoining lot. It will sell to somebody this week.

We have other attractive lots that will make good home sites and can sell them on easy payments, without interest or taxes.

TERRY & TICE.
823 Paul Jones bldg. Both phones. *

FOR SALE—Splendid First-st. residence or investment at ABSOLUTE AUCTION.
We will positively sell as above this afternoon at 4 o'clock, on the premises, 1225 First st., between Breckinridge and Caldwell, on lot 32x130, that splendid 3-story brick of 9 rooms; metal roof, stone foundation; modern plumbing; in fact, an up-to-date place, in an ideal neighborhood; will positively pass under the hammer to the best bidder. Here's a chance to get a big bargain, so be on hand for business.
ARTHUR KAYE & CO., Auctioneers. *

FOR SALE—A choice piece of land overlooking the Ohio; will sell as a whole or divide. Can be bought very cheap. Home 4859. *

FOR SALE—16-acre farm, half a mile from Buechel. C. L. JEWELL, Buechel, Ky. *

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, FLOOR CASES, CIGAR CASES, SHOWCASES AND WALL CASES, BAR FIXTURES, OFFICE PARTITIONS, SAFES, DESK, SCALES, MEAT AND MILK BOXES, COUNTERS AND SHELVING. AT L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 WEST JEFFERSON ST. *

FOR SALE—One splendid surrey mare and one bay horse; suitable for delivery wagon. Apply FRED G. JONES & CO., Brook and A sts. **

FOR SALE—Restaurant and hotel feeding 700 daily. Inquire JOHN RHORMAN, Merchants Refrigerating Co., 613 Eighth st., Thursdays. **

FOR SALE—The Hall Safe Co.'s fire and burglar-proof safes. W. J. VETH, dealer, 120 Third st. Home phone 5257. *

FOR SALE—Children's umbrellas, 35c and upward; a good line; see them. GEO. E. CROSS CO., 417 Fourth. *

FOR SALE—1 small horse, 1 small wagon, at a bargain. Seventh st., one house south of Southern railway. *

FOR SALE—4 country work horses. Apply Forty-second st., two squares south of Greenwood ave.

FOR SALE—Horses, mules and dump wagons cheap. MAGNOLIA STABLE. Both telephones. *

FOR SALE—Splendid drug store; snap for someone; other business. Apply G 58, this office. *

FOR SALE—Brown mule, about 12 years old; work anywhere. Cumb. 'phone—Anchorage, 128. *

FOR SALE—Pure bred homing pigeons. 112 Galt ave., Crescent Hill, Ky. **

FOR SALE—Good grocery; large stock. 119 W. Jefferson st. *

FOR SALE—TYPEWRITERS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—You can't hire a King, but you can rent a Monarch Typewriter. OFFICE EQUIPMENT CO., 423 W. Jefferson st. *

MONEY TO LOAN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY?
If you are,
Patronize the "OLD RELIABLE"
KENTUCKY LOAN CO.
All we ask is that you give us an opportunity to compare our rates and methods of doing business with those of other companies.
423 Fourth, cor. Green. Over jewelry store. Call, write or 'phone 2495.

MONEY! MONEY!
OUR MONEY IS YOURS TO COMMAND.
Private loans in any amount advanced at a reasonable rate on your personal unindorsed note or any other security. We solicit your investigation. Call, write or telephone us to call on you.
LOUISVILLE LOAN CO.,
Room 1 Courier-Journal bldg., 515 Fourth.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE and others upon their own names; without security; cheapest rates; easiest payments; offices in 60 principal cities; save yourself money by getting our terms first. TOLMAN, Room 313 Equitable bldg. *

MONEY ON DEMAND.
Your financial wants will be supplied quickly, quietly and politely at reasonable cost, if you apply to the
FALLS CITY LOAN CO.,
407 Fourth st., cor. Jefferson. Second floor.

MONEY TO LOAN
ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC.
Low Rates—Easy Payments.
AMERICAN LOAN CO.,
421 W. Jefferson st., 2d floor. *

LOAN HEADQUARTERS.
UNION LOAN AND SECURITY CO.
413 W. Market st., second floor.
Home phone 1516 and our agent will call. *

IF you need money, get our rates before borrowing elsewhere. WEST END LOAN CO., 1619 W. Market st. *

MONEY to loan on salary and furniture. FIDELITY LOAN CO., rooms 1 and 2, 502 Fourth ave. *

LOANS—On furniture, pianos, horses, wagons. EAST END LOAN CO., 731 E. Broadway. *

BOARDING.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

BOARDING—First-class boarding, rooms suitable for married couples. All necessary conveniences. Also day board. 232 East College st. *

BOARDING—Highlands; two gentlemen for nice room; private family. 1021 Hepburn; East 102-M. *

BOARDING—Furnished room with board. Best of references. 1114 Second st. *

HALF LIEUTENANT'S PAY

MAY BE DRAWN BY CAPT. JACOBS AS PENSION.

Former Captain of Police Elevated From Ranks Long Enough To Resign As Officer.

In consideration of twenty-five years' continuous and meritorious service, Capt. James P. Jacobs, who during the recent shake-up among the police, following the installation of Robert W. Bingham as Mayor, was reduced to the ranks, was yesterday promoted to the rank of lieutenant by the Board of Public Safety and allowed to retain it long enough to enable him to tender his resignation as an officer of that rank. The resignation was accepted and Capt. Jacobs will now be placed on the pension list. He will draw a pension each month equal to half the monthly salary received by the lieutenants of police.

Capt. Jacobs, up to yesterday morning, when his resignation was accepted, had been a member of the Louisville police force since 1878. His record was clean and marked by the highest efficiency.

Others who were placed on the retired list yesterday by the Board of Public Safety were R. H. Webber and Casper Schneider.

Col. J. H. Haager, Chief of Police, said yesterday that he had received numerous complaints of late of retired police officers, pensioners, attempting to influence the present members of the Police Department against obeying the orders which require them to take no part in politics. He said that he intended to refer the matter to the Board of Public Safety.

Nashville Inspector Here.

Capt. George M. Green, steamboat inspector at Nashville, Tenn., is in the city on his vacation and is the guest of Capt. E. L. Dorsey, Supervising Inspector of the Louisville district. Capt. Green reports things in the river line to be all right in his district.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—STOCKS OF GOODS
In Whole or Part
CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS,
SHOES, HATS, DRY GOODS,
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
Liberal Prices Paid.
Address with particulars
THE EZEKIEL & BERNHEIM CO.,
No. 334 Main Street,
Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED—WM. KEIPER, who was located for the past twenty years at 334-338 Second st., where he conducted the leading fish, oyster, game and poultry market, is now located in his own new building, 131 W. Jefferson st., where he invites his friends and patrons to call, assuring them first-class goods at right prices and satisfactory service.

WANTED—Horses; No. 1 gaited saddle-horse, mare or gelding. Also a pair of gentleman's high-class driving horses, mares or geldings. Must be absolutely sound and without a blemish. Also want a pair of gentle horses for family carriage; must be extremely gentle and well-mannered. Address G 46, this office. *

WANTED—Business and professional people who want ideal offices in the best possible location in Louisville, to know that the Courier-Journal Office Building is being handsomely reconstructed. Promised in 90 days or less. Apply Courier-Journal counting room now for any special arrangements in space.

WANTED—To buy all kinds of STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES; also merchandise. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 W. Jefferson. *

WANTED—I pay highest prices for feathers, furniture, carpets, stoves. W. SMITH, 103 E. Market. Phones Main 2056—A, Home 6037. **

WANTED—A second hand bolter for lathe machine; also log turner. T. V. COOPER & CO., Clarksville, Tenn. *

WANTED—SALESMEN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—
COMPUTING SCALE SALESMAN
to act as
DISTRICT SALES MANAGER
for the Angldile Springless Automatic. None but experienced Scales Salesmen considered.
Also five salesmen.
See MR. SMITH, at Hotel Seelbach, Tuesday, October 15. *

WANTED—2 more salesmen. Good position with advancement. 707 W. Jefferson.

WANTED—AGENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Young men, go in business yourself; sell to stores; we manufacture 1,000 numbers; send $5 for 250 comic, 250 ass't'd holiday goods, retail $20; agts. case, 100 samples, free. PARISIAN POSTCARD AND NOV. CO., Cent'l Trust bldg., Phila., Pa. *

WANTED—Agents, new small articles; big profits; money returned if unable to sell in first house; write or send 10c for samples. MABEY COMPANY, 330 Massachusetts ave., Indianapolis, Ind.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Men or women to represent THE AMERICAN MAGAZINE, edited by F. P. Dunne ("Mr. Dooley"), Ida M. Tarbell, William Allen White and others. Straight proposition. Good pay. Continuing interest from year to year in business created. Experience and capital not necessary. Good opportunity. Write J. TRAINOR, 341 Fifth ave., N. Y. City.

WANTED—All-round office man for assistant office manager in manufacturing plant; must be good correspondent and capable of supervising bookkeeping, shipping, collections, etc.; give full history with references and state salary expected. Address R 156, this office.

WANTED—LEARN TELEGRAPHY—$4.50 per month.
LOUISVILLE SCHOOL OF TELEGRAPHY,
S. e. cor. Fifth and Market, 307 Fifth st.

WANTED—Three first-class experienced advertising solicitors; no others need apply; good thing for good men. Call, Willard Hotel Wednesday and Thursday, 10 o'clock a. m. Inquire for "Advertiser." *

WANTED—GO TO SEA! If you are between 17 and 35 years of age, call at the Navy Recruiting Station, in the postoffice building, and investigate positions in the navy, pay $16 to $70 per month. *

WANTED—Job pressman with at least 5 years' experience; splendid chance for intelligent young man interested in his work. Apply THE REPUBLICAN PUBLISHING CO., Hamilton, Ohio.

WANTED—Carrier for Crescent Hill morning route on Courier-Journal. Route starts from Pope and Frankfort. Splendid route for boy with wheel. Apply room 213 Paul Jones bldg.

WANTED—Experienced shipping clerk for manufacturing plant; must be energetic and thoroughly capable; state experience and salary. W. E. C. CO., Brook and D.

WANTED—Well acquainted young man to take orders in city for high-class tailoring; trade established seven years. Apply at 402 Equitable bldg.

WANTED—15 to 25 boys over 14 years of age; good positions; steady work. Apply MENGEL BOX COMPANY, Twelfth and Ormsby ave. *

WANTED—Two young men canvassers. House to house work. $1 per day and commission. Call 429 W. Chestnut st., CHRISTMAN.

WANTED—A bookkeeper, male or female, with retail experience; give past employers and salary wanted. Address M 24, this office. *

WANTED—Bookbinders and paper rulers. Steady work at good wages; nonunion men only. Address P. O. Box 859, Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—An experienced soda water dispenser; one with recommendation only need apply. 1706 Baxter ave. *

WANTED—Boy to pack doors and sash; also paint door. Apply FRED G. JONES & CO., Brook and A sts. **

WANTED—Three trimmers at once; best wages; steady work. PAINE BROS., 3637 Fourth ave. *

WANTED—Barber at once. 1103 E. Main st., $11 guarantee. FRANCK'S Barber Shop. *

WANTED—Boy as jumper on bakery wagon. Call quick. 423 E. Market st. *

WANTED—Tailor bushelman at once. ED KALTENBACHER, 236 Third st.

WANTED—Colored janitor; must be married; no children. 733 Third. *

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Lady with long hair as demonstrator; give telephone number. O 157, this office.

WANTED—Housekeepers to get private loan on furniture or piano. P.O. Box 485.*

WANTED—Experienced coat hand; no other need apply. 646 Third.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Situation for morning house or office work, 8 to 12 or last 2 days of week. MARGARET BEATTY, 726 W. Walnut. *

WANTED—Situation; tinner, slater and tile roofer. Sober and reliable. Address Box 26, Oldenburg, Ind.

LOST.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

LOST—Between Second and Broadway and Second and Walnut, or on Second-street car, a heavy pearl necklace with garnet setting. Return to 809 Columbia bldg. and receive reward.

LOST—Brown purse in Tenth-st. Station, Sunday morning. Return to Saleslady No. 73, New York Store. Reward. *

STRAYED.

STRAYED—Dark brindle bulldog; white on head and chest; reward. MILTON SMITH, 1240 Fourth ave. *

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—Bay horse, 16 hands, 2 hind white legs; reward. 1420 Logan or phone 428. *

AMUSEMENTS.

MACAULEY'S - - To-night 8:15
Wednesday Matinee and Night.
AL. H. "METZ" WILSON
in
METZ IN THE ALPS.
Seats Selling—Mat. 25c to $1; night 25c to $1.50
Next—"Brewster's Millions."

Mary Anderson Theater.
Klaw & Erlanger's Advanced Vaudeville
This Week MAUDE HALL-MACY and Company
and a Bill of Wondrous Comedy and Features.
Prices: Mat. 15, 25, 50c; Eve. 15, 25, 50, 75.

THE NEW MASONIC To-night, all week. Seats 25, 35, 50, 75c.
New York's Society Craze.
WINE, WOMAN AND SONG. Special Matinee Friday. Saturday. Best seats 25c.
Next Week—Under Suspicion.

HOPKINS' DAILY FROM 1:30 to 10:30 P. M.
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Tom Nawn & Co. in the Mythical Irish Comedy "Pat and the Genii;" Al. Carleton, "The Skinny Guy;" Kinodrome, with English Derby. 12 Other Star Acts. Prices—10c, 20c, 30c.

MATINEE To-day Every Day AVENUE
Seats 10c, 15c, 25c. To-night 15c, 25c, 50c.
HARRY CLAY BLANEY THE BOY DETECTIVE.
Next Week—Parted on Her Bridal Tour.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—By FIDELITY TRUST CO., 212 Fifth st.:

RESIDENCES.

417	W. Oak, 9 rooms, with all conveniences	$35 00
1427	Second st., 9 rooms, with all conveniences, per month	40 00
1422	Garvin Place, 10 rooms, bath, etc., per month	35 00
1360	Second st., 10 rooms, stable and all conveniences, per month	60 00
736	Third ave., 13 rooms and all conveniences, per month	75 00
1441	Second st., 6 rooms and all conveniences, per month	35 00
113	E. Grimsby ave., 8 rooms and all conveniences; per month	35 00
1514	Cherokee Road, 7 rooms, servants' quarters and conveniences, per month	35 00
1319	Fourth st., 6 rooms, servant's room, stable and all conveniences; per month	45 00
119	E. Caldwell, 6 rooms and conveniences; per month	27 50
1113	Third st., 14 rooms and conveniences; per month	50 00

BUSINESS HOUSES.

73	Fourth ave., 11 rooms, stable and 2 servants' rooms; suitable location for doctor, dentist, insurance or other general business office.	
829	W. Main st., 4 stories, 200 ft. deep, elevator; per year	1,300
812	E. Market, store and 5 rooms, per month	25 00

OFFICE.

341	Fifth st., 2 rooms, 1st floor, lawyer or real estate, etc.; per month	30 00

FLATS.

514	Belgravia, 5 rooms, beautiful flat, per month	35 00

Coke bldg., Fourth and Chestnut, several apartments and offices not yet taken.

FOR RENT—
If you are looking for a home to rent in either a large or small house, call and examine my large list of "For Rents."
I have made the rental business a specialty, and my list is being renewed constantly, so that you can surely find what you want.
Houses of medium rent in Louisville are very scarce, so if you see anything advertised, call and examine it at once.
BRUNER,
Rent Agent,
255 Fifth st. *

FOR RENT—
A large modern 10-room house, 1531 Bellevue ave., with stable...$30 00
New 8-room modern house, 1529 Coral Court ... 30 00
8-room lower flat, 1617 Coral ave.; water furnished ... 16 00
EDW. F. WEIGEL,
Room 517 Paul Jones Bldg. Phone 8129.

FOR RENT OR SALE—Near city, 10 and 6-room houses; every city convenience; several acres ground; will trade. East 287 *

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—A modern 5 and 7-room apartment in "The Virginia;" heat, hot and cold water; gas cooking stove furnished; halls lighted and janitored. Apply 116 W. St. Catherine st., phone S. 121—A.

FOR RENT—A bright sunny, 6-room apartment in the exclusive "Belvoir," in Cherokee Park; 17 minutes from Fourth and Walnut; with all of the up-to-date conveniences known; $60. Tel. 2287. **

FOR RENT—Apartment, 5 and 6 rooms and bath; steam heated, hot and cold water; janitor service. S. W. cor. Fourth and Oak; $45. Apply WILLIAM RITCHER, 1500 Fourth; phone S-255.

FOR RENT—Apartment in St. James Court; 5 rooms and bath; heat and water furnished. Address C 86, this office. *

FOR RENT—Flat of 3 rooms in modern house, Brook st., near St. Catherine. Address N 172, this office.

FOR RENT—Up-to-date 6-room flat in Central Apartments, 3d, near Ky. Tel. 4621.

FOR RENT—1607 Barret; modern flat, 4 rooms. J. I. BOONE, 255 Fifth. *

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Large, second-floor front room, all conveniences; private family. 1107 Fourth.

FOR RENT—Furnished room for housekeeping; gas for cooking. 812 W. Broadway.

FOR RENT—2 first-class furnished rooms at 753 3d. J. BORNSTEIN. Phone 4621. *

FOR RENT—Two beautiful front rooms; gentlemen preferred. 932 Second st.

FOR RENT—First-class furnished rooms. 820 Fifth st. *

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Rooms for young men, unfurnished, at 817 Fourth ave., just south of Broadway, the handsome home of the late Capt. W. F. Norton. The State Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association have offices in this building, and have reserved a number of choice rooms, with all conveniences, especially suitable for young men. For further information apply on the premises or telephone South 1368. *

FOR RENT — Courier-Journal Building offices to be reconstructed in 90 days. Will design offices to suit tenants if their wants are made known at once at Courier-Journal counting room.

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished front rooms; gas and water. Must have reference. No children. 711½ Second st. *

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Beautiful new offices for business and professional purposes in the Courier-Journal Building. Ready in 90 days or sooner. Architect's plans now perfecting. If specially-arranged suite is desired, apply Courier-Journal counting room at once.

PERSONAL.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

PERSONAL — ANNOUNCEMENT: Madame Valeska, having just returned from a European tour, has located at 659 Third, where she is prepared to give advice on spiritual reading and healing; services free to first client calling. *

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE — Money-making business, without competition; will not require all your time; equipment, stationary and office furniture, $240. This business has been established 3 years. H. C. BRUNER, 312 W. Jefferson. Home phone 5688.

ROOMS planned to suit your professional and business interests. The Courier-Journal Office Building now being quickly reconstructed. Best location in Louisville—best advertised building in entire South.

A STOCK OF GOODS, storeroom and 2-story dwelling on railroad in Bluegrass section of State; invoice about $4,000. Address SHIPMAN & CO., Normandy, Ky. *

AUCTION SALES.

Kentucky's Greatest Thoroughbred Sale!
The Buyer's Opportunity. 600 to 700 Horses.
FASIG-TIPTON COMPANY'S Eighth Annual Kentucky Sale of Thoroughbreds at Wilson's Horsemen's Headquarters, Lexington, Ky., during the week beginning MONDAY, NOVEMBER 25. Yearlings will be sold at night.

FIVE GREAT DISPERSALS!
MILLSTREAM STUD, RIDGEWAY STUD, LEONATUS STUD, SENORITA STUD, FECUEST STUD,
comprising GREAT RACE HORSES, BROOD MARES AND SIRES; furnish an opportunity seldom equaled to secure the BEST BREEDING MATERIAL.

EVERY WANT IN THOROUGHBREDS SUPPLIED AT THIS SALE
of Stallions, Brood Mares, Race Horses, Yearlings and Weanlings; all of the choicest breeding and many NOTED ANIMALS.
WE DO NOT SELL CHEAP HORSES, but we do sell many GOOD HORSES CHEAP that make fortunes for their buyers. There will be many bargains at this sale. Attend and be convinced. Catalogues on application to THOMAS F. KELLY, Lexington, Ky., or
FASIG-TIPTON COMPANY, Madison Square Garden, New York.

By GEO. H. FISHER CO.
Two Highland Mansions, Two 2½-Story Pressed Brick Residences
AT AUCTION
To-day at 4 P. M.
1037 and 1039 Highland avenue, corner Edward.
GEO. H. FISHER CO., Auctioneers.

We Are Long on
COMMON OAK And BOARDS But Cheap in Price
FRANK S. COOK & CO.
Both Phones. 1514 WEST MAIN STREET

"To the Gulf of Mexico."

Secretary Root said the other day that "the great trend of commercialism in the United States is to the Gulf." President Roosevelt says "the public demands that we open up the waterways to the Gulf." The "Deep Waterways Convention" at Memphis declared unanimously in favor of deep waterways from the Lakes to the Gulf. The commerce of the United States is vortexing to the Gulf. The great State of Texas is attracting the attention of the world. Houston is the great Gulf port and the New York of Texas. Houston has a DEEP WATERWAY to the Gulf. Real estate is advancing in price in Texas. The best place to buy is between Houston and the Gulf. And the cream of the best is in South Houston, the beautiful suburb of Houston. You can make no mistake to invest your money there. Lots are cheap now, but are bound to advance very soon. Now is the time to buy. See

THE WESTERN LAND CORPORATION
343 Fifth St., City.

FOR SALE REAL ESTATE
TWELVE ACRES, BARDSTOWN ROAD.
To settle an estate, we offer at a bargain 12 acres, unimproved, on the Bardstown road, in the neighborhood of Jefferson County Fair Grounds, on electric car line—investigate this.
DOUGLAS BOULEVARD LOTS.
Four of the choicest lots on Douglas Boulevard—two, or all four of these lots, will make a most desirable suburban home site.
OSCAR WILDER & CO.
REAL ESTATE
109 W. MARKET ST.

FOR SALE.
FOURTH AVE.
A 2½-story Brick Residence of 8 rooms, bath, modern plumbing, hardwood floors, electric lights,
$6,250.00
INVESTMENT.
A 14 per cent. investment in three small Cottages in good neighborhood; street cars in front of the door,
$2,400.00
Arthur E. Mueller & Co.
(Incorporated)
347 FIFTH STREET.

FOR SALE—
Two Model
No. 1 Mergenthaler
LINOTYPES
Either SINGLE or DUPLEX Machines; now equipped with 6 and 7-POINT MATRICES and 13-em Molds. We can make the machines 2-Letter Machines, if desired. For terms address LOUISVILLE COURIER-JOURNAL CO., Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE.
Steel Chases
Sizes Used by Courier-Journal and Times.
Address Courier-Journal Co.

PROPOSALS.

PRINTING AND BINDING REPORTS OF THE DECISIONS OF THE COURT OF APPEALS OF KENTUCKY:

The commissioners to let contracts for the printing and binding of the State Reports containing decisions of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky will receive sealed bids for the printing and binding of said reports for the term of two years beginning first Monday in January, 1908, on and up to 15th day of November, 1907, at 12 o'clock noon.

The work is to be done in accordance with specifications on file with the Secretary of the Board. A copy of the specifications will be mailed to anyone on application to the Secretary at Frankfort, Ky.

ED. C. O'REAR,
Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals, Chairman.
J. MORGAN CHINN, Secretary.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

STRS. CITY OF CINCINNATI and CITY OF LOUISVILLE

For Madison, Carrollton, Cincinnati and Upper Ohio River points at 5 p. m. daily, except Sunday, at 9 a. m., from foot of Third. Phone 141. C. C. FULLER, Supt.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
LOUISVILLE and EVANSVILLE PACKET CO.
Both Phones 495, 827.

On account of closing the canal for repairs October 14, freight and passengers will be received at the Portland wharf after that date until repairs are completed. Freight and passengers for points beyond Derby, Ind., will not be received.

C. V. WILLIAMS, G. F. and P. A.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

Stations, Tenth and Broadway and First and Water streets. City ticket office 419 Fourth Ave. and corner Fourth and Main. Both 'Phones 258.
*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. S, Sunday.
a Stops at Fourth street on signal.
x Stops at Baxter Avenue.
This Company reserves the right to vary from the time shown herein without notice to the public, and does not guarantee schedules.

Union Station, Tenth and Broadway.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati	* 2:15am	a* 2:25am
Cincinnati	a* 8:[illegible]am	a* 9:30pm
Cincinnati	a* 1:[illegible]pm	a* 2:30pm
Cincinnati	x a* 5:55pm	xa* 11:50am
Mobile and New Orleans	* 9:[illegible]pm	* 8:45am
Memphis and Hot Springs	* 9:25pm	* 8:10am
New Orleans and Memphis	* 2:45am	* 2:10am
Nashville and Atlanta	* 3:00pm	* 12:50pm
Nashville and Chattanooga	* 8:00am	* 7:[illegible]pm
Bowling Green Accommoda.	† 5:00pm	†10:30am
Knoxville and Atlanta	* 8:[illegible]pm	* 7:[illegible]am
Knoxville Mail	* 5:10am	* 6:10pm
Cincinnati, Frankfort and Lexington	xa † 7:25am	xa †12:20pm
Frankfort and Lexington	xa † 2:[illegible]pm	xa † 5:35pm
Bardstown and Springfield	† 4:[illegible]am	† 8:[illegible]am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 8:[illegible]am	† 5:15pm
Lebanon and Greensburg	† 5:00pm	†10:00am

Sunday Trains.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Frankfort and Lexington	xa 6:10pm	xa 10:25am
Bowling Green Accommo.	6:[illegible]pm	10:[illegible]am
Bardstown and Springfield	6:[illegible]pm	9:25am
Lebanon and Greensburg	6:[illegible]pm	10:00am

From First and Water-Street Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati		† 7:45pm
Frankfort Accommodation	† 3:50pm	† 8:[illegible]am
Shelbyville and Bloomfield	* 5:[illegible]pm	* 8:[illegible]am
Shelbyville and Bloomfield	* 8:00am	* 5:[illegible]pm
La Grange Accommodation	† 5:10pm	† 8:00am

Through Pullman sleeping car on the 2:45 a. m. train to New Orleans and Memphis, and on the 8 p. m. train to Knoxville and Bristol, and on the 9:30 p. m. train to Memphis and New Orleans.

SUBURBAN LINES TIME TABLES—In effect June 1, 1907.

Louisville and Eastern Railroad—Car leaves Louisville on the half hour for Camden, Glenarm, Buckner, Magnesia Springs, Anita Springs and Lagrange from 6:30 a. m. until 6:30 p. m., then 8, 9, 10 and 11:15 p. m. Leave Lagrange on the hour from 6 a. m. until 7 p. m., then 8:30, 9:30 and 10:30 p. m. Cars between Louisville, Anchorage, Pewee Valley and Beard every thirty minutes from 6 a. m. to 7 p. m., east bound, every hour after until 12 p. m. West bound from 6 a. m. to 8 p. m., every hour after until 11 p. m.

Prospect Division—Cars leave for Prospect at 5:30 a. m. and on the hour and half hour thereafter from 6 a. m. to 9 p. m., daily; last car Sunday at 10 p. m. Extra cars on Saturday night at 10 and 11 and on Monday night at 11 o'clock. Cars leave Prospect for Louisville at 6:20 a. m. and ten minutes before and twenty minutes after each hour between the hours of 6:50 a. m. and 9:50 p. m., daily. Last car Sunday night at 10:50. Extra cars Saturday night at 10:50 and 11:50 and Monday night at 11:50.

Jeffersontown Division—Cars for Jeffersontown leave Baxter and Highland avenues at 5:15 a. m. daily and thereafter leave Terminal Station at 6 and 7 a. m., and fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 8:15 a. m. and 9:15 p. m. Last car Sunday night at 10:15 and Saturday night at 11:15. Cars leave Jeffersontown for Louisville at 6 and 7 a. m. and fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 8:15 a. m. and 10:15 p. m., and at 11:15 Sunday night and 12:15 Saturday night, to Highland avenue only.

Salt River Division—Cars leave for Orell forty-five minutes after each hour between the hours of 4:15 a. m. and 7:15 p. m. daily. Last car leaves for Orell at 9 p. m. daily except Saturday when last car leaves at 11:10 p. m. Cars leave Orell for Louisville forty-five minutes after each hour between the hours of 5:15 a. m. and 8:15 p. m., daily. Last car for Louisville leaves Orell at 10 p. m., daily except Saturday, when it leaves at 12 midnight.

Okolona Division—Cars leave for Okolona thirty-five minutes after each hour between the hours of 5:35 a. m. and 7:35 p. m., daily. Last car for Okolona at 9 p. m., daily. Cars leave Okolona for Louisville fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 6:15 a. m. and 8:15 p. m., daily. Last car for Louisville leaves Okolona at 9:15 p. m., daily.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY IN KENTUCKY (Incorporated.)—Seventh Street Station; City Ticket Office 234 Fourth avenue.

N. B.—Following schedule figures published only as information and are not guaranteed.

7:30 a. m. daily—Evansville Express—Evansville, Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton and way stations.

10 a. m. daily—St. Louis Special—Evansville, Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia and St. Louis.

5 p. m. daily—Evansville Limited—Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton, Evansville and way stations.

10:15 p. m. daily—St. Louis Limited—Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia and St. Louis.

Trains from St. Louis arrive 7:10 a. m. and 5:55 p. m. daily. Trains from Evansville and local stations arrive 12:25 p. m., 5:55 p. m. and 10:58 p. m. daily.

TO FLORIDA AND THE SOUTHEAST.

Trains leave Fourth avenue crossing twenty minutes later.

6:30 a. m. daily—Local for Lexington and way stations.

7:50 a. m. daily—Florida Limited—Lexington, Danville, Knoxville, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Southeast and Florida.

4:25 p. m. daily—Lexington, Danville, Georgetown and way stations.

7:45 p. m.—Florida Special—Lawrenceburg, Danville, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Asheville, Atlanta and Southeast.

Trains from Lexington and local stations arrive 9:40 a. m., 6:25 p. m. and 9:25 p. m. Trains from Danville arrive 9:40 a. m., 11:10 a. m. and 9:25 p. m. Trains from the Southeast arrive 9:40 a. m. and 9:25 p. m.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—Seventh St. Depot, Seventh and River. City ticket office, Fourth and Market. Effective Sunday, May 5, 1907.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Memphis and New Orleans	9:10pm	7:50am
Memphis and New Orleans	12:01pm	5:35pm
Paducah and Fulton	7:31am	4:50pm
Central City Accom.	5:30pm	8:20am
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	7:31am	4:50pm
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	5:30pm	8:20am
Owensboro	12:01pm	4:50pm
Hopkinsville	12:01pm	5:35pm
California points, through car Tuesdays	9:40pm	5:35pm

All trains run daily, except no Sunday service to Elizabethtown, Hodgenville or Owensboro.

LOUISVILLE AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD CO.—

	East	West
Lv. Louisville (Sou. Ry.)	7:50am Arr	9:00pm
Lv. Versailles (L. & A.)	12:00m Arr	5:30pm
Lv. Nicholasville	12:15pm Arr	4:45pm
Lv. Richmond	1:40pm Arr	3:50pm
Lv. Irvine	2:50pm Arr	2:40pm
Arr Beattyville	4:30pm Lv	1:00pm

All trains daily except Sunday.

$33 To The Pacific Coast

From Chicago every day September 1 to October 31. Only $33, Chicago to Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles and many other points on the Pacific Coast; $30.50 to Spokane; $28 to Ogden, Salt Lake City, Butte, Helena or Great Falls, Montana. Low rates to hundreds of other points. Choice of routes if you select the

Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

Tickets good in tourist sleeping cars. Rate for double berth, Chicago to Pacific Coast points, only $7. Through tourist cars to California leave Union Station, Chicago, at 10:10 p. m. daily. Personally conducted excursions at 10:10 p. m., Tuesdays and Thursdays.

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REVISED TELEPHONE DIRECTORY

Of COURIER-JOURNAL and TIMES.

Telephone service with the Courier-Journal and Times can now be had as follows:

	Home.	Cumberland
Courier-Journal Counting Room — Courier-Journal Building, First Floor.	1340	Main 1340
Courier-Journal Reporters' Room — Courier-Journal Building, Second Floor.	276	Main 276
Courier-Journal Managing Editor — Courier-Journal Building, Second Floor.	276	Main 276
Times Reporters' Room	2724	Main 4580
Times Reporters' Room — Second Floor, Courier-Journal Building.		Main 4581
Times Managing Editor, R. W. Brown — Second Floor, Courier-Journal Building.	6683	Main 121
Times Editor-in-Chief, W. B. Haldeman — Room 210, Paul Jones Building.		Main 880
Times Counting Room — Courier-Journal Building, First Floor.	5590	Main 4540
Circulation Department—Both Papers — Room 213, Paul Jones Building.	5081	Main 4560
Circulation Department—Both Papers — Courier-Journal Building, First Floor.	8222	Main 4550
Mailing Department—Both Papers — Courier-Journal Building, Basement.	240	Main 269

MRS. SEMPLE SUCCUMBS TO A BRIEF SICKNESS

WIDOW OF ALEX. C. SEMPLE ILL TWO MONTHS.

ENGAGED UNOSTENTATIOUSLY IN WORK OF CHURCH.

FUNERAL SERVICES TO-DAY.

A long life spent in giving light and comfort to others was brought to a close yesterday morning when Mrs. Sarah Semple passed away at her home, 1625 First street. Mrs. Semple was the wife of the late Alex. C. Semple, a former Main-street merchant, whose name is still retained in the firm W. & A. C. Semple, of this city. Mrs. Semple had been ill for the past two months, but her death was not expected.

Mrs. Semple was born seventy years ago in Nelson county, near Bardstown, but spent the greater part of her life in Louisville. She was a daughter of Philip Slaughter and came of an old Kentucky family. Her life in Louisville was very quiet and unostentatious, but her kindness and charitableness were well known among the many who had come under her influence. She was a member of Warren Memorial Presbyterian church.

During the past summer she lived in a cottage at Oconomowoc, Wis., and it was there that she contracted the illness which caused her death. She was brought to Louisville about a month ago, since when she had grown constantly weaker until the end came yesterday morning. Three of her children were at her bedside when she passed away. She is survived by two sons, George C. Semple, of St. Louis, and Charles B. Semple, of this city, and by two daughters, Miss Lilly Semple and Mrs. Harry C. Truman, also of Louisville.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at 3 o'clock, Dr. Peyton Hoge officiating. Interment will be in Cave Hill cemetery.

BODY OF DAVID R. KAHN BROUGHT HOME FOR BURIAL.

President of Louisville Tailoring Company Died In New York On Business Trip.

The body of David R. Kahn, president of Kahn Brothers Tailoring Company, who died suddenly of heart disease in New York, will be brought to Louisville this afternoon and will be taken to the family residence, 208 West Hill street. Mr. Kahn was one of the best-known men in Jewish circles in Louisville and had been in New York on a business trip. He was forty-six years old and a native of Louisville. Mr. Kahn is survived by his wife, two sons and his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Leo Kahn. The funeral arrangements have not been made.

MRS. MOLLIE R. BINFORD TO BE BURIED IN RICHMOND, VA.

The body of Mrs. Mollie R. Binford, widow of Franklin Binford, and who died Sunday night after an illness of several months at the home of her daughter, Mrs. W. Y. Macpherson, 214 Hite avenue, in Crescent Hill, was taken to Richmond, Va., last night, where the funeral will be held to-morrow. Mrs. Binford was sixty-five years of age and a member of the Warren Memorial Presbyterian church. Mrs. Binford had lived in Louisville with her daughter, her only child, for about six years.

OLD TAYLOR
BOTTLED IN BOND

For Forty Years The Best In or Out of America and The Most Largely Imitated and Infringed

A Beverage Whiskey

E. H. TAYLOR JR. & SONS
INCORPORATED
DISTILLERS
FRANKFORT, KY.

WILLIAM O. WINS WILSON STAKES

Wilkes Heart Defeats Splendid Field In the 2:08 Trot.

EMBOY TROTS FAST HALF MILE

Angus Pointer Never Gives His Backers Any Uneasiness In the Two-Minute Pace.

SELIKO FAILS ON RECORD.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 14.—By winning the Wilson Stakes here to-day William O. proved himself to be one of the gamest campaign pacers of years. It required seven heats to decide the event.

Notwithstanding the chilly weather, the racing was the best of the meeting. The Wilson Stakes and the 2:00 pace and the 2:08 trot were the features of the programme. It required but little effort on the part of Wilkes Heart to defeat the splendid field of trotters in the 2:08 trot, as he won both heats handily, reducing his record from 2:07¼ to 2:06½. Emboy, the winner of the second money, gave the spectators a sensation in each heat by trotting the first half of each heat in 1:01½, but he was not able to keep up the pace and win at the end.

The two-minute pace was an easy victory for Angus Pointer, and at no time was the result ever in doubt. He led from start to finish in each heat. Pace Maker won two heats, C. W. M. one heat and Harry B. one heat of the 2:14 pace, which had to be postponed on account of the darkness. Siliko attempted to beat the world's stallion record, but failed. Summaries:

First Race—The Wilson Stakes; 2:12 class pacing; purse $2,000 (best three in five heats).

William O., blk. g., by The Director General (Geers) 1 8 7 1 8 2 1
Hal R., br. h. (Hedrick) 5 5 8 2 1 1 2
Ethan Roberts, b. g. (Snow) 6 1 1 6 6 3 3
Leland Onward, b. h. (Murphy) 4 3 2 3 3 ro
Hidalgo, b. g. (McDonald) 3 2 4 7 4 ro
Major Mallow, b. g. (Mallow) 2 4 5 4 5 ro
Reproachless, blk. m. (Starr) 7 7 6 5 2 ro
Tornway, b. h. (Cox) 8 6 3 8 7 ro
Village Boy, b. g. (Wilson) dr
Time, 2:09¾; 2:04½; 2:04¼; 2:04¼; 2:07¼; 2:11¼; 2:11¾.

Second Race—2:00 pacing; purse $1,500; best two in three:

Angus Pointer, b. g., by Sidney Pointer (McHenry) 1 1
Audubon Boy, ch. h. (McDonald) 2 2
Argot Boy, b. g. (Cox) 3 3
Baron Grattan, b. g. (Geers) 4 4
Rudy Kip, br. h. (Murphy) 5 5
Time, 2:03¼; 2:02½.

Third Race—2:08 trotting; purse $1,200; best two in three:

Wilkes Heart, b. g., by Great Heart (Steele) 1 1
Uncle William, br. g. (Wright) 4 2
Emboy, b. g. (McDonald) 2 6
*Daniel, br. g. (Ernest) 3 5
*Turley, b. g. (Geers) 5 3
Margaret O., b. m. (Davis) 6 4
Lotta, blk. m. (McHenry) dis
Time, 2:07¼; 2:06½.
*Daniel and Turley divided fourth money.

Fourth Race—2:14 pace; purse $1,000; best three in five; unfinished:

Pace Maker, b. h., by The King Maker (Murphy) 7 5 1 1
Harry D., ch. g. (Donahue) 6 1 2 2
C. M. W., br. g. (Ross) 1 4 5 6
Norchen, b. h. (Myers) 2 2 3 3
Amber G., b. m. (Kenny) 4 3 7 4
General Luther, b. g. (Paceman) 3 7 6 7
Red Ash, br. h. (Hedrick) 5 6 4 5
Chestnut Bell, ch. m. (Bailey) 8 8 dr
Time, 2:09¾; 2:10½; 2:09¾; 2:10½.

NELSON MORRIS' WILL OFFERED FOR PROBATE.

Number of Bequests To Charitable Institutions In Chicago and Elsewhere.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—The will of the late Nelson Morris was filed for probate late to-day. The petition accompanying the will estimates the estate at not to exceed $20,000,000. Of this amount more than $18,000,000 is in personal property and the balance in real estate. The bulk of the estate is left in trust to the executors for the various members of his family. The sum of $300,000 is to be paid immediately to Mrs. Morris and she will participate also in the income from the estate at large. The following bequests are made to charitable institutions: Hebrew Ophan Asylum, Cleveland, O., $10,000; Jewish Orphan Asylum, Chicago, $10,000, and $5,000 each to the following Chicago institutions: Home for Aged Jews, Visiting Nurse Association, Home for the Incurables, Home for Destitute Crippled Children and Little Sisters of the Poor. Fifteen thousand dallors is set aside for the endowment of beds in the various hospitals for the benefit of employes of Morris & Co.

Although the will provides that the estate should be held in trust, it was said by the attorneys, because of a written statement left by Mr. Morris, it was probable that it would be divided into five equal parts between the widow and the four children.

COLLECTOR HOLDS UP EIGHTEEN TRUNKS.

They Contain Part of Trousseau of Miss Butters, Who Is Soon To Be Married.

San Francisco, Oct. 14.—The eighteen trunks of Mrs. Henry Butters, of Piedmont, containing in part the trousseau of Miss Marie Butters, who is soon to marry Victor H. Metcalf, Jr., son of the Secretary of the Navy, are being held at the appraisers' building by Collector of the Port Stratton until adjustment of the duties is made. When Mrs. Butters reached New York from Paris last week she made a declaration that she was a nonresident and was permitted to enter her trunks in bonds. Subsequently she made a declaration that convinced the collector she was not a nonresident, so he notified Collector Stratton to take possession of the trunks upon their arrival here.

Collector Stratton said this morning that he will probably take action in the matter to-morrow. Mrs. Butters, after going to her home in Piedmont, said she had no intention of evading the customs laws.

MRS. MARGARET METZ DIES AT AGE OF EIGHTY-THREE.

Mrs. Margaret Metz, of 304 East Breckinridge street, died of senility at her home at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. Mrs. Metz was eighty-three years of age and a native of Germany. She was a member of the First English Lutheran church, and is survived by seven grandchildren, two brothers and a sister. The funeral will be held at the residence this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

JOHNNY KLING, THE GREAT CATCHER OF THE CHICAGO CUBS, CHAMPIONS OF THE WORLD

GREAT FIGHT SEEMS LIKELY

Burns and Johnson To Battle For Championship Among Heavies.

MEMSIC DODGING A CONTEST.

Tom O'Rourke Now In England With His Star Boxer, Rogers, the Giant.

OTHER CHAT OF THE RING.

THERE is a possibility that a battle for the world's championship will be pulled off in California between Jack Johnson and Tommy Burns within the next four months. Should this come about it will be the first event of its kind that has taken place in this country under the Marquis of Queensberry rules. Burns, who won the heavyweight title of America by defeating Marvin Hart and who defended it against Jack O'Brien and Bill Squires, the victory over the latter netting him the championship of Australia, recently stated he would take on Johnson after his return from England, where he has a match on with "Gunner" Moir, the boss heavyweight of Great Britan. He demands, however, the ring be sixteen feet square instead of from twenty to twenty-four feet—this, he says, to prevent the big black making a runaway race of it.

Of course the world's championship hinges on Tommy's fight with Moir. Should the latter win, he, not Burns, will be the boss fighter of the English speaking world and the contemplated battle with Johnson may not mature.

Reports from Frisco state that Jim Coffroth will go as high as $35,000 for the match, and from Nevada comes the report that Tex Rickard is after it for a boom for Ely, Nev., and that he will outbid Coffroth. Burns has become attached to Jim's offer, but with commercialism as his motto he is holding off for a larger one. He thought Tom McCarey would see Coffroth's bid and go him a few thousand better, but Tom has had his fill of big offerings and will permit Coffroth and Rickard to dig into their jeans for the prize.

It cost McCarey $11,000 in cold cash for the recent Joe Gans-Jimmy Burns fight, not counting his expenses for advertising and handling the event, and it only netted him $985. That, he argues, is too much like holding the bag for the benefit of posing as a promoter.

Johnson's fight with Jim Flynn, which is scheduled to take place before Coffroth's club on October 26, is considered a forerunner to the Burns-Johnson fight. Johnson never has been a box office magnet on the coast. This was demonstrated when he fought Marvin Hart in Frisco in March, 1905, since which he has not been given the opportunity to demonstrate. Coffroth, however, believes Johnson can be made an attraction, hence his match with Flynn. The latter went down to defeat before Tommy Burns in fifteen rounds, so Jack will have to make a quicker job of it to be considered in Burns' class.

* * *

While England is busy sending her boxers over here, Tom O'Rourke has now arrived on the other side with his man Rogers. So far as the American boxing public is concerned Rogers is about as much of an unknown quantity as Squires was when the Australian first landed here. But if Rogers has had his training in an American school I think it is only reasonable to predict that he will make a better showing across the water than any heavyweight the British have ever sent here since the days of Charley Mitchel.

Just what the trio of boxers sent across here recently can do I do not know. Owen Moran is a good little man in his own class. O'Keefe has only an English record to go on, which is of little value in comparing him with American fighters. It would seem that if he had any real brilliance in the heavyweight class, however, he would have shown it in England, for there is nothing much over there to meet. From the way "Gunner" Moir seems to be dodging any strong antagonist I think that Tommy Burns will have an easy thing if he goes across the water.

* * *

The temporary retirement of Joe Gans has left the lightweight class in about as tangled a condition as any other division of the American ring. No one takes the withdrawal of Gans seriously any more than the average follower of sport took Corbett's oft-announced intention of retiring seriously before his bout with Fitzsimmons. There is something about the ring that draws a man back to it so long as he thinks himself able to lift a glove in good shape, says a well-known critic.

I think both Gans and Jeffries will again be seen in the ring. I am making this statement about Jeffries not on account of personal knowledge of what the big fellow intends to do, but simply because some persons who have had an opportunity to come in contact with him tell me that the lure of the squared circle is drawing him back and that he would really like to fight once more.

As for Gans, sheer business sense is not likely to let him retire at a time when his earning capacity is so great. Gans can easily make $100,000 yearly. To say that he will be satisfied with the purses he has won of late, just at a time when he is able to dictate conditions and to name his own division of the purse, is absurd on its face.

In the meantime, however, the championships of America and the world—which means the same thing—are unsettled. Attell claims the feather-weight title, yet Tommy Sullivan knocked him out in a bout advertised as being for the championship with Attell's consent. Sullivan hasn't since been beaten, which certainly gives him as good a right to premier honors in the class as Attell. Memsic claims the lightweight title because Gans "presented" it to him at Los Angeles. Jim Corbett once "presented" the heavy-weight title to Peter Maher, but it didn't make Maher the champion.

Tommy Ryan, Jack (Twin) Sullivan, Hugo Kelly and a few others claim the middleweight honors. Mike (Twin) Sullivan, George Ketchel and one or two more assert they are welter-weight champion. It would seem Bill Papke has about as much right to honors as any of them, even if he has not fought in a recognized championship fight for that title. The light heavy-weight class seems to have gone a-glimmering. As for the heavy-weight division, the retirement of Jeffries has left Tommy Burns in a very uncertain position.

* * *

Malachy Hogan says of the Murphy-McFarland bout, scheduled for Wednesday night at Indianapolis:

"This bout will mark a crisis for McFarland. It will show whether he can maintain the claims his friends have made for him, to the effect that he is the man to be reckoned with in his own class. If he can beat Murphy he will prove this beyond a doubt.

"Murphy has won many good bouts around New York. On many occasions he has shown form that stamps him of championship caliber. Even if his opponents on those occasions were not fighters of the highest order, he still outclassed them so decisively as to leave no doubt of his own ability. If we look through the records of both men and judge merely by what the paper shows, it may be that Murphy will stack up a bit the best.

"McFarland, however, has won many bouts in which he did not get the same credit as that conceded to Murphy. For instance, take the goes with Neary and Sayers. These are really boys of ability, well trained in ring tactics and tough enough to show that a man is of great merit if he can get the verdict over them. But little notice is taken of those bouts in the East. Murphy's wins are spread broadcast, while McFarland's are not given one-half the attention in that section.

"It would seem at least an even break that the recognition due the local man will come after this battle. Murphy will be favorite, and that may be natural. But I cannot see where he has any overwhelming edge over McFarland—in fact, I don't see where he has much of an edge at all.

"If there is one thing which would give him a shade it is the fact that he has figured in more of the short, fast six-round bouts in Philadelphia and the New York clubs than has McFarland. Those quick, snappy bouts are good training for the men who have already learned the distance game. But it often develops that a man who is a wonder at the six-round route is not so good when the distance is doubled. The pending affair is of ten rounds. It ought to give a fair idea of the merits of the two men next Wednesday evening."

Paid For Site.

Danville, Ky., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Former Congressman Davison, of the Treasury Department, to-day paid to John Weisiger $10,000 for the site upon which the Government building is to be erected.

KEEPS TAB ON ALL ITS COMPETITORS

RECORDS OF THEIR BUSINESS SENT TO NEW YORK.

FROM STANDARD OIL OFFICE IN COVINGTON.

NO LIGHT ON BIG LOANS.

New York, Oct. 14.—Hampton G. Westcott, vice president of the Standard Oil Company of Kentucky, testified to-day in the hearing of the Federal suit against the oil combine, that in several of the Southern States the Standard had found it expedient to sell much of its products through companies which the public believed to be independent. The practice of selling through so-called independent companies, which were owned by the combine, was discontinued two years ago, according to Mr. Westcott.

Mr. Kellogg, counsel for the Government, drew from the witness that the Standard Oil Company of Kentucky, which acts as selling agent of oil in Kentucky, Georgia, Mississippi, Louisiana, Tennessee and Alabama, had purchased numerous small independent selling companies, and through many of them sold oil to the consumer. Some of the plants of these independent companies were dismantled and the business taken over by the Standard.

Mr. Westcott threw a sidelight on a business department of the Standard, concerning which the Federal counsel has been seeking information since the beginning of the inquiry.

Mr. Westcott testified that each month the main office of the Standard Oil Company of Kentucky at Covington sent to him not only the reports of the business operations of the Standard, but statements concerning freight shipments and sale of oil by all competitors. These statements, according to Mr. Westcott, gave the name of the consignor, the consignee, the amount of oil shipped, and any information that might be available. Mr. Westcott said that after examining these statements he filed them with the statistical department in the Standard office in the city. This, Mr. Westcott said, was in charge of W. E. Bemis, who kept compilations and records of the business of both the Standard and its competitors.

Alfred H. Brainard, controller of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey and many of its subsidiary companies, was questioned concerning large loans made to James McDonald by the Anglo-American Oil Company. Mr. Brainard said that the loans had been ordered from London, and that was all he knew about them.

HOPPED ON THE BRAKES AND WAS KILLED.

Morganfield, Ky., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Royster Sigler, a boy about ten years of age, was killed by the southbound afternoon freight train this afternoon, the accident being witnessed by a number of people. He hopped on the brakes for a ride and was thrown under the wheels, both legs being severed and one hand. Death resulted in fifteen minutes. The lad had been warned repeatedly of the danger of such proceedings, but always felt he was sure in his grasp and footing.

ANNUAL MEETING OF INDIANA SYNOD.

Evansville, Ind., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The annual State meeting of the synod of the Presbyterian church of Indiana, met here this evening at the First Cumberland church and will remain in session until Wednesday night. It is expected that from 200 to 300 delegates from all parts of the State will attend. This evening the synod was formally organized and the opening sermon was preached by the Rev. W. H. McCaughey, of New York.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MONETARY.

Monday Evening, Oct. 14.—The New York call money market relaxed appreciably to-day. Rates ranged between 2½ and 6 per cent., with the ruling rate 3. The time money market was dull and steady, with rates unchanged. Business was active at local banking institutions. Mails were heavy, as usual on Monday, and counter transactions were in large volume. The demand for money was active.

Exchange on New York was quoted at par.

The report of the Clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing	$2,847,259
Balance	260,966

The weakness in Toledo Railways and Light and Detroit United on the New York Stock Exchange was the feature of interest to local investors and traders to-day. Toledo opened at 14⅞ and sold down to 12¼ and Detroit declined from 60 to 53. The passing of the November dividend caused the severe break in Toledo, but no reason was given for that in Detroit United. There is a fairly large local interest in Toledo Railways and Detroit used to be quite a favorite with local investors, but very little of it is now held here. There was an order for West Penn Railways common at the local Stock Exchange. Twenty-five shares sold at 28 and 28¾ was bid for twenty-five shares more, with 100 offered at 29. Louisville Traction common was easy, ten shares being offered down from 90½ to 89½. Fifty shares were offered at 91. One share of Louisville Title was offered at par.

Toledo sold in New York at 14⅞, 14⅝, 12½, 12½ and 12¼ and closed at 13½ bid and 15 asked. Detroit United sold at 60, 59, 58, 57, 55 and 53. United Railways Investment preferred sold at 31½ and 31 and closed at 29½ bid and 31½ asked. The common closed at 17 to 19½. Subway closed at 16 to 17. Giroux sold to the extent of 500 shares at 4 to 4⅝ and closed at 4 bid and 4½ asked. Standard Oil closed at 422 to 425 and American Tobacco at 210 to 215. St. Louis United Railways common closed in St. Louis at 20¼ bid and 21 asked, the preferred at 58½ to 58¾ and the 4s at 78 to 78½. Kansas City Railway and Light common was quoted in Chicago at 43⅛ asked. New Orleans Railway and Light common was quoted in New Orleans at 12 to 12½ and the preferred at 40 to 41.

The following are the latest bid and asked prices made for securities on the Stock Exchange:

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.
Birmingham Ry. and Light 4½s	...	*88
Chattanooga Railway 5s	*107	109
City 4s, 1910	*100	101
City 5s, old L., 1911	*104	105
City 4s, Mun. imp., 1923	*102½	103¼
City 4s, Mun. imp., 1928	*103	104
City 4s, Parks, 1936	...	...
City 4s, refunding, 1937	*103	104
City 3½s, refunding, 1940	*96	98¼
City 3½s, refunding, 1941	*96	98½
City 3½s, refunding, 1943	*95	97½
City 3s, Sewer and Parks, 1941	*80½	87
Dallas Electric 5s	...	*95½
East St. Louis and Suburban 5s	...	*97½
Houston Electric 5s	...	*95
Knoxville Ry. and Light 5s	...	94
Louisville Home Telephone 5s	*71	73
Louisville St. Ry. 4½s	...	*100
Louisville St. Ry. 5s	*103¾	104½
L., H. and St. L. 1st mor. 5s	*106½	107
Memphis St. Ry. 5s	95½	96
Nashville Ry. and Light 5s	...	101
New Orleans Ry. and Light 4½s	72	74
New Albany St. Ry. 5s	...	*97
Pascagoula St. Ry. and P. 5s	...	*91
Paducah Trac. and Light 5s	...	*90
Peoria Light 5s	...	*90
Rochester Ry. and Light 5s	...	*97
Springfield Ry. and Light 5s	*90	94½
St. Joseph Ry., L., H. and P. 5s	...	*97
Seattle Electric 5s	...	*99
Savannah Electric 5s	...	*86
Wash., Alex. and Mt. Vernon 5s	*99	100
West Penn Rys. 5s	...	*95

*Sells with interest. †Less than $1,000.

Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
American National Bank	...	†145
Bank of Commerce	...	188
B. F. Avery & Sons com	90	107
B. F. Avery & Sons pref	100	...
Birmingham Ry. and Light com	...	80
Birmingham Ry. and Light pref	...	95
Bourbon Stock Yards	...	90
Citizens' National Bank	213	...
Columbia Trust Co.	...	132
Central Home Telephone	...	11
Chattanooga Railway com	35	40
Chattanooga Railway pref	77¼	80
Col'bus, Delaware & Marion Ry	...	34
Dallas Electric com	35	45
Dallas Electric pref	...	76
E. St. Louis and Suburban com	...	39
E. St. Louis and Suburban pref	74	76
Evansville Light com	...	42
Evansville Light pref	87	89
First National Bank	...	169
Fayette Home Telephone	...	26
Federal Chemical com	45	50
Federal Chemical pref	...	110
Fidelity Trust Co.	315	340
German Bank	385	...
German Insurance Bank	385	425
German Security Bank	174	176½
Grand Rapids com	...	72½
Grand Rapids pref	...	78
Houston Electric com	...	42
Houston Electric pref	...	90
Kentucky Wagon Works	151½	158
Knoxville Ry. and Light com	...	34
Knoxville Ry. and Light pref	...	90
Lexington and Interurban Rys	9½	11½
Louisville and Eastern com	†19	20
Louisville and Eastern pref	74¾	75
Louisville National Banking Co.	147	149
Louisville Title Co.	99¾	102½
Louisville Bridge stock	137	138½
Louisville Gas stock	...	137
Louisville Heating com	50	58
Louisville Heating pref	84	†85
Louisville Home Telephone	40	45
Louisville Tob. W. H. Co. com	56½	57½
Louisville Tob. W. H. Co. pref	...	125½
Louisville Traction com	...	89½
Louisville Traction pref	†102	104
Louisville Trust Co.	170	185
Mayfield Woolen Mills com	...	...
Mayfield Woolen Mills pref	...	100
Michigan Light com	...	87½
Michigan Light pref	...	100
Merchants' Ice and Cold Storage	...	96
Memphis St. Ry. com	...	69
Memphis St. Ry. pref	...	77½
National Bank of Kentucky	...	195
Nashville Ry. and Light com	...	20
Nashville Ry. and Light pref	...	70
New Albany St. Ry. pref	85	...
New Galt House com	26	40
New Galt House pref	95	100
New Orleans Ry. and Light com	13	14
New Orleans Ry. and Light pref	41	44
Northern Texas Electric com	39	42½
Northern Texas Electric pref	80	82½
Norfolk Ry. and Light	...	17
Paducah Trac. and Light com	19½	22
Paducah Trac. and Light pref	...	75
Peoria Light com	...	42
Peoria Light pref	...	90
Rochester Railway pref	...	98¼
Rochester Ry. and Light pref	...	88
Rehm-Zeiher Co. pref	100	102
Springfield Ry. and Light	66	70
St. Joseph L., H. and P. com	...	37½
St. Joseph L., H. and P. pref	...	77½
Southern National Bank	...	145
Stock Yards Bank	125	127
Seelbach Realty com	100	...
Seelbach Realty pref	...	...
Seattle Electric com	...	82
Seattle Electric pref	94	95
Savannah Electric com	14	15
Savannah Electric pref	87	87⅝
Third National Bank	112	116
Turner, Day & Woolworth com	...	106
Turner, Day & Woolworth pref	125	...
Toledo Railways and Light	19⅝	...
Union National Bank	229	232
United States Trust Co.	110	116
United Railways Invest. com	17	19
United Railways Invest. pref	35	38
Wash., Alex. and Mt. Vernon	57	60
Western National Bank	85	100
West Penn Rys. com	28⅝	29
West Penn Rys. pref	70	75

†Less than 10 shares.

Stock Exchange Sales.

The following were the sales at to-day's session of the Stock Exchange:

10 shares West Penn Rys. com	28
10 shares West Penn Rys. com	28
5 shares West Penn Rys. com	28

Stockholders of the Toledo Railways and Light Company have received notice that no dividend will be paid on the stock in November. President Henry A. Everett in a letter to the stockholders says in part: "The past six months have been more than unusually prosperous and the surplus earnings will show considerable more than the usual semi-annual dividend, but on the other hand the growth in the electric light business of this company has compelled it to largely increase its power facilities and the street railway traffic has demanded new cars, which have been added during the past year, and a large amount of double-tracking and increased weight of rail has been found necessary. The surplus earnings as it has come in from time to time has been used in the payment of these permanent improvements, so that the only source from which this company could properly pay a dividend at the present time would be the selling of the bonds issued and to be issued to this company under the terms of its mortgage for 75 per cent. of the cost of the permanent improvements made. As you know, the condition of the money market at this time is such that bonds can only be sold at a discount greatly in excess of anything that we would feel justified in paying, and it is the consensus of opinion of the Board of Directors that the payment of a dividend should be delayed until the bond market becomes more favorable."

Since the decline in Copper stock began the total shrinkage in prices approximates $50,000,000. The high point was in January, and in spite of the heavy losses incurred not a single house, either in New York or Boston, which makes a special of the Copper stocks has gone to the wall. Never since copper became a recognized industry has such a shrinkage been known. Naturally the heaviest decline is shown in Amalgamated Copper—about $100,000,000.

According to a fair and conservative interpretation of the income account just published the earning power of Union Pacific common is equal to about 21¼ per cent. on the $195,479,100 of common stock outstanding, says the Wall Street Journal. The annual surplus reported, amounting to $32,360,298, is equal to 16.55 per cent. on the common stock. To this may properly be credited income on securities owned which was earned during the fiscal period in question, but which was not actually paid until after the close of the fiscal period. These two items equal nearly 17⅝ per cent. on the common stock. There should further be added 45 per cent. of the undistributed profits of the Southern Pacific Company in the late fiscal year, which amount to $7,200,000 upon the most conservative estimate. These three items amount to $41,576,168, or 21¼ per cent. on the common stock, as follows:

Surplus reported	$32,360,298
Add misc. income earned, but not paid, during year	2,015,962
Add 45 per cent. of undistributed profits of So. Pacific controlled	7,200,000
Earning power of Union Pacific common	$41,576,168
On $195,479,100 common, per cent.	21¼

A canvas of the various steel companies indicates that the tendency of new business is still downward, says the Wall Street Journal. Conservative steel men estimate that the new orders received in September show a falling off of between 30 and 40 per cent., as compared with the corresponding month of last year. Since the first of October very little new business has come in. However, specifications against existing contracts continue satisfactory, and it is because of this that there has been no curtailment of steel production as yet. Unless there is a decided change for the better in the last quarter of the current year production is expected to fall off materially before January 1, 1908.

That steam and electric roads within the State of Indiana must interchange traffic is the substance of an opinion handed down by Union B. Hunt, chairman of the Indiana Railroad Commission.

The London Economist's index number of average prices of commodities at the opening of October was 2,451, comparing with 2,519 on September 1. The Economist says: "There is little doubt that the fall was mainly due to slackening activity in trade, since it has manifested itself principally in quotations for raw materials used in staple industries." It must be remembered, however, that the decline has been greatly assisted by the natural reaction from recent speculative manipulation of copper and other metals. The Economist's index number stood last June at 2,601, the highest reported in any one month or year since 1870. On December 31 that year it stood at 2,715. In the middle of 1897 the number was 1,885; since then the advance to this year's high level was almost continuous.

WALL STREET BRIEFS.

Southern Railway annual report shows decrease $2,938,744 in net earnings in spite of gross increase exceeding $5,000,000.

Consols show further decline of 3-16 to 82½ and all European Bourses are depressed in sympathy with our market.

Fish-Harriman Illinois Central fight resumes on Wednesday.

International Mercantile Marine report for current year will show surplus equal to 8 per cent. on preferred stock.

All copper mines in the United States, Mexico and Canada report large reduction in September output.

First National shows heaviest decrease in loans in bank statement and American Exchange National largest loss of cash.

Tinplate mills shutting down for lack of orders.

Colorado Southern earnings first week October increased $34,004.

Twelve Industrials declined 1.17 per cent. Saturday.

Twenty active Railroads declined 1.16 per cent. Saturday.

MARKET LETTERS.

New York.—There is very good evidence that important banking interests have acted concertedly in buying heavily on Saturday and to-day, and there are excellent indications that they will determinedly resist further efforts to break prices. The support given the market to-day has had a very reassuring effect abroad and it seems probable that the heavy foreign liquidation is about over. The further cut in prices of copper metal had no unfavorable effect on the copper stocks, and it looks as if the worst was over in that quarter. The investment buying to-day was of much greater volume and the demand for the low-priced stocks was heavier than for many weeks. It is believed that very substantial assistance will soon be given the banks from the United States Treasury, which will cause an easing in time money rates. The market is very heavily oversold and technical conditions favor improvement. It is likely that the railroad stocks as a class will show the sharpest recovery.—(A. O. Brown & Co. to Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

New York.—There was support in the first few hours, but in the afternoon the bears worked for lower prices, closing the market heavy and uncertain.—(Kelley, Miller & Co. to Almstedt Bros.

New York.—Foreigners were again to-day's heavy sellers of the market, the sales in question being absorbed by a somewhat better character of buying than has made its appearance in some time, yet the buying was to no small extent by shorts. The usual cut in copper was again announced, but it must be noted with some satisfaction, no matter to how small degree, that there appeared to be at least buyers for copper at a price, it being rumored that 5,000,000 pounds were sold by the United States Selling Company at 13½c per lb. The Supreme Court of the United States reassembled to-day and while it is not possible to hear much, yet it is just possible that the all absorbing question of the day, namely, the anarchistic acts of the various Legislatures, may be pushed up on the calendar, which would naturally lead to some reassuring talk, especially on the railroads. We still believe, though, that the industrials will seek a lower level.—(Miller & Co. to John L. Dunlap.

New York.—The stock market was fairly active to-day and contrary to early apprehensions and predictions, the course of prices moved upward. Previous to the opening reports were current of the formation of combinations to protect the market, and undoubtedly a considerable covering of shorts was stimulated. In a number of cases last prices were the lowest of the day, but just before the close a reaction set in which carried prices off again, and the net gains were lost.—(Miner & Co. to Herman F. Monroe & Co.

New York.—Stocks closed down as a result of what appeared to be a bear drive to check further recovery. As the market tries to recover the shorts contest it and offer prices down in their efforts to extricate themselves. The monetary situation is somewhat clearer. Notwithstanding the late setback in stocks, sentiment is improved. Secretary Cortelyou has assured banking interests that he will continue depositing funds with the national institutions in moderate amounts. That is good news, and it should go far to maintain prices of stocks, unless something unforeseen happens. It is now definitely known that foreign banks will do nothing to draw gold from New York. They do not wish to disturb the general financial situation at any leading center. We would continue buying standard stocks on drives. There should be chances for many good turns, though we do not look for any sharp rise in the near future.—(C. I. Hudson & Co. to S. C. Henning & Co.

New York.—The market was sustained by continuance of organized support in the late trading on Saturday. Foreign houses were sellers in some volume, but representatives of strong local interests were liberal buyers of stocks. In most instances, the selling for local account was inferior to the buying and evidences of a very large short interest were readily available. The immediate course of prices must depend largely upon technical conditions and upon the extent to which large interests have been able to withstand the extraordinary shrinkage in values.—(Ennis & Stoppani to E. H. Morgan & Co.

New York.—The market held steady throughout the day, though exhibiting little further rallying power, and at the close lost most of the improvement. One of the principal difficulties of late has been constant and quite heavy selling from Europe, and this was again in evidence at the opening of the market this morning. The aggressive attitude of the Administration toward American corporations is being widely commented upon, both in England

and the continent, and is beginning to cause considerable uneasiness everywhere and a great loss in credit for American securities. We seem bent on creating the impression in Europe that our general financial situation is as bad as we endeavored to make them think the pickle-house industry was a year ago. It was reported during the day that there has been quite a decline in the price of dry goods. It becomes more evident every day that the financial difficulties are creating disturbances in commercial quarters. Like all movements in the market, this decline must run its course some day, and the only encouraging factor about the situation at the moment is the extremely low price to which stocks have fallen. Our reliance has to be based on the tendency of the market to become oversold by the bears, and upon the slow absorption of securities by investors.—(Post & Flagg to John W. & D. S. Green.

New York.—Early support was concentrated on Union Pacific, and there did not appear to be many liquidating orders in this stock. There was some favorable news as to the copper metal situation, although the sale of 5,000,000 lbs. of copper on a 13½c basis is yet to be confirmed. Amsterdam was reported again a seller, but it is said the principal pressure seemed to be short selling for local account. The market closed unsettled with some uncertainty hanging over it, but prices are far below intrinsic values, and it is only in unpleasant situations, similar to the present, that real bargains can be secured. The investor certainly has splendid opportunities, not equaled before in years.—(J. S. Bache & Co. to Washington Flexner & Co.

New York.—After an hour's excited trading on the Stock Exchange this morning it was evident that some material arrangement had been agreed upon among large interests over Sunday to try to check the downward movement of prices, as it was quite apparent that the situation was fast approaching one of utter demoralization. Under the stimulus of this reported concentration of support a very fair rally was scored, large short interest being forced to materially reduce their commitments. On the curb a movement against this element resulted in the bidding up of United Copper over 20 points. The feeling abroad continues very feverish in regard to American securities and advantage will be taken of any bulges here to dispose of heavy lines. We are inclined to the belief that the worst features have about been discounted, however, and because of the heavy short interest now existing, we are likely to have a very good rally, but the undertone is one of uncertainty and a high level is not likely to be maintained.—(E. & C. Randolph to E. E. Paine & Co.

New York.—Stocks were influenced early by lower London prices, our market opening somewhat irregular and lower and through the list new low levels were recorded. Prices subsequently rallied smartly for the leaders, but in the last half hour pressure was again put on the market, prices receding easily and the market closed weak, with practically all the early advances lost. The situation seems unchanged. Whatever the causes may be, and there are many advanced as being responsible for this melting away of prices, it would seem by the action of the market that the sore spot is by no means healed.—(W. L. Lyons & Co.

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, Oct. 14.—Money on call strong at 2¼@6 per cent.; ruling rate 3; closing bid 3; offered at 3¼; time loans dull and steady; 60 days 6 per cent.; 90 days 6½@7; six months 6; prime mercantile paper 7. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.8635@4.8640 for demand and at $4.8500@4.8255 for 60-day bills, commercial bills $4.82⅝. Bar silver 69⅝c. Mexican dollars 46½c. Government bonds easy. Railroad bonds weak.

The recovery in stocks to-day after the spasmodic decline just at the opening, brought a feeling of relief to general anxiety in the financial district, which reached a stage of acute alarm in brokers' offices, where the course of events of Saturday, if continued, would run rapidly into disaster. The strain on the opening market was severe as it was, Saturday's violent decline having had the usual after effects in the augmented volume of selling from holders either discouraged by the fall or forced to retire by withdrawal of credits and demands for additional margins from disturbed brokers. The break at the closing affected the better sentiment which was growing up.

Foreign money centers were as uneasy over the position in New York as were observers nearer home, and sent selling orders into this market on a large scale. Renewed selling for Amsterdam account was made to figure in this item. In some of the less active stocks the consequence to prices was serious. In the usual active speculative mediums there was some relative resistance to the depression from the outset. Almost immediately it became apparent that buying orders were in the market of a kind which have been conspicuously lacking for many days past.

Important banking and financial interests were credited with buying stocks on a scale which was accepted as a demonstration of confidence and of determination to arrest the decline. The market thereupon righted itself convulsively and established a price level well over that of Saturday. The source of the support for the market became the subject of busy conjecture, but beyond its obvious effectiveness there was nothing that could be authenticated in it. It is a plausible supposition that the Sunday interval afforded a convenient breathing spell for devising measures of relief for positions that were threatened and also an opportunity for calmer reflection for the soothing of much that was running into the hysterical on Saturday. It was realized that many of the factors of the alarm which was felt, even though of material substance, were so far advanced toward correction as to have passed the most critical period.

The decisive relaxation in the call money market to-day relieved the uneasiness caused last week by its sustained firmness. New York exchange at Chicago tended upward and the principal strain of the interior demand for currency might be regarded, it was hoped, as relaxing.

The force of the denial by E. H. Harriman of the report on Saturday which was the principal cause of weakness, was better grasped to-day. Reports from railroad traffic officials from all sections of the country reported traffic still pressing upon them in larger volume than they could handle, and this helped to cure the fright caused by the sudden assertion that the Harriman systems were to cut down operating forces in order to effect necessary economies. There remained some disquieting elements in the situation, which acted as a restraint on the recovery in prices and prompted the reduction of the buying orders for stocks as soon as the check to the slump had become effective, and opened the way to the renewed weakness at the closing.

Further recessions in prices of the principal metals, including a sharp break in silver, kept awake the attention to signs of business reaction. London was disturbed by the French demand for gold, which swept up the newly arrived South African supply from the market. Gold was taken from the Bank of England also for shipment to Holland. Foreign exchange rose again here and this, in connection with the French takings of gold in London, kept alive the discussion of possible gold exports.

The outpouring of the United States Steel stocks late in the day was the deciding factor in carrying prices downward again.

Bank Clearings.

St. Louis, Oct. 14.—(Special.)—Clearings $11,067,544; balances $1,110,007. Call money 6 per cent. New York exchange 25c premium bid, 35c premium asked.

Boston, Oct. 14.—(Special.)—Clearing-house exchanges: In Boston $22,493,813; in New York $194,685,943. New York funds sold at 20c discount.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—(Special.)—Clearings $39,503,085; balances $1,647,256. New York exchange sold at 10c premium.

Cincinnati, Oct. 14.—(Special.)—Clearings $5,245,300. Collateral loans 5½@6 per cent. New York exchange par.

Memphis, Oct. 14.—(Special.)—Clearings $1,089,058.59. Exchange par selling, $1 discount buying.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, Oct. 14.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve, shows:

Available cash balance ... $231,817,660
Gold coin and bullion ... 44,944,467
Gold certificates ... 85,031,530

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Cl'g Bid.
Adams Express	....	....	....	160
Amal. Copper	73,100	54⅝	52¼	[illegible]
Am. Car & F'dry	5,900	29½	27¼	28
Do preferred	200	86½	86	85
Am'n Cotton Oil	400	29⅜	29¼	29½
Do preferred	....	....	....	82
American Express	....	....	....	182
Am. H. and L. pf.	100	11½	11½	12
Am. Ice Securities	600	31¼	31⅛	30
Am'n Linseed Oil	....	....	....	7½
Do preferred	....	....	....	17½
Am'n Locomotive	2,300	45¾	44⅞	44⅞
Do preferred	100	91	91	91
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	68,300	75⅝	73⅞	76¼
Do preferred	800	92	91	91½
Am. Sugar Ref'g	1,900	105½	104¼	105
Am. Tob. pf. ctfs.	400	75½	74	71½
Ana. Mining Co.	5,300	31⅞	30	3[illegible]
Atchison	11,400	81½	79½	79¾
Do preferred	100	87	87	87
Atl. Coast Line	1,100	72	70	70
B. and O.	2,100	86¾	84⅝	85⅛
Do preferred	....	....	....	82
Brooklyn Rapid T.	9,600	40⅝	39¼	40½
Canadian Pacific	1,100	159	157¼	157½
Central of N. J.	400	167	163	165
C. and O.	1,600	29⅝	29	29¼
Chicago Gt. West.	1,200	7⅛	7	7
C. and N. W.	800	142½	141	141
C., M. and St. P.	10,600	115⅝	114½	114⅞
Chicago T. and T.	....	....	....	*4
Do preferred	....	....	....	15
C., C., C. and St. L.	....	....	....	57
Col. Fuel and I.	3,600	16½	15	15⅜
Col. and Southern	2,200	20⅝	19½	19⅝
Do 1st pref.	....	....	....	47
Do 2d pref.	....	....	....	37
Consolidated Gas	500	92	90⅛	91½
Corn Prod. Ref'g	....	....	....	11
Do preferred	200	69¼	69¼	69¼
Central Leather	1,400	14½	14	14½
Do preferred	1,500	76	73	76
Del. and Hudson	700	151	149	150
D., L. and W.	1,700	20	18⅝	19
D. and R. G.	1,700	20	18½	19
Do preferred	100	64	64	63½
Dist. Securities	1,400	47½	45¾	46⅜
Erie	2,500	18⅝	18	18½
Do 1st pref.	400	41	39⅞	41
Do 2d pref.	200	29½	29½	29
Gen. Electric	4,700	113½	111	111
Gt. Northern pref.	9,800	125¾	123	124½
Illinois Central	1,600	132½	130	126¾
Internat'l Paper	100	10½	10½	10½
Do preferred	200	65½	65¼	65
Internat'l Pump	1,000	18¼	17	17½
Do preferred	100	63	63	63
Iowa Central	....	....	....	14
Do preferred	....	....	....	36
Interboro-Met.	520	8½	8	8½
Do preferred	1,300	23	22	23
K. C. Southern	1,000	23¼	21	21⅞
Do preferred	200	50	49⅞	49⅞
L. and N.	2,400	100	98½	99⅞
Mexican Central	3,000	15⅞	14⅞	15⅛
Minn. and St. L.	100	35	35	34
M., St. P. & Sault Ste. Marie	400	86	86	84
Do preferred	700	121	121	121
Missouri Pacific	3,150	60¼	57⅝	[illegible]
M., K. and T.	6,500	28	27¼	27½
Do preferred	....	....	....	63
National Lead	2,200	42⅝	40½	42
Nat. Ry. Mex. pf.	300	44¼	44¼	†44¼
N. Y. Central	17,300	102⅝	99½	101½
N. Y., O. and W.	800	29⅝	29⅛	29⅝
Norfolk and West.	600	67	66½	66½
Do preferred	....	....	....	75
North American	500	56½	55	55
Northern Pacific	21,300	121⅝	118½	120⅝
Pacific Mail	1,050	22	22	21¾
Pennsylvania	21,700	117½	116¼	116½
People's Gas	5,400	82	79⅝	80
P., C., C. and St. L.	100	65	65	64
Pressed Steel Car	1,700	19	18¾	19
Do preferred	200	68½	67⅝	68
Pullman Pal. Car	....	....	....	150
Reading	111,300	89⅝	86¾	88¼
Do 1st pref.	....	....	....	77½
Do 2d pref.	100	73¼	73¼	73½
Republic Steel	1,500	18⅝	17⅝	17¾
Do preferred	1,000	68½	66½	66½
Rock Island Co.	3,400	15¾	14½	15
Do preferred	100	43	43	42
St. L. & S. F., 2d pf	700	30¼	30¼	31
St. L. Southwest.	....	....	....	14⅝
Do preferred	500	40	35½	40
Southern Pacific	22,300	76⅝	74⅝	75⅛
Do preferred	200	108½	108	108
Southern Railway	2,000	12	11½	11⅝
Do preferred	200	47	47	45¼
Sloss-Sh'ff'ld Steel	500	37¾	37¼	38½
Tenn. Coal and I.	1,000	135	130	135
Texas and Pacific	700	23⅜	22⅝	23
T., St. L. and W.	....	....	....	†22
Do preferred	1,000	43¼	42	42¼
Union Pacific	112,200	121⅛	119	119¾
Do preferred	100	81	81	80
U. S. Express	....	....	....	82
U. S. Realty	500	44¼	44¼	43
U. S. Rubber	300	22⅝	22⅜	22¾
Do preferred	900	84	82¼	83
U. S. Steel	83,300	23⅝	22½	22⅞
Do preferred	42,700	84	82	82½
Va.-Car. Chemical	300	17	16¾	16½
Do preferred	200	87	87	87
Wabash	100	8½	8½	8
Do preferred	200	16	16	15¾
Wells-Fargo Exp.	....	....	....	225
West'house Elec.	200	112	108	110
Western Union	900	68⅝	67¾	67¾
W. and L. E.	860	8	7	6½
Wisconsin Central	200	13⅝	13⅝	13
Do preferred	....	....	....	36

Total sales for the day, 775,100 shares.
*Asked. †Offered.

BOND QUOTATIONS.

New York, Oct. 14.—Bonds were weak. Total sales (par value), $1,848,000. U. S. 4s registered declined ¼ per cent. on call.

The following are the closing quotations on Government bonds:

U. S. Bonds.

Refunding 2s, registered ... 105¼
Do coupon ... 105¼
3s, registered ... 101½
Do coupon ... 102½
New 4s, registered ... 122½
Do coupon ... 124

Miscellaneous Bonds.

American Tobacco 4s ... 61½
Do 6s ... 93
Atchison general 4s ... 95
Do adjustment 4s ... 87½
Atchison convertible 4s ... 90
Do 5s ... 101⅝
Atlantic Coast Line 4s ... 88
Baltimore and Ohio 4s ... 96½
Do 3½s ... x90
Brooklyn Rapid Transit convertible 4s ... x74¼
Central of Georgia 5s ... 102
Do first income ... *79
Do second income ... *65
Do third income ... *45½
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s ... *98
Chicago and Alton 3½s ... x62½
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy new 4s ... 92⅛
Chicago, Rock Island and Pac. R. R. 4s ... 65½
Do collateral 5s ... *82
C., C., C. and St. Louis general 4s ... 93⅞
Colorado Industrial 5s, series A ... 48
Colorado Midland 4s ... x61
Colorado and Southern 4s ... x83⅞
Cuba 5s ... 100½
Denver and Rio Grande 4s ... 94¼
Distillers' Securities 5s ... 72
Erie prior lien 4s ... 94¼
Do general 4s ... x74
Hocking Valley 4½s ... 99¼
Interborough-Metropolitan 4½s ... 59⅞
Japan 4½s ... 88⅞
Japan 4½s, 2d series ... 87½
Japan 4s ... 79⅞
L. and N. unified 4s ... x98¼
Manhattan consol. gold 4s ... *96
Mexican Central 4s ... *77⅞
Do first income ... x14
Minneapolis and St. Louis 4s ... *83
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4s ... 95
Do seconds ... 80
National Railway of Mexico consol. 4s ... x77½
New York Central general 3½s ... 88½
New Jersey Central general 5s ... x11[illegible]
Northern Pacific 4s ... 98⅜
Do 3s ... 69⅛
Norfolk and Western consol. 4s ... *93
Oregon Short Line refunding 4s ... 87½
Pennsylvania convertible 3½s ... 93⅜
Reading general 4s ... 93⅜
St. Louis and Iron Mountain consol. 5s ... 107
St. Louis and San Francisco fdg. 4s ... 75½
St. Louis Southwestern con. 4s ... x69
Seaboard Air Line 4s ... x65
Southern Pacific 4s ... 83
Do first 4s, certificates ... 89
Southern Railway 5s ... 100
Texas and Pacific firsts ... 111
Toledo, St. Louis and Western 4s ... 70
Union Pacific 4s ... 99
Do convertible 4s ... 85
United States Steel second 5s ... 92
Wabash firsts ... x107
Do debenture Bs ... 44
Western Maryland 4s ... 68½
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s ... x76
Wisconsin Central 4s ... 80

xBid. *Offered.

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, Oct. 14.—The supplies of money were large and the demand was moderate in the market to-day. Discounts were steady. France secured the bulk of the $2,500,000 in gold available in the open market at an advanced price. Trading on the Stock Exchange developed a heavy undertone in all the departments, due largely to the weak position in the United States. Copper shares were flat on the drop in the price of the metal and the weak New York advices, but they closed above the worst quotations of the day. Americans at the opening reflected the weakness in New York and declined nearly a point below parity in the forenoon. Later New York was inclined to support the market at the lower level and prices fluctuated moderately, closing with a better tone at above the lowest. At the close of the exchange quotations were: Consols for money 82½; do for the account 82⅝; Anaconda 6⅛; Atchison 82⅛; do preferred 88; Baltimore and Ohio 87½; Canadian Pacific 162; Chesapeake and Ohio 29⅜; Chicago Great Western 8; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 117; De Beers 19⅞; Denver and Rio Grande 19; do preferred 67; Erie 18⅝; do first preferred 43; do second preferred 30; Grand Trunk 21⅝; Illinois Central 138; Louisville and Nashville 101; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 28⅛; New York Central 103; Norfolk and Western 68½; do preferred 85; Ontario and Western 30; Pennsylvania 59¾; Rand Mines 4⅝; Reading 45; Southern Railway 12⅛; do preferred 40; Southern Pacific 78; Union Pacific 123½; do preferred 84; United States Steel 23⅞; do preferred 84⅛; Wabash 9; do preferred 16½; Spanish fours 91¼. Bar silver uncertain at 27⅛d per ounce. Money 2@2¼ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 4 per cent.; do three months' bills 4¼ per cent. Bar gold 77s 10⅝d; American eagles 76s 5⅝d. Bullion amounting to £85,000 was withdrawn from the Bank of England to-day for shipment to Holland.

Paris, Oct. 14.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were weak throughout, owing to the New York advices and the sale of Copper shares in Brussels. Three per cent. rentes 94f 10c for the account. Exchange on London 25f 12c for checks.

Berlin, Oct. 14.—Prices on the Boerse to-day generally were fractionally weaker and trading was dull. Exchange on London 20 marks 48¼ pfgs. for checks. Discount rates: Short bills 4 per cent.; three months' bills 4⅝ per cent.

NEW YORK BOND SALES.

(Reported by W. L. Lyons & Co.)

American Tobacco 4s.
$3,000 ... 61
$21,000 ... 61½
American Tobacco 6s.
$2,000 ... 94½
$38,000 ... 93
Atchison 4s.
$10,000 ... 89⅝
$32,000 ... 90
$4,000 ... 90¼
Atchison conv. 5s.
$14,000 ... 101½
$3,000 ... 101⅝
Atchison adj. 4s.
$1,000 ... 87½
A. C. L. col. tr. 4s.
$10,000 ... 83
$5,000 ... 79½
B. and O. S-W. Div 3½s
$1,000 ... 83
B. and O. prior lien 4s.
$5,000 ... 89
Can. Southern 1st 5s.
$2,000 ... 100¾
$18,000 ... 100⅝
Can. Southern 2d 5s.
$1,000 ... 100⅝
Cen. Ga. con. 5s.
$1,000 ... 102
Cen. Leather 20-year 5s.
$4,000 ... 83½
$18,000 ... 85½
Cen. Pac. 1st ref. 4s.
$3,000 ... 93½
C., B. and Q. joint 4s.
$3,000 ... 93
$5,000 ... 92⅞
C., R. I. and P. R.R. 4s.
$7,000 ... 66¼
$2,000 ... 66
$8,000 ... 65½
C., R. I. and P. ref. 4s.
$10,000 ... 86
Col. Indus. 1st 5s.
$61,000 ... 47½
$80,000 ... 48
$3,000 ... 48½
Con. Gas deb. 6s.
$27,000 ... 101¼
$5,000 ... 104⅝
D. and H. conv. 4s.
$5,000 ... 94½
D. and R. G. con. 4s.
$5,000 ... 94½
Dist. Securities 5s.
$5,000 ... 72
Erie prior lien 4s.
$3,000 ... 94⅝
Ft. W. and R. G. 4s.
$5,000 ... 78½
G. E. deb. 5s, full paid
$5,000 ... 105
$1,000 ... 104½
Green Bay and W. B.
$5,000 ... 8
$1,000 ... 7½
Hocking Valley 4½s.
$1,000 ... 99½
Int-Met. col. tr. 4½s.
$6,000 ... 60
$3,000 ... 59⅞
Iowa Central 4s.
$1,000 ... 72
Japan 4s.
$10,000 ... 79⅝
Japan 4½s.
$10,000 ... 88⅞
$10,000 ... 88½
Lackawanna Steel 5s.
$2,000 ... 101¾
L. S. and M. S. 3½s.
$1,000 ... 84
L. S. and M. S. deb. 4s
$2,000 ... 90
$2,000 ... 89
$1,000 ... 88
L. S. and M. S. 4s, 1931
$1,000 ... 89⅝
L. and Wilkes. 4½s.
$1,000 ... 98½
L. and N. unified 4s.
$3,000 ... 96½
L. and N.-So. Ry. jt. 4s
$4,000 ... 88
M., K. and T. 4s.
$3,000 ... 95
M., K. and T. 2d 4s.
$2,000 ... 80
M., K. and T. of T. 5s.
$1,000 ... 101
N. Y. Central 3½s.
$5,000 ... 88½
$5,000 ... 88⅝
N. Y. C.-L. S. 3½s.
$5,000 ... 79¼
N. Y. C.-L. S. 3½s, r.
$10,000 ... 77
N. Y. Dock 1st 4s.
$5,000 ... 87½
North. Pacific gen. 3s.
$1,000 ... 69½
N. P. prior lien 4s.
$2,000 ... 98½
$7,000 ... 98⅜
N. Y. City 4½s, 1917.
$44,000 ... 102½
$9,000 ... 102⅝
N. Y. City 4½s, 1957.
$7,000 ... 106⅝
$14,000 ... 106½
$110,000 ... 106⅝
Penn. convertible 3½s.
$9,000 ... 93⅝
Pa. cv. 1915 rec's, 3½s
$5,000 ... 88⅝
$38,000 ... 88⅝
$11,000 ... 89
P. and E. Inc. 1st 4s.
$5,000 ... 84
Reading gen. 4s.
$1,000 ... 94
$1,000 ... 93½
St. L. and I. Mtn. 5s.
$1,000 ... 107
St. L. R. and G. 4s.
$1,000 ... 88¼
$1,000 ... 87½
St. L. and S. F. ref. 4s.
$5,000 ... 75½
St. L. and S. F. g.m. 5s.
$10,000 ... 105½
St. L. S. W. 2d 4s.
$10,000 ... 70
Southern Pacific 4s.
$1,000 ... 81
$2,000 ... 83
S. P. ref. 4s, T. ctfs.
$1,000 ... 84½
S. R.-M. and O. col. tr. 4s.
$5,000 ... 79
Texas and Pac. 1st 5s.
$10,000 ... 111
Third Avenue 4s.
$2,000 ... 61¾
$13,000 ... 61
T., St. L. and W. 4s.
$6,000 ... 79
Union Pacific 4s.
$3,000 ... 99¼
$24,000 ... 99
U. P. cv. 4s, full paid
$181,000 ... 85
$74,000 ... 92
$100,000 ... 92¼
$12,000 ... 92½
Wabash 4s.
$11,000 ... 51
Wabash-Pittsb'g 2d 4s.
$16,000 ... 18¼
$7,000 ... 18
Western Maryland 4s.
$1,000 ... 68½
W. S. gold 1st 4s.
$6,000 ... 100½
W. E. and M. cv. 5s.
$3,000 ... 85
$1,000 ... 85½
Wisconsin Central 4s.
$2,000 ... 80⅝
$3,000 ... 80

Total sales (par value), $1,848,000.

Slump In Price of Silver at London.

London, Oct. 14.—Silver to-day experienced a sharp fall of a penny to 27⅛d, making a fall of 3¼d since September 30. This steady drop was chiefly due to selling from India, the Bazaars there finding that the rain was not coming as freely as expected, assumed that the crops would be poor. Then the Indian Government, which had been the chief support of the market, stopped buying. This induced speculators to unload freely. China also sold, and although the Chinese banks hold stocks here against exchanges, some of these have been liquidated in the absence of buyers, and the above decline resulted. This afternoon a little support was forthcoming at the lower level and the market became steadier, but the immediate outlook is considered to be most uncertain.

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES

Louisville Board of Trade, Oct. 14, 1907.—Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

ARTICLES.	Rec'd 1907.	Ship'd 1907.	Rec'd 1906.	Ship'd 1906.
Ag'l impl'ts, lbs.	4,800	180,977	23,350	199,110
Bagging, lbs.	....	2,520	14,210	600
Boots and shoes, cases	445	457	348	526
Coffee, lbs.	39,000	58,030	25,250	40,595
Cotton, bales	50	....	178	....
Flour, bbls.	1,000	3,030	900	3,174
Furniture, lbs.	19,200	191,563	34,200	223,855
Barley, bush.	....	....	1,850	100
Corn, bush.	39,000	22,800	5,600	15,700
Malt, bush.	1,600	420	1,600	105
Oats, bush.	14,800	5,600	15,500	7,810
Rye, bush.	2,000	1,425	2,200	50
Wheat, bush.	31,800	4,800	8,800	3,000
Hardware, pkgs.	756	7,948	970	5,511
Hay, tons	169	10	104	21
Bacon, lbs.	92,385	177,200	21,000	132,721
Hams, lbs.	....	5,580	100	540
Lard, lbs.	10,000	63,730	4,450	70,305
Pig iron, tons	406	13	240	....
Leather, lbs.	....	34,180	....	20,568
Nails, kegs	652	619	2,320	412
Apples, gr., bbls.	454	532	2,983	865
Onions, bbls.	660	117	....	20
Potatoes, bbls.	200	200	....	560
Seed, grass and clover, lbs.	45,700	50,575	28,857	32,175
Soap, lbs.	4,875	102,020	595	160,250
Sugar, bbls.	590	460	400	514
Tobacco, leaf, hds.	156	696	65	397
Tobacco, mfd., lbs.	1,322	354,545	585	313,355
Whisky, bbls.	658	2,603	889	1,812
Wool, lbs.	3,025	660	....	3,885

LOCAL MARKETS.

(Unless otherwise specified, as in the case of produce, etc., handled by commission men or brokers without charge, these quotations represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city. Produce quotations represent the prices charged by shippers.)

BEANS—North fancy Michigan $2.75; New York French red kidney fancies, $2.75; California pink 4½c per lb.; Lima 7c per lb.

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—Portland cement $1.70@3.50 per bbl.; Louisville cement 77@85c per bbl.; lime 85c per bbl.; plaster Paris $1.65@2 per bbl.

CHEESE—Daisies 17½c; long horns 17c; Limburger 16c; brick 17c; New York cream 16c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 13½@14½c; Maracaibo 11½@13½c; Laguayra 11½@12½c; Mocha 20@24c; Java 25½@26c. Green Rios: Fancy 13½c; choice 12½c; prime 12c; good 11½c; roasting grades 11½@12c; Santos 11½@15½c.

DRIED FRUIT—Bright dried apples, large cuts, 7½c; good bright apples, 6½c; medium cut 5½c; dark 4½@5c, according to quality. One-half peaches, sun-dried, 7c.

FEATHERS—Prime white goose 51@52c per lb.; gray 40@45c; No. 1 old 40@43c; No. 2 old 30@35c; good white old goose 37@45c; No. 2 white old 26@30c; white duck 35@40c; old and mixed dark 15@25c.

FIELD SEED—Selling price from store: Choice timothy $2.05@2.15 per bu.; clover $9@9.50; orchard grass $1.75; bluegrass, fancy $2.15; red top, fancy, 8¼@8¾c per lb.; English bluegrass $2.10@2.25 per bu.; rape 7½c per lb.

FLOUR—Jobbing trade quotations are as follows: Minnesota patents $6 per bbl.; plain patents $5.50; straights $5.25; family $5; low grades $4.75; winter patents $5.75; winter straights $5@5.25; low grades $4.25; bolted meal $1.25 per 100 lbs.

FOREIGN AND PACIFIC DRIED FRUITS—Currants, per lb. 10@11c; raisins, London layers, per box $1.85; Sultana raisins 12@13c per lb.; loose muscatels, in 50-lb. boxes 9@9½c; prunes, California new 5½@9c; peaches 14c; pears 10@11c; figs, in layers 12@14c, in bags 7c per lb.; apricots 17c; Persian dates 5½c; Fard dates 8@9c; evaporated apples 7½@8½c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy $18.00 per ton; No. 2 timothy $17.00; No. 3 timothy $13@13.50; mixed and low grades $10.00; No. 1 clover mixed $16.00; No. 2 clover mixed $12.00; No. 1 clover hay $14@14.50; No. 2 clover hay $13; wheat straw $6@6.50; oat straw $6@6.50. The above are prices on cars; on wharf 25c to 50c per ton less.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides. We quote assorted lots: Dry flint hides 14@15c; salted 12½@13c; Southern tickey green hides, ½@1c less; No. 1 G salted hides 9@9½c; No. 2 G. salted 8½c; No. 1 horse G salted $3.25; No. 2 horse G salted $2.25. Sheepskins with wool on, 25@90c, according to wool and size. Shearings from 5c to 25c; goat skins 25@50c.

MILL OFFAL—In car lots: Bran $24.50; shorts $25; shipstuffs $25.50. Prices are $1.50 per ton higher in bags.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Caramels 20c per gallon; New Orleans molasses, open kettle 55c; centrifugals 24@30c; sorghum 37c.

NUTS—Dealers' prices are as follows: Almonds, Tarragona, 18c per lb.; filberts, Sicily, 12c; California walnuts 12@15c; French walnuts 15c; Texas pecans, Jumbo, 20c; large 18c; cocoanuts $4 per 100; mixed nuts 14c per lb.; Brazil nuts 14c; chestnuts 7@7½c; peanuts, fancy H. P. green 7½c; roasted 8½c.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 $1.06 per gallon; No. 2 98c; linseed 49c for raw and 50c for boiled, 1c less in 5-bbl lots; lard oil, winter strained 71c; extra No. 1 63c; No. 1 56c; No. 2 54c; gasoline, 87 degrees 25½c; stove gasoline 16c; benzine, 63 degrees 14c; straits oil 34c; black oil 9@10c; golden machinery 12c; extra golden lubricator 25c; Corliss cylinder 35c; cotton-seed oil, refined 63c per gallon; Peerless pastry oil 65c; coal oil, Kentucky test, 10½c; Indiana 10½c; water white, 150 degrees 11½c; headlight, 175 test, 12½c; turpentine 58c; wood alcohol 40c; denatured alcohol 35c in bbls. and 40c in half bbls.; pine tar 15c per gallon.

PAINTS AND COLORS—Strictly pure white lead 7c per lb.; red 7¼c, less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1@1½c; yellow ochre ¾c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 4c per lb.; fancy 7c; Japan 5½c; Carolina head 6½c; fancy Patna 6½c.

ROOTS—Indiana ginseng, dry, fall-dug, $5.50@5.75 per lb.; Kentucky ginseng, dry, fall-dug, $5@5.50; "Golden Seal" yellow root, dry $1.50@1.55; Seneca snake root, dry, prime, 35@40c; Virginia snake root, dry, prime, 30c; blood root, dry, prime, 5½c; lady slipper, dry, prime, 10@15c; Mayapple, dry, prime, $4.50@4.75. Dealers want ginseng off strings before shipped. All roots ought to be washed and well dried before shipped.

SALT—Delivered in dray-load lots: 7-bu. bbl. $1.22@1.37; 5-bu. bbl. 93c@$1.10; dairy salt $1.35@1.95 per bbl.; freezing salt in 200-lb. sacks, 70c per sack.

TALLOW—No. 1, 5½c; No. 2, 4½c.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from list October 1, 1905: Single 90 and 10 per cent.; double 90 and 20 per cent.

WOOL—Quotations are for Kentucky and Indiana wools. Southern wool quotations are from 2c to 3c per lb. lower on grease wool. Burry 12@20c; clear grease in fleeces 26@27½c; good tub-washed 33@35c; coarse, dingy tub-washed 30@32c; black wool 25c.

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

The following prices on refined sugars to retail merchants are believed to approximate a fair price in the Louisville market:

Eagle tablets	6.75	No. 3	4.95
Crystal dominoes	7.80	No. 6	4.75
Cut loaf	6.25	No. 7	4.70
Cubes	5.60	No. 8	4.65
XXXX powdered	5.55	No. 9	4.60
Powdered	5.50	No. 12	4.55
Stand. gran., bbls.	5.10	No. 13	4.50
Stand. gran., 2-lb.	5.50	No. 14	4.45

GRAIN.

WHEAT—
No. 2 red and longberry ... $1 07
No. 3 red and longberry ... 1 05
Rejected 2@8c less; on levee 1½c less.
CORN—
New No. 3 white ... 63½
New No. 3 mixed ... 60
OATS—
No. 3 white ... 56
No. 3 mixed ... 54½
RYE—
No. 2 new Northwestern ... 98
No. 2 new Western ... 95

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn, oats and rye are selling prices.

PROVISIONS.

HAMS—Choice sugar-cured, light and special cure 14⅞c; heavy to medium 14¼@14½c.

BACON—Clear rib sides 11½c; regular clear sides 11½c; breakfast bacon 18½c; sugar-cured shoulders 9½c; bacon, extra 11½c; bellies, light 13c; heavy 12¾c.

LARD—Prime steam in tierces 9c; pure lard in tierces 10¼c, in tubs 10½c; pure leaf lard in tierces 11½c, in tubs 11⅝c, in firkins 11¾c.

DRIED BEEF—12c.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

IRON BARS—$2 for base.

TOOL STEEL—9c per lb. for base.

SOFT STEEL—$1.95 for base.

STEEL ROOFING—Corrugated $2.30; V. crimped $2.65 per square.

BLACK SHEETS—No. 14, $3.05; No. 16, $3.45; No. 18, $3.60; No. 20, $3.60; No. 22, $3.75; No. 24, $3.75; No. 26, $3.95; No. 27, $4.15; No. 28, $4.35; No. 30, $4.85.

CUT STEEL NAILS—$2.20 base.

WIRE NAILS—$2.30 base.

PLAIN BLACK WIRE—$2.20 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.

GALVANIZED WIRE—$2.50 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.

BARBED WIRE—Painted $2.45; galvanized $2.75 per 100 lbs.

HORSE SHOES—No. 2 and larger, Juniata $4.05 base; Perkins $4.04½ base; Burden $4.10 per keg.

HARROW TEETH—$2.75 per 100 lbs.

CARRIAGE BOLTS—⅜x6 and smaller 70 and 10 per cent. discount; larger and longer 60 and 10 per cent. discount.

MACHINE BOLTS—⅜x6 and smaller 70 and 5 per cent. discount; larger and longer 60 and 10 per cent. discount.

COTTON.

Middling 12c; strict middling 12⅛c.

PRODUCE AND FRUITS.

These prices are wholesale.

BUTTER—Fresh 21c per lb.; Elgin 31½c in 60-lb. tubs, 32c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin lb. prints 32½c; renovated 28½c in 60-lb. tubs, 29c in 30-lb. tubs; 29½c in prints.

POULTRY—Hens 10c per lb.; roosters 5c; young chickens 12@13c; ducks 10@11c; geese 7@8c per lb.; old turkeys 10c; young turkeys 13@14c.

EGGS—18@19c, case count; candled 20c.

FRUIT—Messina lemons $4@4.50 box; bananas, fancy, 9@10 hands, in lots, bunch $2@2.75; fancy, 8 hands, in lots, per bunch $1.50; fancy, 4-bunch case, per case $8; fancy, 2-bunch ½ case, per case $4; fancy, 5 to 6-bunch case, per case $8, fancy, 3-bunch to ½ case, per case $4; extra large Jumbo, per bunch $2.50@3; California plums $1.50@1.75 crate; California peaches $1.50@1.75 box; Michigan peaches $3.00 per bushel; apples, choice $3.50@4; fancy $5; California B. Cairgean pears $3.50 per box; California Tokay grapes $1.75@2 per crate; California Malaga grapes $1.75@2 ct.; imported Malaga grapes $5.00@5.50 per bbl.; Concord grapes, 8-lb. basket 20c; 4-lb., 14c; Delaware, 4-lb., 18c.; Niagara, 4-lb., 16c.

VEGETABLES—Yellow onions 65c per bushel; parsley 40c per dozen; radishes 10@15c per dozen bunches; new cabbage $1 per barrel; home-grown beans 75c bu.; homegrown potatoes $2@2.50 bl.; green peppers $1 per bu.; home-grown tomatoes 75@80c bu.; hothouse cucumbers $1@1.25 dozen; home-grown turnips 15c per dozen bunches; home-grown beets 15c per dozen bunches; home-grown kale 50@75c per bbl.; Michigan celery 25@35c per bunch; Michigan cauliflower $1.50@$1.75 doz.; cranberries, fancy dark red $7.50 bbl.; $2.50 crate.

Short Pickle Crop.

The 1907 pickle crop is all gathered and is very disappointing. Acreage planted was reduced very considerably below what had been contracted for, and the weather conspired to make the yield from the vines small, so that present stocks in first hands at the West are less than 50 per cent. the quantity usually held at this time of the year.

Clarksville Tobacco Market.

Clarksville, Tenn., Oct. 14.—There was little doing in the market for the old tobacco last week. The receipts were 55 hogsheads, with sales of 54. Prices were firm for old grades. Shipments go out steadily and the small stocks show further reductions. A good portion of the crop in the barns is already cured and some deliveries of loose tobacco have already been made, which is earlier than usual. The field crops are all secured against frost, except scattered remnants of the July plantings. The schedule of prices for the association is anxiously awaited. The following prices are quoted for old tobacco:

Low lugs ... $6 00@ 6 25
Common lugs ... 6 50@ 7 00
Medium lugs ... 7 25@ 7 75
Good lugs ... 8 00@ 8 50
Low leaf ... 8 75@ 9 25
Common leaf ... 9 50@10 00
Medium leaf ... 10 25@11 00
Good leaf ... 11 25@12 00
Fine leaf ... none offered

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Louisville.

(Furnished by Bourbon Stock Journal, Bourbon Stock Yards.)

Louisville, Oct. 14.—Cattle—The receipts of cattle to-day were liberal, 3,449 against 3,613 last Monday, 4,542 a year ago and 2,521 two years ago. There was a much lighter attendance of buyers on the yards than usual this morning, and under unfavorable reports from other markets, trade was extremely dull and unsatisfactory from the start, and values considerably lower. Choice well-finished butcher cattle were the most sought after, but no activity in that branch of the trade; medium and common butcher cattle were extremely slow to change hands, some choice handyweight heifers sold early in the day around 10@15c lower than last week's best time, but the general average of the decline on butcher cattle to-day was 15@25c per 100 pounds and sales were unusually hard to effect at the decline. The feeder and stocker trade was rather slow, a fair inquiry existed for strictly high-grade feeders and high-grade stockers, at least they changed hands more readily than the plain and common grades, but values were easily 15@25c lower on all kinds of feeders and stockers, and some salesmen thought that values were a big 25c lower; common, light trashy stock cattle were hard to sell at very low prices. The bull market was steady; canners were very dull and lower. Milch cow trade, choice milch cows in fair demand, but others hard to sell. Not many heavy cattle here to-day; the trade on that class of cattle was slow and values were lower. The pens were not entirely cleared this evening; the market closed dull and the outlook is not at all encouraging.

Calves—Receipts of calves 168; market firm on good calves; the best 6½@7c; some fancy shade better; common calves very dull.

Hogs—Receipts of hogs 7,976 against 5,325 last Monday, 5,396 a year ago and 5,395 two years ago. The market was very slow in opening this morning, the local demand being no more than usual and order buyers were slow to take hold on account of the extreme scarcity of double-deck cars in which to forward shipments; values were mostly 15c lower than Saturday; selected hogs, 160 pounds and up, selling at $6.75; 120 to 160 pounds $6.50; pigs ranged from $5.25@6.10, according to weight and quality and rough $5.75 down. The pens were not entirely cleared; some light weights and pigs left over and the market closed dull.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts of sheep and lambs 666 against 485 last Monday, 655 a year ago and 580 two years ago. The market was very quiet to-day, but little doing; values about steady. The bulk of the best lambs changed hands around 6½@6¾c; best fat sheep about 4½c; common sheep and lambs slow sale.

Quotations.

CATTLE.
Good to choice export steers ... $5 00@ 5 25
Light shipping steers ... 4 50@ 5 00
Choice to good butcher steers ... 4 25@ 4 75
Medium to good butcher steers ... 3 60@ 4 15
Common to medium butcher steers ... 3 00@ 3 50
Good to choice butcher heifers ... 3 50@ 4 25
Medium to good butcher heifers ... 3 00@ 3 50
Common to medium butcher heifers ... 2 50@ 3 00
Good to choice butcher cows ... 3 50@ 4 00
Medium to good butcher cows ... 3 00@ 3 50
Common to medium butcher cows ... 2 25@ 3 00
Canners ... 1 00@ 2 25
Good to choice fat oxen ... 4 25@ 4 75
Medium to good oxen ... 3 00@ 4 00
Good to choice bulls ... 3 00@ 3 50
Medium to good bulls ... 2 50@ 3 00
Common to medium bulls ... 2 00@ 2 50
Good to choice veal calves ... 6 50@ 7 00
Medium to good veal calves ... 4 00@ 5 00
Common to rough calves ... 2 50@ 3 50
Good to choice feeders ... 4 00@ 4 40
Medium to good feeders ... 3 50@ 4 00
Common and rough feeders ... 3 00@ 3 50
Good to choice stock steers ... 3 75@ 4 00
Medium to good stock steers ... 3 25@ 3 75
Common to medium stock steers ... 2 50@ 3 25
Good to choice stock heifers ... 3 00@ 3 50
Medium to good stock heifers ... 2 50@ 3 00
Common and plain mixed stockers ... 2 50@ 3 00
Good to choice milch cows ... [illegible]
Medium to good milch cows ... 20 00@30 00
Common and plain milch cows ... 10 00@20 00
HOGS.
Good to choice packers and butchers, 200 to 300 lbs ... 6 75
Med. pack & butch., 160 to 200 lbs ... 6 75
Light shippers, 120 to 160 lbs ... 6 50
Choice pigs, 90 to 120 lbs ... 6 00@ 6 10
Light pigs, 50 to 90 lbs ... 5 00@ 5 25
Roughs, 150 to 500 lbs ... 3 50@ 5 75
SHEEP AND LAMBS.
Good to choice fat sheep ... 4 25@ 4 50
Medium to good sheep ... 3 50@ 4 25
Common to medium sheep ... 2 00@ 3 00
Bucks ... 2 00@ 3 00
Choice spring lambs ... 6 50@ 6 75
Seconds ... 5 00@ 5 25
Good butcher lambs ... 4 00@ 4 75
Culls and tail-ends ... 3 00@ 4 00

(Reported by the Central Live Stock Exchange, Central Stock Yards.)

Louisville, Oct. 14.—Cattle—Receipts liberal. Market steady on everything in the butcher line; other grades dull and lower. Stockers and feeders of fair quality in good demand. Milch cows fair. Feeling about steady on heavy shipping cattle.

Calves—Receipts moderate. Market steady; best calves selling at $6.50@7; common heavy calves are slow sale and hard to dispose of at any price.

Hogs—Receipts liberal. Market 15c lower. 160 lbs. and up selling at $6.75; 120 to 160 lbs. $6.50; 90 to 120 lbs. $6.10; pigs $5.25; roughs $5.80. Market closed steady.

New York.

New York, Oct. 14.—Beeves—Receipts 3,822; best steers steady; others 10@20c lower; bulls 25c higher; cows steady to a shade lower; common to choice steers $4@6.60; bulls $2.75@3.75; cows $1.30@4.35; exports to-morrow 9,950 cattle and 3,800 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts 2,080; veals steady; grassers and Westerns 25c higher; veals $5@9.50; choice selected $9.60@9.75; grassers $3@3.50; Western $3.50@4.25; dressed calves steady; city-dressed veals 8@14c per lb.; country-dressed 7@12½c. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 16,311; sheep steady; lambs opened weak to 25c lower and closed 25@50c lower; sheep $3.50@5.50; culls $2.25@3; lambs $6@7.50; general market $6.25@7.25; culls $4@5. Hogs—Receipts 12,320; market lower at $6.90@7.15.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Oct. 14.—Cattle—Receipts 27,600, including 1,500 Southern; market steady to 10c lower; choice export and dressed beef steers $6.10@6.70; fair to good $4.75@6; Southern steers $3.25@4.25; Southern cows $2@3.25; native cows $2.25@4.40; native heifers $ @5; bulls $2.90@3.60; calves $3@6.50. Hogs—Receipts 8,000; market strong; top $6.45; bulk of sales at $6.20@6.40; heavy $6.15@6.40; packers $6.30@6.45; pigs and lights $5.85@6.45. Sheep—Receipts 5,000; market steady; lambs $5.50@7.40; ewes and yearlings $4.90@5.50; Western yearlings $5.25@5.60; Western sheep $4.75@5.50; stockers and feeders $3.50@6.

Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at about 33,000; market steady to 15c lower; steers $5.25@7.30; cows $3.30@5; heifers $3@5.75; calves $3@8.50; stockers and feeders $2.40@5. Hogs—Receipts estimated at about 40,000; market steady to 10c lower; choice heavy shipping $6.75@6.85; light butchers $6.80@6.85; light mixed $6.55@6.65; choice light $6.70@6.80; packing $6@6.60; pigs $5@6.40; bulk of sales at $6.40@6.75. Sheep—Receipts estimated at about 40,000; market steady to 10c lower; sheep $3.50@6.25; lambs $5.75@5.35; yearlings $5.50@6.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Oct. 14.—Hogs slow; butchers and shippers $6.95@7; cows $5.60@6.60. Cattle steady to strong; fair to good shippers $5@5.85; common $2.25@3. Sheep steady at $2.25@5. Lambs steady at $4@7.25.

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Wheat for December delivery sold on the local exchange to-day at $1.07⅝ and the May option at $1.12⅝, which are high records for the season. Because of liberal realizing sales, however, the market closed weak, with December showing a net loss of ½@⅝c for the day. Corn was a shade lower, oats were ¼@⅜c higher and provisions were 10@20c higher.

Extreme nervousness was manifested in the wheat market throughout the day and prices fluctuated over a range of more than 2c. Sentiment during the first half hour was inclined to the bear side because of large shipments from Russia during the last week and because of the breaking of the drouth in India. Liberal receipts at Winnipeg also caused some selling in the local market. At the end of the first hour the market became extremely strong and prices within five minutes advanced more than 2c from the low price of the day. The sudden upturn was due to a stampede among the shorts, who were frightened by the heavy buying of a large bull.

On the advance there was general realizing, which soon caused the loss of all the gain. The market closed weak. December opened ¼@¾c lower at $1.05⅝@1.06¾, sold off to $1.05⅝ and then advanced to $1.07⅝. The close was at $1.05¾. May ranged between $1.10 and $1.12⅝ and closed at $1.11⅛@1.11¼. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 570,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 1,350,000 bushels, against 1,711,000 on the same day last year. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 941 cars, against 834 last week and 1,096 one year ago.

The corn market was weak early in the day because of favorable weather for husking and marketing the new crop. The sharp advance in wheat caused an advance of nearly 1½c in corn, but the gain was lost on profit-taking. The close was weak. December opened ⅛@⅜c lower to a shade higher at 63@63⅜c, sold off to 62⅝c and then advanced to 64⅞c. The close was at 63⅛c. Local receipts were 486 cars, with 145 of contract grade.

Oats sold to-day at the highest price in several years, the December delivery touching 56c and May 57⅝c. The strength was due chiefly to the advance in wheat and corn. The market held firm during the last half of the day and closed slightly higher. December opened unchanged to ⅛c higher at 55⅛@55¼c, advanced to 56c and closed at 55½c. May sold between 57c and 57⅝c and closed at 57⅛c. Local receipts were 306 cars.

Provisions were strong all day, despite a 5c decline in the price of live hogs. A prominent grain house was a heavy purchaser. At the close January pork was 20c higher at $16.20, lard was 10@12½c higher at $9.17½@9.20 and ribs were 10c higher at $8.32½.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow are: Wheat 153 cars; corn 453; oats 232; hogs 17,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open-ing.	High-est.	Low-est.	Clos-ing.
*WHEAT—				
Dec.	$1 05¾	$1 07⅝	$1 05⅝	$1 05¾
May	1 11	1 12⅝	1 10⅝	1 11⅛
July	1 02½	1 03⅝	1 01⅝	1 01⅝
*CORN—				
Dec.	63	64⅞	62⅝	63⅛
May	63½	65⅛	63⅛	61
July	63	64⅜	62⅝	63⅛
*OATS—				
Dec.	55⅛	56	55	55½
May	57	57⅝	57	57⅛
July	50⅜	51⅛	50⅜	50⅜
PORK—				
Jan.	16 20	16 25	16 15	16 20
May	16 50	16 62½	16 50	16 57½
LARD—				
Nov.	9 30	9 37½	9 30	9 32½
Jan.	9 07½	9 22½	9 07½	9 20
May	9 30	9 40	9 30	9 40
RIBS—				
Jan.	8 35	8 35	8 27½	8 32½
May	8 57½	8 62½	8 55	8 60

*For the splits on wheat, corn and oats see introduction.

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Winter patents $4.65@5.10; straights $4.25@4.90; spring patents $5.40@5.75; straights $4.60@5.75; bakers' $3@4.20. Market firm.

Grain—No. 2 spring wheat $1.15@1.19; No. 3 do $1.03½@1.05½; No. 2 corn 65¼@65½c; No. 2 yellow do 66⅛@66c; No. 2 oats 5[illegible]c; No. 3 white do 53@55¼c; No. 2 rye 88½c; good feeding barley 85@95c; fair to choice malting do $1.05@1.09; No. 1 Northwestern flax seed $1.21; prime timothy seed $4.30@4.35; clover, contract grades, $17.

Provisions—Short ribs sides, loose, $8@8.75; mess pork $14.87½@15 per bbl.; lard $9.35 per 100 lbs.; short clear sides, boxed, $8.50@8.75.

Whisky—Basis of high wines $1.34.

On the Produce Exchange to-day the butter market was firm; creameries 23@28½c; dairies 21@26c. Eggs strong; at mark, cases included 17½@20½c; firsts 22c; prime firsts 24c. Cheese firm at 15@15¾c.

Receipts—Flour 24,000 bbls.; wheat 68,200 bu.; corn 380,800; oats 350,500; rye 15,000; barley 99,800. Shipments—Flour 28,100 bbls.; wheat 155,000 bu.; corn 470,100; oats 183,200; barley 38,600.

GRAIN LETTERS.

Chicago.—There was a big trading market in wheat during the morning, with an advance in prices which was quite unexpected in some quarters. The Liverpool market showed some signs of being tired after the first cable. This induced a good many in the local trade to take the conservative position of letting go long wheat at the opening. The market had a fairly good dip to $1.05⅝ for December and $1.10⅝ for May. At this point the continental cables were posted, showing 1½c advance at Berlin, Budapest and Antwerp. New York wired that there was very little wheat for sale there and private cables brought the report that Roumania might impose a tax to prohibit exports. Speculative offerings came to an end suddenly and efforts to buy wheat caused a sharp upturn. A doubtful feature during most of the session was the way the Northwest markets acted. Most of the time they ruled lower than the Saturday figures, and this is thought to reflect the spring wheat crop movement which is about to take place. We believe the market is in very debatable ground and that it will take constant activity on the part of bull leaders and continued strength in all foreign markets to keep prices at this level. If husking of corn proves as disappointing as some of the early returns indicate, the situation may be as sensational as that in oats. We believe on the good breaks we would buy the May corn.—(Logan & Bryan to W. L. Lyons & Co.

Chicago.—Disappointing cables from Liverpool, large world's shipments, in which the Russian total again figured largely, and reports of rain in the Punjab district of India made a weak market for wheat at the outset. This precipitated much local short selling. Subsequently the continental European markets all came strong. It developed that bids from abroad for cash wheat were higher and that a fair business had been done on Saturday night's cable offerings and shorts attempted to cover. Offerings were found to be inadequate and values advanced in an almost frenzied fashion for a few minutes, jumping 2c from the early low point. The advance called out heavy realizing sales. Some of the larger longs as well as the elevator interests bought December to-day and sold May. Roumanian crop is officially estimated at 41,000,000 bushels against 111,000,000 last year. Winnipeg got 633 cars to-day against 327 last year. There were denials to-day of Saturday's claims that the import duty on wheat in Hungary and Italy would be suspended. Cash wheat at St. Louis and Kansas City was higher and wanted. The local demand was limited to 65,000 bushels, mostly milling. Seaboard sales 85 loads.—(Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

Chicago.—It is a very dangerous market and one which suggests caution. We believe the conservative thing to do is to take profits when offered. The purchase of December against the sale of July, which we are advocating, has widened an additional cent to-day. We strongly advise making this spread, as we feel more confident than ever that December will sell 10@15c premium over July. We think profits should be taken on the bulges in corn. We think profits should be taken on the hard spots in oats.—(Finley Barrell & Co. to E. E. Paine & Co.

Chicago.—Wheat had an enormous trade to-day with a hard market to follow and execute orders on. The markets abroad closed higher, but the response was not as strong as looked for. This, along with advices that conditions in India had improved, had a slight bearish effect, and on the hard spots there was a rush to take profits. In many respects the situation in both the cash and option markets is stronger than ever before. Demands are general and are growing more persistent and full of promise. Statistics show that stocks are below normal. From the manner in which supplies are disappearing from sight it is evident that the need of grain for immediate consumption is pressing. It is believed that the price of wheat is still on a legitimate basis and has yet to feel the effect of the great shortage in the other grains. Nothing is in sight on which to base a claim for cheap wheat. Prices are advancing from natural conditions and do not promise to halt except temporarily until a much higher level has been attained. Keep long of some wheat, as prevailing conditions warrant this. The Government report on corn, as well as private advices, are that the crop is the smallest in years, while the price is not much, if any, higher than it has been for several years back. Corn should be bought on all recessions. Possibilities all too strongly favor the long side to justify sales except when showing good returns. It is true that conditions surrounding the oats market are very bullish, but the tendency will now be to give the market less attention while the corn and wheat markets are being advanced, and we feel more favorable to them than oats and would purchase only on sharp breaks.—(Miner & Co. to Hermann F. Monroe & Co.

Visible Supply of Grain.

New York, Oct. 14.—The visible supply of grain (unofficial), without the lakes, Saturday, October 12, was as follows: Wheat 40,373,000 bu.; corn 3,269,000; oats 6,265,000; rye 760,000; barley 4,161,000.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, Oct. 14.—Wheat—Spot nominal; futures steady; December 8s 7⅝d; March 8s 8d; May 8s 7⅝d. Corn—Spot strong; prime mixed American 6s; futures steady; October 5s 11¾d; January 5s 8⅜d.

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 14.—The cotton market was firm and higher on reports of frost in the belt, with the close steady at a net advance of 14@27 points. Sales for the day were estimated at 250,000 bales. The market opened firm at an advance of 14@18 points and right after the call December sold 22 points net higher on covering of shorts and buying for account, which was encouraged by the higher Liverpool cables and reports of light and heavy frosts more or less general over east and central sections of the belt. Private wires received early were reassuring, most of them claiming that temperatures had not fallen to the freezing point and the market reacted about 9@10 points from the top during the middle of the forenoon under realizing and bear pressure. December continued relatively firm, sellers avoiding operations upon receipt of additional frost reports and predictions of frost again tonight in the eastern section. The close was little off from the best under realizing and rumors that there has been cut in prices of cotton goods. The Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged to ⅛c higher.

Receipts at the ports to-day were 42,600 bales, against 44,750 last week and 68,601 last year; for the week 290,000 bales, against 233,771 last week and 370,477 last year; to-day's receipts at New Orleans 5,115 bales, against 13,607 last year.

Spot cotton opened quiet; middling uplands 11.70c; do gulf 11.95c. Closed steady and 30 points higher; middling uplands 12c; do gulf 12.25c. Sales 400 bales.

Futures opened firm and closed steady. The range for the day was as follows:

MONTH.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Clos'g Bid.
October	10.83-85	....	....	11.02
November	....	....	....	11.02
December	11.08	11.23	11.08	11.20
January	11.00	11.07	10.99	11.02
February	11.00	11.03	11.00	11.03
March	11.04	11.12	10.96	11.07
April	....	....	....	11.08
May	11.10	11.15	11.00	11.08
June	11.10*	11.13	11.02	11.09
July	11.09-12	11.15	11.02	11.09
August	11.05*	....	....	....

*Offered.

New Orleans, Oct. 14.—With a nominal market cotton spots were unchanged; middling 11⅝c. Sales were 40 bales on the spot and 8,000 to arrive. Futures opened steady, 12@19 points above the close Saturday as a result of heavy frosts throughout a large part of the belt. Owing to the lateness of the crop the effect on the market was more pronounced than it would have been ordinarily. Local labor troubles affecting the handling of cotton continues as a factor in the market, and but for this feature in the local situation there would have been an even greater advance in prices. During the afternoon session heavier buying for the long account and a rather free covering by shorts brought about another advance. At the close, which was steady, the active months ranged from 27@30 points above the close Saturday. October high 11.27c, low 11.08c. Closing bids: January 11.08c; February 11.14c; March 11.18c; April 11.22c; May 11.26c; June 11.28c; October 11.28c; November 11.01c; December 11.06c.

Liverpool, Oct. 14.—Spot cotton in fair demand; prices unchanged to 6 points higher; American middling fair 7.14d; good middling 6.74d; middling 6.54d; low middling 6.18d; good ordinary 5.58d; ordinary 4.98d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export and included 9,500 American; receipts 5,400 bales, all American. Futures opened firm and closed barely steady.

Galveston, Oct. 14.—Cotton firm; middling 11¾c; net and gross receipts 7,118 bales; sales 950; stock 60,635; exports to the continent 7,064; shipments coastwise 588.

Savannah, Oct. 14.—Cotton steady; middling 11⅝c; net and gross receipts 16,497 bales; sales 4,250; stock 100,128; exports to the continent 200; shipments coastwise 3,911.

Memphis, Oct. 14.—Cotton steady; middling 11⅝c; net receipts 5,986 bales; gross 6,580; shipments 1,356; sales 1,750; stock 38,423.

St. Louis, Oct. 14.—Cotton quiet; middling 11⅝c; net receipts 191 bales; gross 833; shipments 657; sales 55; stock 8,350.

Boston, Oct. 14.—Cotton steady; middling 12c; gross receipts 2,985 bales.

COTTON COMMENT.

New York.—The weather indications for to-morrow point to a lower market. We do not regard the frost as serious or the weather as too dry. It would take freezing weather to do damage to the plant. Sell moderately on all bulges.—(A. O. Brown & Co. to Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

While the crop this year still averages one to two weeks late, spinners and operators are not inclined to become unduly excited over this frost scare, and especially with things so bad in Wall street and financial circles and the reaction in the dry goods trade becoming more pronounced.—(Hubbard Bros. & Co. to E. E. Paine & Co.

We do not believe that crop prospects were materially changed by the frost and think that bulges like to-day afford an excellent opportunity for short commitments.—(J. S. Bache & Co. to Washington Flexner & Co.

Mills using cotton are coming close to the days when they must have money to buy it with. They are finding money market tight.—(Journal of Commerce.

With light crop movement and good consumption still in progress, not a few believe that cotton will do better.—(Bond & Buttfield.

We look to see consumption decrease 20 per cent. over last season and expect very low prices for spot cotton shortly.—(Dick Bros. & Co.

We still advise selling only on sharp rallies until danger of material frost damage is passed.—(Fairchild & Co.

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GENERAL MARKETS.

New York.

New York, Oct. 14.—Butter weak; creamery, specials 29½c; do extras 29c; thirds to firsts 24@28½c; held creamery, first to special 27@29½c; State dairy, common to finest 22@28½c; process, common to special 19@26½c; Western factory, common to firsts 20@24c. Cheese quiet; State full cream, small colored and white September, fine 16c; do good to prime 15¼@15¾c; do common to fair 13@15c; large colored September, fine 16c; do white 15¾c; do common to prime 13@15½c; skims 1½@15½c. Eggs steady; receipts 7,281 packages; State, Pennsylvania and near-by fancy selected white 34@36c; good to choice 29@33c; brown and mixed fancy 29@32c; firsts to extra first 24@27c; Western firsts 21½@23c; seconds 19@21c. Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining 3.45c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3.95c; molasses sugar 3.10c; refined steady; crushed 5.70c; powdered 5.10c; granulated 5c.

Flour—Receipts 23,383 bbls.; exports 6,585; market firm, with a fair trade. Rye flour firm. Buckwheat flour steady. Cornmeal firm; fine white and yellow $1.55@1.60. Rye firm; No. 2 Western 98½c to arrive f. o. b. New York. Barley steady; malting $1.13@1.20 c. i. f. New York.

Wheat—Receipts 397,000 bu.; exports 307,481. Spot market firm; No. 2 red $1.13⅝ in elevator and $1.15 f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth $1.27½ f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter $1.18 f. o. b. afloat. New high levels were made by wheat to-day, prices advancing 1c above Saturday on heavy covering and rumors that Roumania was seeking to check exports. Reactions occurred later and final prices were heavy at ¼@⅜c net decline; December $1.17⅝@1.18⅝, closed $1.17⅛; May $1.17½@1.19, closed $1.17⅛.

Corn—Receipts 18,275 bu. Spot market firm; No. 2 76c in elevator and 77⅛c to arrive f. o. b. New York; No. 2 white 77⅜c and No. 2 yellow 78⅛c f. o. b. afloat to arrive. The option market was strong early on higher cables and the wheat advance, but last part of it and closed only ¼@¾c net higher; December 76⅛@78⅛c, closed 76⅝c; May 72¼@73⅝c, closed 73⅜c.

Oats—Receipts 127,500 bu.; exports 525. Spot market firm; mixed, 26@32 lbs., 55c; natural white, 26@32 lbs., 58½@62c; clipped white, 32@40 lbs., 62½@71c.

Hay steady. Hops, hides and leather quiet. Wool firm. Beef firm; family $14.50@15; mess $10@10.50; beef hams $29; packet $11.50@12; city extra India mess $22@23. Cut meats steady; pickled hams 11@12c. Lard firm; Western prime $9.40@9.50; refined firm; continent $9.90; South American $10.75. Pork and tallow steady. Cotton-seed oil barely steady; prime crude 33½@34c; do yellow 44c. Petroleum firm. Rosin firm; common to good $4.45. Turpentine steady at 55c. Rice firm. Molasses steady.

Metals—The London tin market was lower to-day, with spot closing at £139 and futures at £137 15s. Locally the market was weak in sympathy, with quotations ranging from $31.15 to $31.70. Copper was also lower in London, with spot quoted at £60 10s and futures at £58 10s. In the local market copper continued weak and a further decline was reported, with lake quoted at $13.37½@13.62½ and electrolytic and casting at $13@13.25. Lead was unchanged at £18 5s in London and at $4.60@4.75 in the local market. Spelter was unchanged at 22 in London. Locally the market was easy and 5 points lower at $5.40@5.50. Iron was lower in the English market, with standard foundry quoted at 52s 9d and Cleveland warrants at 58s 6d. Locally no change was reported, with No. 1 foundry Northern quoted at $19.75@20.50 and No. 2 foundry Northern at $19.25@20. Southern grades continue nominal.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, Oct. 14.—Wheat weak; on track: No. 2 red cash $1.08@1.09¼; No. 2 hard $1.07@1.09; December $1.08⅛; May $1.10. Corn weak; on track: No. 2 cash 65½@66c; December 59⅞@59⅝c; May 61⅞c; No. 2 white 66½@67⅛c. Oats weak; on track: No. 2 cash 52c; December 53c; May 55⅜c; No. 2 white 54½c. Poultry weak; chickens 9½c; springs 10½c; turkeys 15c; ducks 9c; geese 5c. Butter steady; creamery 24@30c. Eggs higher at 18½c, case count. Flour higher; red winter patents $4.85@5; extra fancy and straight $4.35@4.70; clear $3.50@4.10. Timothy seed steady at $3.75@4.15. Cornmeal steady at $2.95. Bran higher; sacked on east track $1.25@1.27. Hay firm; timothy $16@20; prairie $9@13.50. Whisky steady at $1.38. Iron cotton ties $1.10. Bagging 11 5-16c. Hemp twine 11c. Pork higher; jobbing $15.75. Lard higher; prime steam $9. Dry salt meats steady; boxed extra shorts and clear ribs $9.37½; short clear $9.62½. Bacon steady; boxed extra shorts and clear ribs $10.25; short clears $10.25. Receipts—Flour 17,000 bbls.; wheat 111,000 bu.; corn 128,000; oats 213,000. Shipments—Flour 13,000 bbls.; wheat 91,000 bu.; corn 55,000; oats 120,000.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Oct. 14.—Wheat—December $1.01; May $1.05⅛; cash: No. 2 hard $1.04@1.06; No. 3 $1.02@1.05; No. 2 red $1.08; No. 3 $1.06@1.06½. Corn—December 56⅞c; May 58⅛c; cash: No. 2 mixed 60½@61c; No. 3 60½@61c; No. 2 white 61½c; No. 3 61⅛c. Oats—No. 2 white 51c; No. 2 mixed 48@48½c. Butter—Creamery 30c; packing stock 20½c. Eggs steady; extras 23c; firsts 21c. Hay firm; choice timothy $13.25@13.75; choice prairie $11.25@11.50. Rye steady at 80@81c. Receipts—Wheat 204,000 bu.; corn 72,000; oats 30,000. Shipments—Wheat 185,000 bu.; corn 11,600; oats 25,000.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Oct. 14.—Whisky—Distillers' finished goods steady on basis of $1.34. Butter steady. Eggs steady at 20@22c. Poultry lower; springers 13@14c; hens 11c; turkeys 14c. Flour firm. Wheat firm; No. 2 red $1.10½@1.11. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed 69@70c. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed 55@55½c. Rye quiet; No. 2 93c. Lard active at $8.75@8.85. Bulk meats firm at $8.75. Bacon easy at $10. Sugar firm.

Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Oct. 14.—Wheat—Dec. $1.12⅝; May $1.16⅜@1.16¾; No. 1 hard $1.139; No. 1 Northern $1.17¾; No. 2 Northern $1.15⅝; No. 3 Northern $1.12@1.14. Flour—First patent $6@6.1; second patents $5.85@6; first clears $4.50@4.70; second clears $3.70@3.80. Bran in bulk $22.25@22.50.

Duluth.

Duluth, Oct. 14.—Wheat—No. 1 hard $1.18¾; No. 1 Northern $1.16⅝; No. 2 Northern $1.14⅝; December $1.13¼; May $1.17¾. Flax—On track [illegible].

Toledo.

Toledo, Oct. 14.—Clover-seed—Cash $10.15; October $10.70; December $10.10; March $10.10. Oil—North Lima 94c; South Lima and Indiana 89c.

Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Oct. 14.—Barley—No. 2 $1.12; sample 84c@$1.11.

COFFEE MARKET.

New York, Oct. 14.—Coffee futures closed quiet, net unchanged to 5 points lower. Sales were reported of 7,250 bags, including December at 6.65c, March at 6.20@6.25c and September at 6.45c.

Spot coffee quiet; No. 7 Rio 6⅛c; No. 4 Santos 8½c. Mild coffee dull; Cordova 9@12½c.

New York Dry Goods.

New York, Oct. 14.—The dry goods market was very quiet for the day, but the cotton goods division was considerably disturbed by a sharp cut in the price of bleached goods by one of the largest jobbing houses in the country. The dress goods market is generally quiet, but a heavy business is passing in goods for next spring delivery. Raw silk is quiet, with prices up about 2½c a pound for Japan and a drop of 10c in the Italian product.

FINANCIAL.

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MEN AND WOMEN.
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75.
Circular sent on request.

Naval Stores.

Wilmington, Oct. 14.—Spirits of turpentine steady at 60⅝c; receipts 89 casks. Rosin steady at $3.85; receipts 222 bbls. Tar firm at $2.30; receipts 37 bbls. Crude turpentine firm at $2.75, $4 and $4; receipts 60 bbls.

Oil Quotations.

Oil City, Oct. 14.—Credit balances $1.78; runs 234,685 bbls., average 175,608; shipments 338,987, average 175,363.

Elgin Butter.

Elgin, Oct. 14.—Butter was firm on the Board of Trade to-day at 29½c. Output of the district for the week was 685,000 pounds.

St. Louis Wool.

St. Louis, Oct. 14.—Wool steady; medium grades, clothing and combing 23½c; light fine 22@22½c; heavy fine 17@18c; tub-washed 23@36c.

LOUISVILLE MAN TAKES WIFE FROM NEW ALBANY.

Miss Bertha Schuler, of this city, and Robert Kelly Van Pelt, of Louisville, were married last night at the parsonage of the First Presbyterian church, in St. Paul's Place, New Albany, the ceremony having been performed by the Rev. Dr. Frank H. Grossman, the pastor. The only attendants were Misses Kate Armstrong and Eva Harwood, Messrs. Edward Van Pelt and George Schuler, brothers of the bride and groom. Mr. and Mrs. Van Pelt left immediately after the ceremony for Chicago and the Northwest on a wedding trip. Returning they will live at 1[illegible] Brook street, Louisville.

COMMERCIAL CLUB ENROLLS ALL OF KENTUCKY EDITORS.

Three hundred and twenty-five membership cards of the Louisville Commercial Club have been mailed to the editors and managing editors of Kentucky newspapers. In the letter that accompanies the cards is a phrase to the effect that "if the Commercial Club were a newspaper, it would place the name of each Kentucky editor on the first page, and let them stand as a story of Kentucky's enterprise, the story to be double-leaded, with a double-column head."

Boys' Shirts and Underwear

Percale and Madras Shirts of the best makes; white, light and dark fancy patterns; attached or detached cuffs; sizes 12 to 14. Special lines at 50 cents and $1.

Underwear of ribbed balbriggan, natural wool and Wright's fleeced health Underwear; 25c, 38c and 50c a garment.

Boy's Union Suits, in balbriggan and worsteds, at 50c and $1.

MAIL ORDERS always filled with the best values in stock.

LEVY'S Third and Market

Members Retail Merchants' Ass'n. Railroad Fare Refunded Until Dec. 14.

Courier-Journal.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL LOUISVILLE, KY.

TUESDAY.............OCT. 15, 1907

FOUR BEFORE COURT ON MURDER CHARGES

WHITE MAN AND NEGRO ARE HELD TO GRAND JURY.

CASES OF TWO COLORED PRISONERS SET FOR TO-MORROW.

NEW RECORD FOR JUDGE BLAIN

Four murder cases were presented in the Police Court yesterday, which it is said by court officials is a new record for the number to come before Judge Randolph Blain in one day. Two of those presented on the murder charge had been arrested since the adjournment of court on Saturday, and one for an offense committed since that time.

Only one of the alleged murderers presented was a white man, John Ryan, formerly a bartender at the Black Diamond saloon, at Lloyd and Wayne streets. He is alleged to have killed James Curtsinger in the saloon a week ago. The evidence showed that Charles Miller hurled a beer bottle at Ryan, following a dispute between them over a mongrel dog. Ryan was held to the grand jury under bond of $3,000.

Steve Williamson, colored, was presented on the charge of killing William Thomas, a negro, found dead at Floyd and Lafayette streets two weeks ago. The case against him was continued until to-morrow.

David Jones, colored, who was presented on the charge of murdering Joseph Blanford, a negro, at Hancock and Merideth streets, a week ago, was held to answer to the grand jury without bond.

Sam Roland, a negro, who shot and killed George Yowell, also colored, at the Omaha Packing Company, at Eighth and Market streets, Saturday afternoon, was also presented, and the case against him was continued until to-morrow.

COURTHOUSE COLD

BROKEN PIPES MAKE HEATING AN IMPOSSIBILITY.

Two Judges Compelled To Choose Other Quarters For Operations—Problem Becomes Weighty.

With the approach of cold weather and short winter days the heat and light proposition once more becomes a serious difficulty at the Courthouse. A breakage on Sunday evening in the jail heating plant made it impossible to heat the Courthouse annex in time for opening court yesterday morning. The result was that in the court rooms of Judges O'Doherty and Kirby it was too cold to conduct business. Judge O'Doherty adjourned his jury for the day, while Judge Kirby removed to his office in the Louisville Trust Company to hear several matters.

Jailer Pflanz, who is the custodian of the Courthouse, explained that the trouble was with a broken connection between the boilers. There are four boilers in the heating plant, but, unfortunately, all are connected with each other, so that when there is a breakage directly affecting any one the entire heating plant is put out of business. The Jailer has on several occasions recommended to the Fiscal Court the expenditure of about $200 necessary to remedy this defect, but so far has not been able to get any appropriation. Furthermore, there are various other parts of the heating plant which have not been completed, and about which Mr. Pflanz has reported to the Fiscal Court, though, so far, to no purpose.

The matter of heating and lighting the Circuit Clerk's office, which, after nearly two years of alternate labor and delay, is at last ready for occupancy, is still in doubt. There is some question between the Circuit Clerk and Jailer as to who shall pay for it. Nothing has been done to resolve this doubt, and in the meantime the Circuit Clerk's office is the most uncomfortable place in the city where public business is transacted.

Phil D. Thompson, County Clerk, has decided to pay the Jailer for heat and light, and not await a judicial determination of the dispute.

ANONYMOUS COMPLAINTS WILL GET NO ATTENTION.

Judge Lincoln Says Juvenile Court Has Had Enough of Such Communications.

Anonymous communications about complaints either real or imaginary are giving Judge Walter P. Lincoln and the other officials connected with the Juvenile Court a good deal of trouble just now. Judge Lincoln announced yesterday that his court would have nothing to do with any complaint made to the Juvenile Court which did not bear the name and address of the complainant.

"All of such letters are quickly consigned to the waste basket," he said. "I don't propose to demean the Juvenile Court by paying any attention to such communications. We have received not a few against the members of prominent families which bore no names and which in all probability were prompted alone by malice. The Juvenile Court is always glad to receive complaints really calling for investigation when they are properly made. No one making such a complaint need fear that he or she will be called on as a witness or become in any way known in the case except by their own free will. All complaints are treated in the strictest confidence."

Internal Revenue Collections.

The internal revenue collections yesterday were as follows: Lists, $4.95; beer, $10.70; whisky, $40,032.74; cigars, $...; tobacco, $9,580.46; special tax stamps, $...; cash stamps, $70; total, $50,-...

NO TRUE BILL

Found Against W. F. Pfaffinger By Grand Jury.

CHARGED WITH FRAUDULENTLY RAISING $15,750 ON NOTES.

LIVERING MURDER CASE EXPECTED TO GO OVER.

DIVORCED WIFE DEFENDANT.

The grand jury yesterday dismissed W. L. Pfaffinger, the meat dealer, who had been held over in the Police Court some weeks ago on the charge of obtaining money by false pretenses. Theodore Harris, president of the Louisville National Banking Company, charges him with having secured $15,750 from his institution by misrepresenting the condition of his finances. This is denied by Pfaffinger. Loraine Mix, Assistant Commonwealth's Attorney, who has had charge of the details of the case, stated yesterday that it would doubtless be resubmitted to the November grand jury.

The Commonwealth, in acting against the defendant, based its contentions on an affidavit made by Mr. Harris. In this statement he declared that, beginning on March 1, 1903, Mr. Pfaffinger effected these loans from his bank, and that in negotiating them he said that his total indebtedness was not more than $10,250, when as a matter of fact, it is alleged, he owed $34,500 on paper to other banks and $25,000 to his mother. It is averred he represented that his assets were about $59,000.

An indictment charging dwelling-house burning was returned by the grand jury against Charles Miller and Charles Duerr. They are said to have ignited the gasoline which escaped from a leaky tank on the Thirty-first street railroad tracks on June 14. An explosion followed that damaged several houses in the neighborhood and injured a number of persons.

Other indictments returned were as follows:

Malicious Cutting—Guy Davis.

Housebreaking—Lawrence French and Alford Whallen.

Harry McLaughlin, charged with criminal assault; George Mays and Thomas Pryor, charged with setting up and running a game of chance, and Sallie Mixall, charged with grand larceny, were dismissed.

Livering Case May Go Over.

The case of Charles Livering, charged with having murdered his wife by contriving to give her arsenic poison, will be called for trial in the Criminal Court this morning, but will in all probability be passed because Willis & Todd, the defendant's attorneys, of Shelbyville, will find it difficult to be present. They are being detained because the Shelby Circuit Court is now in session. The Commonwealth will agree to the continuance on account of the enforced absence of former Congressman George Gilbert, who has been retained to assist the prosecution by the family of Mrs. Livering.

Two Wills Probated.

The following wills were probated in the County Court yesterday:

That of Frederick Goetz, dated October 10, 1907, in which he gives his estate to his brothers and sisters in Germany. Peter Holzey, a friend, is named executor without bond.

That of Mathias Frick, dated October 26, 1906, in which he gives his son, John Frick, $5 and the remainder of his estate to his widow, Elizabeth K. Frick, who is made executrix without bond.

Sues Former Wife.

Charles W. Reimers brought suit for $1,000 against Minnie D. Reimers as the result of alimony arrangements made between them when they were divorced in July, 1906. He is said to have made over to Mrs. Reimers his florist business, for which the plaintiff agreed to pay him $7,500. It is now set forth that she only paid him $6,500 and gave him her two unpaid notes for the balance. He seeks judgment against her for their payment.

Court Paragraphs.

—William Jones sued Mary J. Jones for divorce on the charge of improper conduct.

—Joseph Meyers, tried on the charge of robbery, was sent to the penitentiary for five years.

—J. J. Hardin sued the Citizens' Life Insurance Company for $465, said to be due for services.

—George Culvert pleaded guilty to grand larceny and was sent to the penitentiary for three years.

—Thomas Miles sued Frances Miles for divorce, alleging improper conduct. They were married June 1, 1904.

—Tom Cochran, alias Tidwell, charged with mule stealing, pleaded guilty and was given two years in the penitentiary.

—A hung jury resulted in Judge Field's court in the case of James Greene against I. Cohen for $62, said to be due on mortgaged personal property.

—Augusta Young sued the Louisville Lighting Company for $1,000 as damages, charging that she was run down by a delivery wagon of the defendant.

—In the case of M. J. Manning against the Louisville Bridge Company for $5,000 as damages a jury in Judge Gordon's court decided for the defendant. A vehicle in which Manning was driving was struck by an engine.

Court of Appeals Decisions.

Louis Hall vs. Mineral Development Company.—Filed September 27, 1907. (Not to be reported.) Appeal from Letcher Circuit Court. Opinion of Commissioner Clay, affirming.

Land—Action to Quiet Title—Intervening Petition—Claiming Elder Patent—Failure to Answer—Judgment on Pleadings.—In an action by plaintiff to quiet title to his land in which an intervening petition was filed which was made an answer and counter claim against the plaintiff, alleging that the claimant owned the entire boundary of the land described in the petition under certain patents granted by the Commonwealth, and that the plaintiff's title thereto was held under a junior patent, and asking that his title to the land be quieted, no answer thereto having been filed by the plaintiff, the intervening petitioner was entitled to a judgment upon the pleadings alone.

J. J. Johnson, James Sowards, Hager & Stewart, for appellant; D. D. Fields, S. B. Dishman, Dishman & Dishman, for appellee.

Commonwealth vs. George P. Huber.—Filed September 19, 1907. (To be reported.) Appeal from Campbell Circuit Court. Opinion by Chief Justice O'Rear, overruling motion to dismiss appeal.

Criminal Law — Misdemeanor — Trial — Conviction—New Trial—Appeal by Commonwealth.—The ammendment of 1904 to Section 352 of Criminal Code, which as amended reads as follows: "A judgment on a verdict of acquittal of an offense, the punishment of which is imprisonment, shall not be reversed; but in such cases an appeal may be taken by the Commonwealth as provided in Section 337 of this Code, when it is important to the correct and uniform administration of the Criminal Law." Where a defendant was indicated, tried and convicted of suffering a nuisance on his premises, and the lower court set aside the verdict and granted the defendant a new trial, the Commonwealth is entitled to an appeal, which may be prosecuted even before a final judgment in the case, on the ground that it is such a case "where it is important to the correct and uniform administration of the Criminal Law."

N. B. Hays, Attorney General; C. H. Morris, J. S. Morris, for appellant; C. L. Raison, Jr., for appellee.

Augustus H. Clark vs. C. L. Raison, Jr., for use, etc.—Filed September 25, 1907. (To be reported.) Appeal from Campbell Circuit Court. Opinion by Judge Barker, reversing.

First—Warning Order—Failure to Give Name of Defendant—Validity.—In an action against Augustus H. Clark and his wife, Emma J. Clark, who were non-residents of this State, a warning order that "the defendant, Augustus H. Clark & Co., are warned to appear in this court within sixty days after the making of this order, and answer petition, and Fred Bassman is appointed to correspond with and defend for said non-resident defendants," is void as to the defendant, Emma J. Clark, whose name does not appear in the warning order.

Second—Pleading Judgment in Bar.—A judgment can only be pleaded as a bar to a claim which is antagonistic to it.

Third—Assignment of Judgment—Claim of Judgment Creditor—Plea as Set Off.—A claim of a judgment creditor which arose before the assignment of the judgment, if valid, constitutes a lawful set-off against the judgment even in the hands of the assignee, under the provisions of the subsection 2 of Section 96 of the Civil Code of Practice.

Hodge & Wolff, for appellant; C. L. Raison, Jr., for appellee.

Board of Councilmen of the City of Frankfort vs. Jerre Brislan.—Filed September 25, 1907.—(To be reported.) Appeal from Franklin Circuit Court. Opinion by Judge Carroll, reversing.

First—Street Improvements—Third-class Cities—Territory Laid Off Into Blocks.—Section 3449, Kentucky Statutes, part of the chapter of third-class cities providing for the improvement of the streets thereof, does not mean that no improvements can be made except in territory laid off into blocks and square, but only that no improvement shall be made for a distance less than a block.

Second—Blocks — Definition — Length—Question of Fact.—In the absence of a statutory definition of what constitutes a block, its length is a question of fact to be determined from the evidence as any other disputed question.

Third—Equitable Action—When Standing for Trial—Admitting Averments of Answer.—Under Section 366, Civil Code, providing that the plaintiff in an equitable action is entitled to a trial at the first term after the summons has been served on all the defendants as provided in Section 102, if no issue of fact be made by the pleadings or if the plaintiff consent that the statements of the answer may be taken as true, the averments of an answer will not be taken as true unless the plaintiff consents in terms that they shall be so taken, and a motion of the plaintiff to submit the case for trial does not have this effect.

William Cromwell for appellant; T. L. Edelen for appellee.

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DEMOCRATIC SPEAKINGS

Judge S. W. Hager and the Hon. A. O. Stanley.

Owensboro, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m.
Calhoun, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m.
Morganfield, Thursday, Oct. 17, 1 p. m.
Marion, Friday, Oct. 18, 1 p. m.
Princeton, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m.

Judge S. W. Hager.

Bardwell, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.
Wickliffe, Tuesday, Oct. 22, 1 p. m.
Clinton, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1 p. m.
Fulton, Thursday, Oct. 24, 1 p. m.
Hickman, Thursday, Oct. 24, 7:30 p. m.
Mayfield, Friday, Oct. 25, 1 p. m.
La Center, Saturday, Oct. 26, 1 p. m.
Murray, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m.
Benton, Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1 p. m.
Smithland, Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1 p. m.
Eddyville, Thursday, Oct. 31, 1 p. m.
Cadiz, Friday, Nov. 1, 1 p. m.
Hopkinsville, Saturday, Nov. 2, 1 p. m.
Ashland, Monday, Nov. 4, 1 p. m.

Gov. J. C. W. Beckham.

Flemingsburg, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m.
Carlisle, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m.
Morehead, Friday, Oct. 18, 1 p. m.
Grayson, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m.
Mt. Sterling, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.
Winchester, Monday, Oct. 21, 7:30 p. m.
Lancaster, Tuesday, Oct. 22, 1 p. m.
Danville, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1 p. m.
Versailles, Thursday, Oct. 24, 1 p. m.
Munfordville, Saturday, Oct. 26, 1 p. m.
Brownsville, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m.
Elkton, Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1 p. m.
Cadiz, Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1 p. m.
Princeton, Thursday, Oct. 31, 1 p. m.
Greenville, Friday, Nov. 1, 1 p. m.
Central City, Friday, Nov. 1, 7:30 p. m.
Lewisport, Saturday, Nov. 2, 1 p. m.
Bardstown, Monday, Nov. 4, 1 p. m.

The Hon. Ruby Laffoon.

Brandenburg, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m.
West Point, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m.
Kuttawa, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m.
Wickliffe, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.
Luzerne, Tuesday, Oct. 22, 7:30 p. m.
Livermore, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1 p. m.
Island, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 7:30 p. m.
Sacramento, Thursday, Oct. 24, 1 p. m.
Beechgrove, Thursday, Oct. 24, 7:30 p. m.
West Louisville, Friday, Oct. 25, 1 p. m.
Whitesville, Friday, Oct. 25, 7:30 p. m.
Stanley, Saturday, Oct. 26, 1 p. m.
Owensboro, Saturday, Oct. 26, 7:30 p. m.
Henderson, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m.
Baskett, Monday, Oct. 28, 7:30 p. m.
Hawesville, Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1 p. m.
Lewisport, Tuesday, Oct. 29, 7:30 p. m.
Robards, Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1 p. m.
Smiths Mills, Wednesday, Oct. 30, 7:30 p. m.
Uniontown, Thursday, Oct. 31, 1 p. m.
DeKoven, Thursday, Oct. 31, 7:30 p. m.
Slaughtersville, Friday, Nov. 1, 1 p. m.
Sebree, Friday, Nov. 1, 7:30 p. m.
Crofton, Saturday, Nov. 2, 1 p. m.
Hopkinsville, Saturday, Nov. 2, 7:30 p. m.
Madisonville, Monday, Nov. 4, 7:30 p. m.

The Hon. A. O. Stanley.

Glasgow, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.
Campbellsville, Tuesday, Oct. 22, 1 p. m.
Harrodsburg, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1 p. m.
Nicholasville, Thursday, Oct. 24, 1 p. m.
Flemingsburg, Friday, Oct. 25, 1 p. m.
Maysville, Saturday, Oct. 26, 1 p. m.
Versailles, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m.
Lawrenceburg, Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1 p. m.
Hodgenville, Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1 p. m.
Lebanon, Thursday, Oct. 31, 1 p. m.
Springfield, Friday, Nov. 1, 1 p. m.
Shepherdsville, Saturday, Nov. 2, 1 p. m.
Henderson, Monday, Nov. 4, 1 p. m.

The Hon. Ollie M. James.

Danville, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.
Lancaster, Tuesday, Oct. 22, 1 p. m.
Butler, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1 p. m.
Cynthiana, Thursday, Oct. 24, 1 p. m.
Frankfort, Saturday, Oct. 26, 1 p. m.
Owenton, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m.
Mt. Sterling, Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1 p. m.
Richmond, Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1 p. m.

The Hon. J. W. Newman.

Nicholasville, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m.

Prof. M. O. Winfrey and Zeb A. Stewart.

Corbin, Saturday, Oct. 26.

The Hon. Everett Jennings.

Lewistown, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 7:30 p. m.
Cobb, Thursday, Oct. 24, 7:30 p. m.
Princeton, Friday, Oct. 25, 7:30 p. m.

Capt. W. J. Stone.

Columbia, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m.
Edmonton, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m.
Glasgow, Thursday, Oct. 17, 1 p. m.
Horse Cave, Friday, Oct. 18, 1 p. m.
Franklin, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m.
Bardstown, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.

The Hon. John K. Hendrick.

South Carrollton, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m.
Beaver Dam, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m.
Fordsville, Thursday, Oct. 17, 1 p. m.
Vine Grove, Friday, Oct. 18, 1 p. m.
Eminence, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m.
Richmond, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.
Walton, Tuesday, Oct. 22, 1 p. m.
Williamstown, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1 p. m.
Falmouth, Thursday, Oct. 24, 1 p. m.
Stamping Ground, Friday, Oct. 25, 1 p. m.
Bowling Green, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m.
Horse Cave, Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1 p. m.
Adairville, Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1 p. m.
Auburn, Thursday, Oct. 31, 1 p. m.
Trenton, Friday, Nov. 1, 1 p. m.
Franklin, Saturday, Nov. 2, 1 p. m.
Smithland, Monday, Nov. 4, 1 p. m.

The Hon. Edgar Hager and the Hon. Hubert Vreeland.

Paintsville, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m.
Salyersville, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m.
Prestonsburg, Thursday, Oct. 17, 1 p. m.
Hindman, Friday, October 18, 1 p. m.

The Hon. G. W. Peak, C. B. Terrill and Eugene Moseley.

Abbott's Store, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 7:30 p. m.

The Hon. H. C. Duffy.

Kentontown, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m.

The Hon. G. Allison Holland.

Louisa, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.

The Hon. Ben Lee Hardin.

Elizabethtown, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.

The Hon. Ben Johnson.

Cloverport, Thursday, Oct. 17, 1 p. m.

The Hon. Charles Carroll and the Hon. Charles Sanford.

Bedford, Saturday, October 19, 1 p. m.
Milton, Saturday, Oct. 19, 7:30 p. m.
Lawrenceburg, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.

The Hon. Harry McChesney.

Compton, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m.
Hazel Green, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m.
West Liberty, Thursday, Oct. 17, 1 p. m.
Caney, Friday, Oct. 18, 7:30 p. m.
Hindman, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.
Jackson, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m.

The Hon. T. H. Paynter.

Mt. Olivet, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.

The Hon. George B. Saufley.

Jamestown, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.

The Hon. William P. Thorne and the Hon. W. O. Jackson.

Bedford, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1 p. m.
Milton, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 7:30 p. m.

W. C. Newman and Eugene Moseley.

Carmel Schoolhouse, Friday, Oct. 18, 1 p. m.

Congressman J. Thomas Heflin, of Alabama.

Henderson, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m.
Owensboro, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.
Versailles, Tuesday, Oct. 22, 7:30 p. m.
Jackson, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1 p. m.
Cynthiana, Thursday, Oct. 24, 1 p. m.
Franklin, Friday, Oct. 25, 1 p. m.
Glasgow, Saturday, Oct. 26, 1 p. m.

The Hon. J. Morgan Chinn.

Warsaw, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.
Leitchfield, Saturday, Oct. 26, 1 p. m.

The Hon. Wm. P. Kimball.

Georgetown, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.

The Hon. William P. Thorne.

Dixon, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.

The Hon. George V. Wilson and the Hon. W. H. Gray.

Powderly, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 7 p. m.
Luzerne, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 7 p. m.
Cleaton, Thursday, Oct. 17, 7 p. m.
Drakesboro, Friday, Oct. 18, 7 p. m.
Central City, Saturday, Oct. 19, 7 p. m.

The Hon. Edgar B. Hager.

Owingsville, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.
Cynthiana, Tuesday, Oct. 22, 1 p. m.
Carlisle, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1 p. m.
Flemingsburg, Thursday, Oct. 24, 1 p. m.
Augusta, Friday, Oct. 25, 1 p. m.
Maysville, Saturday, Oct. 26, 1 p. m.

The Hon. R. B. Franklin.

Winchester, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m.

The Hon. Ben Johnson.

Buffalo, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m.
Cloverport, Thursday, Oct. 17, 7:30 p. m.
Flarety, Friday, Oct. 18, 1 p. m.
Paynesville, Saturday, Oct. 19 1 p. m.
Nicholasville, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.

The Hon. H. V. McChesney and the Hon. J. Morgan Chinn.

Springfield, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m.

The Hon. John K. Hendrick and the Hon. J. Morgan Chinn.

Leitchfield, Saturday, Oct. 26, 1 p. m.
Harrodsburg, Monday, Nov. 4, 1 p. m.

The Hon. E. B. Hager.

Grayson, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m.

The Hon. T. H. Paynter.

Flemingsburg, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m.

The Hon. W. P. Kimball.

Lancaster, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m.

The Hon. Ben Lee Hardin.

Hodgenville, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m.

The Hon. J. T. Hanberry.

Eddyville, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m.

The Hon. G. Allison Holland.

Mt. Vernon, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m.

The Hon. Charles A. Wilson.

Mt. Washington, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m.
Somerset, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.
Lagrange, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m.

The Hon. R. Y. Thomas.

Franklin, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.
Auburn, Tuesday, Oct. 22, 7:30 p. m.
Adairville, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 7:30 p. m.
Dawson, Tuesday, Oct. 24, 2 p. m.
Clay, Friday, Oct. 25, 7:30 p. m.
Dixon, Saturday, Oct. 26, 1 p. m.
Glasgow, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m.
Russellville, Monday, Nov. 4, 1 p. m.

The Hon. Edgar B. Hager.

Catlettsburg, Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1 p. m.
Ashland, Wednesday, Oct. 30, 7 p. m.
Oakview, Friday, Nov. 1, 7 p. m.
Pollard, Saturday, Nov. 2, 7 p. m.

The Hon. John L. Grayot.

Farmington, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m.
Dixon, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.

The Hon. R. H. Elliston.

Warsaw, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.
Napoleon, Monday, Oct. 21, 7:30 p. m.
Elliston, Tuesday, Oct. 22, 1 p. m.
Carrollton, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1 p. m.
Ghent, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 7:30 p. m.
Petersburg, Thursday, Oct. 24, 7:30 p. m.
Union, Friday, Oct. 25, 1 p. m.
Walton, Friday, Oct. 25, 7:30 p. m.
Milton, Monday, Oct. 28, 7:30 p. m.

Senator James B. McCreary.

Winchester, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m.
Nicholasville, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.

Senator James B. McCreary and the Hon. J. A. Sullivan.

Lancaster, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m.

Judge E. C. Walker and the Hon. F. M. Hutcheson, Jr.

Corydon, Saturday, Oct. 19, 7:30 p. m.
Smith's Mills, Saturday, Oct. 26, 7:30 p. m.
Reeds, Saturday, Nov. 2, 7:30 p. m.

CRIMINAL OR CIVIL?

DECISION DETERMINES COURSE OF CASE IN FEDERAL COURT.

Suits Brought Against L. and N. About Twenty-eight-Hour Law To Be Tried This Term.

Among the interesting cases that will be tried in this term of the United States Court which convened yesterday morning will be several against the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, charged with the violation of the twenty-eight-hour law, which prohibits the keeping of cattle and other stock in transit on cars for a period longer than twenty-eight hours without giving them the proper attention and necessary provender. The suits were brought against the railroad company by George Du Relle, United States District Attorney, and ask that a penalty of $500 be paid for each offense.

Benjamin Warfield, attorney for the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, appeared in court and contended that his client be permitted to plead not guilty to the charge, as in an ordinary criminal case. Judge Du Relle said that the cases were of a civil nature and under the Federal statutes such an action was not permissible. Judge Evans took the matter under advisement and will likely give a decision in regard to the matter in a day or two.

Officials say that this term of court will be very light both as to criminal and civil actions. The grand and petit juries will be impaneled to-day and then court will proceed with the regular routine business. George W. Long, United States Marshal, and his force of deputies have been busy for the last two weeks getting ready for court.

ACROSTIC IN MEMORY OF MRS. SUSAN M. WARNER.

In memory of Mrs. Susan M. Warner, who died last Friday morning, Mrs. Albert H. Smith, who was formerly Miss Fannie Lloyd, has composed the following verses, using the letters in Mrs. Warner's name as the first in each line:

Sleeping in the arms of Jesus,
Underneath a starry crown;
Singing praises sweet and joyous,
Angels claim her for their own—
Now she's on the "Great White Throne."

Morning dawns, all bright and glorious.

Weeping mourners, dry your tears;
Angels hover 'round your loved one,
Releasing her from all life's care.
Now her God is sweetly saying,
Enter in, thy hands are folded;
Rest thee, for thy labor's done.

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Nernst Lamps produce twice as much illumination for the same money.

Guaranteed as to cost of operating.

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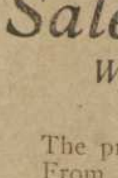
COFFEE 3 lbs. MOCHA and JAVA $1.00

Roasted Daily.



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$16 Per 100 Bushels

One shovelful will cook a meal and do it in half the time of any other coal—try one load.

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$2.00 CINCINNATI AND RETURN B. & O. S-W. SUNDAY, OCT. 20. Last Excursion This Season. Leave 7th-st. Depot 7:15 A. M. City Office Fourth and Market

Low Rates North and West VIA MONON ROUTE September and October

LOUISVILLE TO

Billings, Mont.	$27 55
Helena, Mont.	32 55
Spokane, Wash.	34 55
Portland, Ore.	37 05
Denver, Col.	26 90
San Francisco, Cal.	37 05

PERMANENT RATE $6 To Chicago $6

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Retail Merchants' Association. HERMAN STRAUS & SONS Co. FOURTH AVENUE INCORPORATED MARKET STREET. Railroad Fares Refunded.

Come to the Art Goods Opening

Every lover of Art Needlework should see this opening display of Art Goods that is causing so much favorable comment. If you are one of the many who are clever with the embroidering needle, you will get many suggestions from the abundance of pretty things shown here.

There are many finished pieces specially priced that will appeal to those who are thinking of Christmas now.

This special will be of interest to every woman that embroiders; 127 dozen 12-inch Stamped Doilies, that sell usually for 15c each; an endless variety of patterns to select from; to-day, each.......5c

New Rufflings—A large assortment of every combination of colors, 4½ yards long; the regular 50c kind; special.......29c

A Pillow bargain; ready-to-work, black art denim ground, tinted in pretty yellow design, top and back; special.......25c

Cord and tassel to match.......25c

A good assortment of 27-inch Centerpieces, on dark colored art denim; special.......25c

Sale of Knit Underwear in Full Swing

We Offer Manufacturers' Odd Lots of Women's and Children's Underwear at Big Savings from the Usual Prices.

The present cold snap emphasizes the timeliness of this Underwear Sale.

From Underwear mills we have obtained their odd lots of Fall and Winter Underwear. We bought it at a big price concession and are selling it at a THIRD TO A HALF BELOW REGULAR PRICES.

Don't fail to profit by this sale, as prices will not be as low again this season.

D. H. BALDWIN & CO. Manufacturers of Fine Pianos.

The "Baldwin," "Hamilton," "Ellington," "Howard"

And other well-known makes

Constituting a product that has received the highest honors at home and abroad.

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St. Louis B. & O. S-W. Best Way. 3 FAST DAILY TRAINS From 7th-street Station. FREE CHAIR CAR ON NIGHT TRAIN. City Office 4th and Market.

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Overflowing with new and beautiful goods. Just received a lot of exquisite English Sheffield Plate.

Your inspection invited.

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Prompt Service. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

C. B. Thompson, 632 FOURTH AVE.

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Thru Sleeper To ST. LOUIS. Local Sleeper To EVANSVILLE. Leave Union Station 9 p. m. City Ticket Office Fourth and Main

SUPPLIES FOR MILLS, MINES, FACTORIES.

Steam and Hot Water Heating Apparatus. Hand and Power Pumps. Steam Pumps. Engine and Boiler Trimmings. Pipe, Valves and Fittings. Hose, Belting and Packing. Tools and Metals. General line Brass and Iron Goods for water, gas and steam work.

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Will be correctly furnished with respect to the FURNITURE. It will not necessarily be an expensive home, because our splendid assortment begins with most inexpensive patterns, yet every one artistic and stylish. Of course, from these pieces, our assortment grades up, in splendid variety to the most exquisite COLONIAL REPRODUCTIONS. See this array before making your fall purchases.

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This is the last week we will have on hand for inspection and demonstration the 1908 Model

ROYAL TOURIST 45 Horse-power 7 Passengers.

One of the handsomest and most commodious and luxurious cars on the market.

Price, $4,000 f. o. b. factory, fully equipped.

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Send for illustrated list of used cars at very low prices.

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